V. SACHDEVA & ASSOCIATES

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

302, Vikram Tower, 16, Rajeridra Place, New Delhi - 110 008 Ph.: 011-41538360, 25735114, 25730325 M.: 9811047718 E-mail: vsa@vsachdeva.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of NEOLITE ZKW LIGHTINGS PRIVATE LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

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We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Neolite ZKW Lightings Private Limited (hereinafter referred as "the Company"), which comprise the Balance sheet as at 31st March 2025, the Statement of Profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), Statement of changes in equity and Statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information. (hereinafter referred to as "the financial statements")

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March 2025, the profit and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAl's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other matters

Without qualifying our opinion on the financial statements, we draw attention to the following matter. As stated in Note 56 to the financial statements, the Company did not appoint an internal auditor for the financial year ended 31 March 2024, as required by Section 138 of the Companies Act, 2013. The Company has since rectified this non-compliance by appointing an internal auditor for the current financial year. Our report on the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (CARO) for the year ended 31 March 2024 has been qualified on this matter.



Reporting on Key Audit Matters as per SA 701

Reporting on Key audit matters are not applicable to the Company as it is an unlisted Company.

Information other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon ("Other Information") The Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises various information requires under Section 134(3) of the Companies Act 2013 but does not include the financial statements and our Auditor's Report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs, profit/loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to



fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3) (i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order,2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure-A", a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. A. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a. we have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b. in our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books.

- c. the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and Cash Flow Statement and dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d. In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act
- e. On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2025, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2025, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B" and
- B. With respect to the other matters included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - 1. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations as at 31st March 2025 on its financial position in its financial statements Refer Note 32 to the Ind AS financial statements;
 - 2. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
 - 3. The clause for transferring amounts to the Investor Education and Protection Fund is not applicable to the Company.
 - 4. a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries:
 - c) Based on such audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
 - 5. The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year.



- 6. Based on our examination, which included test checks, the Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended 31st March 2025 which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software except that Audit trail feature is not enabled for application's underlying database and for certain changes made using privileged/administrative access rights, as described in note 52 to the financial statements. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with in respect of the accounting software. The audit trail has been preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.
- C. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, in our opinion and according to the information & explanation given to us, the limit prescribed by section 197 for maximum permissible managerial remuneration is not applicable to as private limited company.

For V. Sachdeva and Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration Number -004417N

PLACE: NEW DELHI

DATED: 29 September 2025

(V. Sachdev)
Proprietor

Membership No.:-083435

UDIN No.: 25083435BMJAKI6129

V. SACHDEVA & ASSOCIATES

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

302, Vikram Tower, 16, Rajendra Place, New Delhi - 110 008 Ph.: 011-41538360, 25735114, 25730325 M.: 9811047718

E-mail: vsa@vsachdeva.com

ANNEXURE-A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and given by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we report that:

- 1. a) (i) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
 - (ii) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of Intangible assets.
 - b) The company has a planned programme for physically verifying all Property, Plant and Equipment once in three years which in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size and nature of assets. During the year, the fixed assets have been physically verified by the management in accordance with the programme and no material discrepancies were identified on such verification.
 - c) The title deeds of all the immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in the financial statements are held in the name of the Company.
 - d) The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year.
 - e) No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.
- 2. a) The inventories have been physically verified by the management at regular intervals during the year. In our opinion, the coverage and procedure of such verification is appropriate. Discrepancies of 10% or more in aggregate for each class of inventory were not noticed on physical verification of the inventory as compared to the book of accounts.
 - b) The Company has been sanctioned a working capital limit in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks on the basis of security of current assets. In our opinion, the quarterly returns or statements, filed by the Company with such banks are in agreement with the books of account of the Company except as follows:

| For the quarter ended | Nature of the current asset | As per books of accounts (amount in INR lacs) | Amount as per quarterly return & statements (amount in INR lacs) | Discrepancies* (amount In INR lacs) |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|---|--|-------------------------------------|
| Jun-24 | Trade payables | 6 553.52 | 6 585.67 | 32.15 |
| Jun-24 | Inventories | 4 676.06 | 4,676.06 | - |
| Jun-24 | Trade receivables | 8.120.41 | 8 102.42 | (17.99) |
| Sep-24 | Trade payables | 6.325.49 | 6.339.68 | 14.19 |
| Sep-24 | Inventories | 6 194.31 | 6 194.74 | 0.43 |
| Sep-24 | Trade receivables | 8 201.38 | 8 184.37 | (17.01) |
| Dec-24 | Trade payables | 6 425.88 | 6,478.25 | 52.37 |
| Dec-24 | Inventories | 6,303.51 | 6,305.27 | 1.76 |



| Dec-24 | Trade receivables | 7,832.78 | 7,847.76 | 14.98 |
|--------|-------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| Mar-25 | Trade payables | 5,211.80 | 5 884.95 | 673.15 |
| Mar-25 | Inventories | 6,118.52 | 5,880.18 | (238.34) |
| Mar-25 | Trade receivables | 9.892.84 | 9 727.17 | (165.67) |

*these differences are mainly due to prior reporting to banks before quarterly closure of books.

a) The Company has not made investments, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loan or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liability partnership during the year. However, the Company has granted loans to its employees during the year. The requisite information in relation to loan to its employees is stated in table below.

| Particulars | Loan amount Rs in lacs |
|--|------------------------|
| - Aggregate amount of loans given to employees during the year | 1 317.28 |
| - Balance outstanding of loans given to employees as at balance sheet date | 85.41 |

- b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures conducted by us, in our opinion the terms and conditions of the loans granted of employees during the year are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the interest of the Company.
- c) In the case of loans given, in our opinion the repayment of principal has been stipulated and the repayments or receipts have been regular. Further, the Company has not given any advance in the nature of loan to any party during the year.
- d) There is no overdue amount for more than ninety days in respect of loans given. Further, the Company has not given any advances in the nature of loan to any party during the year.
- e) There is no loan or advance in the nature of loan granted falling due during the year, which has been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the overdues of existing loans given to same parties.
- f) The Company has not granted any loans or advance in the nature of loan either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment.
- 4. The Company during the year has not granted any loans to directors etc. nor it has given any loans or guarantees or provided any security in connection with a loan to any person or any other body corporate and also has not made any investments. Therefore, the requirement to report under clause (iv) of para 3 of the order are not applicable to the Company.
- 5. The Company has neither accepted any deposits from the public nor accepted any amounts which are deemed to be deposits within the meaning of sections 73 to 76 of the Companies Act and the rules made thereunder, to the extent applicable. Therefore, the clause (v) of para 3 of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- 6. We have broadly reviewed the books of account maintained by the Company pursuant to the rules made by the Central Government for the maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, and are of the opinion that prima facie, the specified accounts and records have been made and maintained. However, no detailed examination of the same has been carried out by us.
- a) The company is generally regular in depositing with appropriate authorities all undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, service tax, Goods and Service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it.

Except for the undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund amounting to Rs 2.31 lacs and Income tax (in the nature of tax deducted at source) amounting to Rs 14.51 lacs, no other undisputed amounts are payable in respect of provident fund, employees' state insurance, income



tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues as at the year end for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable. The details of the undisputed dues of provident fund and tax deducted at source are given in the table below.

| S. No. | Name of Statute | Nature of Due | Period to which it Pertains | Amount in Rs lacs | Date of payment |
|-----------|---|--|-----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| 1 | Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952 | Employer and Employee's contribution to EPF | FY 2024- 25 | 0.86 | Not yet paid |
| 2 | Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952 | Employer and Employee's contribution to EPF | FY 2023- 24 | 0.52 | Not yet paid |
| 3 | Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952 | Employer and Employee's contribution to EPF | Prior years | 0.93 | Not yet paid |
| | | | Total | 2.31 | |

Note:- The above mentioned amount of provident fund is outstanding on accounting pending KYC compliances of the employees.

| S. No. | Name of Statute | Nature of Due | Period to which it Pertains | Amount in Rs lacs | Date of payment |
|-----------|----------------------------|---|-----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| 1 | Income Tax Act, 1961 | Outstanding Tax deducted at Source (TDS) Demand | FY 2024-25 | 0.10 | Not yet paid |
| 2 | Income Tax Act, 1961 | Outstanding Tax deducted at Source (TDS) Demand | FY 2023-24 | 3.43 | Not yet paid |
| 3 | Income Tax Act, 1961 | Outstanding Tax deducted at Source (TDS) Demand | FY 2022-23 | 0.07 | Not yet paid |
| 4 | Income Tax Act, 1961 | Outstanding Tax deducted at Source (TDS) Demand | FY 2007-08 to 2021-22 | 10.91 | Not yet paid |
| | | | Total | 14.51 | |

Note:- The above mentioned TDS demand is outstanding pending reconciliations of credit for certain challans not been given by the department and other procedural matters. The same is not provided for in the books of accounts.

b) According to the records of the Company, no disputed amount is outstanding on account of income tax, sales-tax, wealth tax, service tax, Goods and Service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise and cess.

8. The Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transaction, previously unrecorded in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year. Accordingly, the requirement to report on Clause 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

- 9. On the basis of verification of records, on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company and according to the information and explanations given to us,
 - a) The Company has not defaulted in repayment of dues to a financial institution or banks.
 - b) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender:
 - c) The term loans have been used for the objects for which they were obtained.
 - d) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, funds raised on short-term basis have, prima facie, not been used during the year for long-term purposes by the Company.
 - e) On overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken funds from any entities and persons on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries or associates.
 - f) The Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries or associate companies. Hence, the requirement to report on clause (ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- 10. a) The company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year.
 - b) the company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year.
- a) Based on examination of the books and records of the Company and according to the information and explanations given to us, considering the principles of materiality outlined in Standards on Auditing, we report that no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of the audit.
 - b) During the year, no report under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 has been filed by us in Form ADT 4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
 - c) As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- 12. The Company is not a nidhi company and hence reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- 13. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act wherever applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the Ind AS financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- 14. (a). The company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business;
 - (b). We have considered, the internal audit reports for the year under audit, issued to the Company during the year and till date.
- 15. The Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with its directors, hence requirement to report on clause 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- 16. The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting under clause (xvi)(a), (b), (c) and (d) of the Order are not applicable.

- 17. The company has not incurred cash losses in the current financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year.
- 18. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year and accordingly requirement to report on Clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- On the basis of the financial ratios disclosed in note 48 to the financial statement, ageing and 19. expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- 20. The Company has fully spent the required amount towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) and there are no unspent CSR amount for the year requiring a transfer to a Fund specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act or special account in compliance with the provision of sub-section (6) of section 135 of the said Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause (xx) of the Order is not applicable for the year.

For V. Sachdeva and Associates **Chartered Accountants** Firm Registration Number -004417N

> (V. Sachdev) Proprietor

Membership No.:-083435

UDIN No.: 25083435BMJAKI6129

PLACE: NEW DELHI

DATED: 29 September 2025

V. SACHDEVA & ASSOCIATES

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

302, Vikram Tower, 16, Rajendra Place, New Delhi - 110 008 Ph.: 011-41538360, 25735114, 25730325 M.: 9811047718 E-mail vsa@vsachdeva.com

ANNEXURE "B" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE IND AS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF NEOLITE ZKW LIGHTINGS PRIVATE LIMITED

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

Opinion

- 1. We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Neolite ZKW Lightings Private Limited ("the Company") as of 31st March 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.
- 2. In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls were operating effectively as at 31st March 2025, based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "Guidance Note").

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

3. The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting Issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

- 4. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both Issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
- 5. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.
- 6. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.



Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

7. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Ind AS financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Ind AS financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Ind AS financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

8. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

For V. Sachdeva and Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration Number -004417N

Chartered

(V. Sachdev) Proprietor

Membership No.:-083435 UDIN No.: 25083435BMJAKI6129

PLACE: NEW DELHI

DATED: 29 September 2025

NEOLITE ZKW LIGHTINGS PRIVATE LIMITED (CIN No. U74899DL1992PTC050702) BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2025

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, except share data and per share data, and unless otherwise stated)

| Particulars | Note | As at 31 March 2025 | As at 31 March 2024 | As at 01 April 2023 |
|---|------|------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|
| Assets | | | | VI 141111 100 |
| Non-current assets | | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 2 | 15,857.38 | 13,171.26 | 11,505.34 |
| Capital work-in-progress | 2 | 344.93 | 100.88 | - |
| Right-of-use assets | 3 | 535.16 | 500.97 | 310.89 |
| Intangible assets | 4 | 38.10 | 45.45 | 84.37 |
| Financial Assets | | | | |
| (i) Investments | 5 | - | 0.44 | 0.34 |
| (ii) Loans | 7 | 21.59 | 17.59 | 26.70 |
| (iii) Other financial assets | 8 | 228,60 | 146.71 | 160.44 |
| Other non-current assets | 9 | 587,23 | 970.50 | 164.04 |
| Total non-current assets | | 17 612,99 | 14 953.81 | 12 52.11 |
| Current assets | | | | |
| Inventories | 10 | 6,118,52 | 4,196.10 | 4,405.19 |
| Financial Assets | | -,,- | 7,150.10 | 7,700.20 |
| (1) lavestments | 5 | 532.20 | | _ |
| (ii) Trade receivables | 6 | 9,892.84 | 8,525.38 | 9,684.84 |
| (iii) Cash and cash equivalents | ii. | 2,905.46 | 3,948,89 | 2.819.30 |
| (iv) Bank balances other than (iii) above | l la | 909.97 | 11.05 | 2,619,30 |
| (v) Loans | 7 | 63.82 | 70.00 | 500.55 |
| (vi) Other financial assets | 8 | | | |
| Other current assets | 9 | 185.07 | 319.89 | 202.00 |
| Total current assets | , , | 3 533.85 | 2 384.32 | 1,569.74 |
| | | 24,141.73 | 19 455.63 | 19 181.77 |
| Total assets | | 41.754.72 | 34,409.44 | 31,433,88 |
| Equity and Liabilities | | | | |
| Equity | | | | |
| Equity share capital | 12 | 1,179,75 | 1,179.75 | 1,179.75 |
| Instruments entirely equity in nature (CCPS) | 12 | 176.47 | 176.47 | 176.47 |
| Other equity | 13 | 16,834.51 | 11,616.57 | 9,712.52 |
| Total equity | | 18 190.73 | 12,972,79 | 11,068.74 |
| Liubilities | | | | |
| Non-current liabilities | | | | |
| Financial Liabilities | | | | |
| (i) Burrowings | 14 | 5,067.65 | 6 224 10 | 6 161 60 |
| (ii) Lense liabilities | 15 | 274.48 | 5,234.10 | 5,153,69 |
| Provisions | 18 | | 369.57 | 169.07 |
| Deferred tax liabilities (net) | 19 | 461.97 | 324.12 | 286.00 |
| Total non-current lis bilities | 19 | 595.02 6.399.12 | 623.92 6.51.71 | 598.53 6,207,29 |
| | | 377.12 | U-51.71 | 5,207,29 |
| Current liabilities Financial Liabilities | | | | |
| (i) Borrowings | 20 | 1.600.10 | 4.09.4.40 | C 100 07 |
| (ii) Lense linbilities | 20 | 4,628,47 | 4,034.48 | 6,125.83 |
| | 15 | 189.70 | 147.81 | 153.79 |
| (iii) Trade payables | | | | |
| -Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises | 16 | 1,046.66 | 434.39 | - |
| -Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises | 16 | 4,165.14 | 6,305.91 | 6,628,91 |
| (iv) Other financial liabilities | 17 | 1,190.97 | 817.54 | 641.85 |
| Provisions | 18 | 205.64 | 114.36 | 137.08 |
| Other current liabilities | 21 | 5,443.82 | 2,949.55 | 440.18 |
| Current tax liabilities (net) | 22 | 294.46 | 80.92 | 30.21 |
| Total Current liabilities | - 2 | 17 164.86 | 14,884,95 | 14 157.86 |
| Total liabilities | 12 | 23 563.98 | 21 436,65 | 20.165.14 |
| Total equity and liabilities | 1 | 41.754.72 | 34,409,44 | 31,433,88 |
| • • | | | - Intimet | o i Proprido |
| grificant accounting policies and notes to financial Statements. | 1-58 | | | |

Significant accounting policies and notes to financial Statements. The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date for V Sachdeva & Associates

Chartered Accountants Irm Registration Number: 004417N

wachdev

Chartered

prietor

(Membership No. 083435) UDIN- 25083435BMJAK16129

Pluce: New Delbi Date: 29 September 2025 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Halesh Jain Managing Director DIN: 01481291

3: 01481291 DIN: 01481

Arun Kumar Jain Chief Financial Officer Vaishali Jain Director DIN: 01481308

Brajesh Kumar Tiwary Company Secretary

NEOLITE ZKW LIGHTINGS PRIVATE LIMITED (CIN No. U74899DL1992PTC050702) STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, except share data and per share data, and unless otherwise stated)

| Particulars | Note | For the year ended 31 March 2025 | For the year ended 31 March 2024 |
|---|------|-------------------------------------|---|
| INCOME | | | |
| Revenue from operations | 23 | 51,207.50 | 40,298.75 |
| Other income | 24 | 171.51 | 58.88 |
| TOTAL INCOME | | 51_179.01 | 40,357.63 |
| EXPENSES | | | |
| Cost of raw materials and components consumed | 25 | 23,727.88 | 21,391.15 |
| Purchase of stock in trade | 26 | 3,692.56 | 429.99 |
| Change in inventory of finished goods, work in progress and stock in trade | 27 | (1,394.93) | 266.65 |
| Employee benefits expense | 28 | 7,284.69 | 6,106.22 |
| Finance costs | 29 | 751.53 | 927.07 |
| Depreciation and amotization expenses | 30 | 1,839.19 | 1,548.30 |
| Other expenses | 31 | 8,251.42 | 7,056.78 |
| FOTAL EXPENSES | | 44 152.33 | 37,726.18 |
| Profit before tux | | 7,226.68 | 2,631,45 |
| Tax expense: | | | *************************************** |
| Current tax | 34 | 1,972.69 | 701.11 |
| Deferred tax liability/(assets) | 34 | (28.90) | 25.39 |
| Short/(excess) tax provision for earlier years | 34 | 0.48 | 0.47) |
| , | | 1,944.27 | 726.03 |
| Profit after tax for the year from continuing operations | | 5,282.41 | 1,905.43 |
| Other comprchensive income/(loss): Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to statement of profit and loss: | | | |
| Defined benefit plan remeasurements | | (87.16) | (1.87) |
| Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss | | 22.69 | 0.50 |
| | | (64.47) | (1.37) |
| Items that will be reclassified subsequently to the statement of profit and loss | | - | - |
| Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax) | | (64.47) | (1.37) |
| Total comprehensive income for the year (net of tax) | | 5.217.94 | 1,904.05 |
| Basic carnings per equity share (Nominal value Rs 100 per share) | 39 | 447.76 | 161.51 |
| Diluted earnings per equity share (Nominal value Rs 100 per share) | 39 | 389.50 | 140.50 |
| gnificant accounting policies and notes to financial Statements. ne accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements. | 1-58 | | |

As per our report of even date for V Sachdeva & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Arm existration Number: 00417N

V.Suchates

um ership No. 083435) UDIN- 25083435BMJAK16129

Place: New Delhi Date: 29 September 2025 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Majesh Jain Managing Director

DIN: 01 | 1 291

Arun Kumar Jain Chief Financial Officer Vaishali Jain Director DIN: 01481308

Brajesh Kumar Tiwary Company Secretary

NEOLITE ZKW LIGHTINGS PRIVATE LIMITED (CIN No. U74899DL1992PTC050702) C H FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025 (All amounts in Rs. lacs, except share data and per share data, and unless otherwise stated)

| Particulars | For the year ended 31 March 2025 | For the year ended 31 March 2024 |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Cash flows from operating activities | # DD (/ D | 2 (2) 4 |
| Profit before tax | 7,226.68 | 2,631.45 |
| Adjustments for: | 1.020.10 | 1.640.00 |
| Depreciation and amotization expenses | 1,839.19 | 1,548.30 |
| Unrealised foreign exchange loss | 112.57 | 74.21 |
| Impairment allowance for doubtful debts | 40.53 | 83.35 |
| Provision for warranties | 50.25 | - (0.54 |
| Loss/(profit) on disposal of property, plant and equipments | 2.51 | (0.74 |
| Finance costs | 751.53 | 927.07 |
| Interest income | (130.44) | (36.56 |
| Bad debts written off | 39.73 | 0.00 |
| Gain on derecognition of right of use assets and lease liabilities on account | (4.07) | (9.80 |
| of termination and modification of leases | | |
| Net gain on fair valuation of investments carried at fair value through profit & loss | (31.75) | y(0.10 |
| Operating profit before working capital changes | 9,896.73 | 5,217.24 |
| Adjustment for changes in working capital: | | |
| (Increase)/dccrease in loans (non-current) | (4.00) | 9.11 |
| (Increase)/decrease in other financial assets (non-current) | (23.98) | 13.73 |
| (Increase)/decrease in inventories | (1,922.42) | 209.09 |
| (Increase)/decrease in trade receivables | (1,470.49) | 1,076.05 |
| Decrease in loans (current) | 6.18 | 430.5 |
| (Increase) in other current assets | (1,149.52) | (814.58 |
| Decrease/(increase) in other financial assets (current) | 163.36 | (118.64 |
| Increase in provisions (non-current) | 50.69 | 36.2 |
| (Decrease)/increase in trade payables | (1,542.98) | 78.0 |
| (Decrease)/increase in other financial liabilities (current) | (218.81) | 279.0 |
| Increase/(decrease) in provisions (current) | 41.03 | (22.72 |
| Increase in other current liabilities | 2,494.27 | 2,509.30 |
| Cash generated from operating activities | 6,320.05 | 8,902.49 |
| Tax paid | (1,743.19) | (649.43 |
| Net cash generated from operating activities | 4,576.86 | 8,253.06 |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | |
| Payments for purchase of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, capital work | (3,595.34) | (4,043.81 |
| in progress and adjustment for capital advances | | • |
| Initial direct cost on leases capitalized under right-of-use assets | (103.71) | (6.25 |
| Proceed from sale of property, plant and equipment | 21.24 | 77.1 |
| Fixed deposits made with banks with original maturity of more than three months but less than twelve months | (898.92) | (10.91 |
| Fixed deposits made with banks with original maturity of more than twelve months | (54.36) | - |
| Investment in mutual funds-quoted | (500.00) | - |
| Interest received | 105.21 | 37.3 |
| Net cash (used) in investing activities | (5,025.89) | (3,946.47 |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | |
| Proceeds from long-term borrowings (net) | 189.59 | 512.3 |
| Proceeds/repayment of short-term borrowings (net) | 162.63 | (2,564.13 |
| Payment of lease liabilities (including interest) | (216.96) | (226.70 |
| Finance costs | 729.66 | (898.5 |
| Net cash (used) in financing activities | (594.40) | (3,177.00 |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | (1,043.43) | 1,129.5 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year | 3,948.89 | 2,819.3 |
| Oran mitt offsit offsit significant as polyments of the Jew | | |



| Components of cash and cash equivalents | | |
|--|----------|----------|
| B; ces with banks in current account | 805.28 | 1,721.44 |
| Casar on hand | 10.35 | 7.43 |
| Margin money deposit with original maturity of less than three months | 79.60 | 120.02 |
| Fixed deposits with banks with original maturity of less than three months | 2,010.23 | 2,100.00 |
| Total cash and cash equivalents | 2,905.46 | 3,948.89 |
| | | |

Note: 1. The above Statement of cash flows has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in Ind AS 7, 'Statement of Cash Flows'.

Note: 2. Previous year figures have been regrouped/reclassified wherever necessary to corresponds with the current year's classifications/disclosures.

Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

| Particulars | As at 01 April 2024 | Cashflows | Non cash changes | As at 31 March 2025 | |
|---|------------------------|-----------|---------------------|------------------------|--|
| Non current borrowings (including current maturities of Long Term Borrowings) (refer note 14) | 6,952.64 | 189.59 | 75.33 | 7,217.56 | |
| Current borrowings (refer note 20) | 2,315.94 | 162.63 | - | 2,478.56 | |
| Lease liabilities (refer note 15) | 517.38 | (216.96) | 163.76 | 464.18 | |
| Total liabilities from financing activities | 9,785.95 | 135.26 | 239.09 | 10,160.30 | |

Note: Non-cash movement includes exchange fluctuation on foreign currency loans and finance charges on lease along with additions and deletions made during the year.

| Particulars | As at Cashflows 01 April 2023 | | Non cash changes | As at 31 March 2024 | |
|---|-------------------------------|------------|---------------------|------------------------|--|
| Non current borrowings (including current maturities of Long Term Borrowings) (refer note 14) | 6,399.45 | 512.36 | 40.83 | 6,952.64 | |
| Current borrowings (refer note 20) | 4,880.07 | (2,564.13) | - | 2,315.94 | |
| Lease liabilities (refer note 15) | 322.85 | (226.70) | 421.22 | 517.38 | |
| Total liabilities from financing activities | 11,602.37 | (2,278.47) | 462.05 | 9,785.95 | |

Note: Non-cash movement includes exchange fluctuation on foreign currency loans and finance charges on lease along with additions and deletions made during the year.

As per our report of even date for V Sachdeva & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Regional Comber 004417N

V.Suchiri

Proprietor Compellor (Membership 0. 083435)

UDIN-25083435BMJAKI6129

Place: New Delhi

Date: 29 September 2025

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Rajesh Jain Managing Prector

DIN: 01481291

Arun Kumar Jain

Chief Financial Officer

Brajesh Kumar Tiwary

Company Secretary

aishali Jain

DIN: 01481308

Director

NEOLITE ZKW LIGHTINGS PRIVATE LIMITED (CIN No. U74899DL1992PTC050702) ATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, except share data and per share data, and unless otherwise stated)

A Equity share capital

| Particulars | Note no. | Number | Amount |
|---|----------|-----------|----------|
| Equity Shares of Rs 100/- each issued, subscribed and fully pai | d | | |
| Balance as at 01 April 2023 | | 1,179,748 | 1,179.75 |
| Changes in equity share capital during the year | | - | 2 |
| Balance as at 31 March 2024 | | 1,179,748 | 1,179.75 |
| Changes in equity share capital during the year | | - | |
| Balance as at 31 March 2025 | 12 | 1,179,748 | 1,179.75 |

B Instruments entirely equity in nature (Compulsory Convertible Non-Cumulative Preference Shares)

| Particulars | Note no. | Number | Amount |
|--|----------|---------|--------|
| Compulsory Convertible Non-Cumulative Preference Shares | | | |
| (CCPS) of Rs 100/-cach issued, subscribed and fully paid | | | |
| Balance as at 01 April 2023 | | 176,470 | 176.47 |
| Changes during the year | | - | |
| Balance as at 31 March 2024 | | 176,470 | 176.47 |
| Changes during the year | | - | - |
| Balance as at 31 March 2025 | 12 | 176,470 | 176.47 |

C Other equity

| Particulars | Note no. | Securities premium | Retained earnings | Total |
|---|----------|-----------------------|-------------------|-----------|
| Balance as at 01 April 2023 as per previous GAAP | | 4,216.79 | 5,513.19 | 9,729.98 |
| Add:- Ind AS adjustment effect of fair valuation of investments | | - | 0.24 | 0.24 |
| Add:- Ind AS adjustment effect (ROU Asset and ROU Liability) | | - | (17.38) | (17.38) |
| Add:- Ind AS adjustment effect (financial assets) | | - | (0.32) | (0.32) |
| Balance as at 01 April 2023 as per Ind AS | | 4,216.79 | 5,495.74 | 9,712.52 |
| Profit for the year | | - | 1,905.43 | 1,905.43 |
| Other comprehensive (loss)/income for the year | | - | (1.37) | (1.37) |
| Balance as at 31 March 2024 | | 4,216.79 | 7,399.79 | 11,616.57 |
| Profit for the year | - | • | 5,282.41 | 5,282.41 |
| Other comprehensive (loss)/income for the year | | - | (64.47) | (64.47) |
| Balance as at 31 March 2025 | 13 | 4,216.79 | 12,617.73 | 16,834,51 |

Significant accounting policies and notes to financial Statements. 1-58
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date for V Sachdeva & Associates

Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration Number: 00

V.Sachdev 7

Proprietor

Sembership No. (183415)

UDIN- 25083435BMJAKI6129

Place: New Delhi Date: 29 September 2025 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Rajesh Jain Managing Director DIN: 0148129

Arun Kumar Jain Chief Financial Officer Vaishali Jain Director DIN: 01481308

Brajesh Kumar Tiwary Company Secretary

nificant accounting policies and other explanatory notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

1. Corporate Information

Neolite Zkw Lightings Private Limited ("The Company") is a private limited company domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. The address of its registered office is N-13, 2nd Floor South Extension Part-I, South Delhi, Delhi, India, 110049. The Company is primarily enagaged in the business of supplying, manufacturing and exporting of auto components, mainly automotive lighting systems for four wheeler applications. The company's has manufacturing facilities at Bahadurgarh & Gurgaon.

Basis of Preparation, Material Accounting Policies and Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgement.

(A) Statement of Compliance

The financial statement has been prepared as a going concern in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act) read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other relevant provision of the Act, as amended from time to time.

These financial statements were approved by the Company's Board of Directors on 29 September 2025,

All amounts have been rounded off to the nearest lacs unless otherwise indicated.

(B) Accounting Convention

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost convention on accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair value at end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies mentioned below. The accounting policies have been applied consistently over all the periods presented in these financial statements.

(C) Use of Estimates and Judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgements, estimates, and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amount of assets, liabilities, income, expenses and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of these financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses for the years presented. Actual results may differ from the estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed at each balance sheet date. Revision to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in which future periods are also affected.

Material Estimates and Judements

The Areas involving critical estimates or judgement are:-

- (i) Defined Benefits Obligation refer note 43
- (ii) Estimation of useful life of property plant and equipment (PPE)
- (iii) Estimation and evaluation of provisions and contingencies
- (iv) Recognition of deferred tax assets and provision for income tax refer note 19 and note 34
- (v) Measurement of lease liabilities and right-of-use assets refer note 35
- (vi) Fair value measurement of financial instruments refer note 44

Recent Accounting Developments

Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA), notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. With effect from 01 April 2024 MCA has notified amendments to Ind AS 116 – Leases, relating to sale and leaseback transactions. The Company has reviewed the new pronouncements and based on its evaluation has determined that it does not have any significant impact in its financial statements.

On May 9, 2025, MCA notified the amendments to Ind AS 21 - Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates. These amendments aim to provide clearer guidance on assessing currency exchangeability and estimating exchange rates when currencies are not readily exchangeable. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 01 April 2025.

(D) Current-Non Current Classification

All assets and liabilities are classified into current and non-current.

Assets

An asset is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

(a) it is expected to be realised in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the Company's normal operating cycle:

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- (b) it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- (c) it is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting date; or;

(d) it is cash or cash equivalent when the restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for a least 12 months after the reporting date



Liabilities

ability is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- (a) it is expected to be settled in the Company's normal operating cycle;
- (b) it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- (c) it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting date; or;
- (d) the company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current. The deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current.

Operating Cycle

Based on the nature of products/activities of the Company and the normal time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has determined its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current and non current classification of assets and liabilities

(E) Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes, are stated in the balance sheet at cost less accumulated depreciation. Cost includes items directly attributable to the construction or acquisition of the items of property, plant and equipment. Cost of acquisition is inclusive of freight, duties, taxes, and other incidental expenses. Freehold land is measured at cost and is not depreciated.

The cost of Property, Plant and Equipment as at 01 April 2023, the Company's date of transition to Ind AS, was determined with reference to its carrying value recognised as per the previous GAAP (deemed cost) as at the date of transition to Ind AS.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the items will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The cost for day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss as and when incurred.

The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method on a pro-rata basis from the date in which each asset is put to use to allocate their cost, net of their residual values, over their useful life generally in accordance with that provided in the Schedule II to the Act. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows.

| Assets | Estimated useful lives | Useful lives as per schedule II |
|--------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Factory Building | 30 years | 30 years |
| Plant and Machinery | 3-15 years | 15 years |
| Furniture and Fixture | 10) ears | 10 years |
| Motor Vehicles | 8-10 years | 8-10 ears |
| Office Equipment | 3-5 years | 5 y ears |
| Electrical Installations | 10 years | 10 years |
| Computer Equipment | 3 years | 3 years |

Based on internal assessment of useful lives, the management believes that its estimate of useful lives as given above best represent the period over which management expects to use these assets.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in statement of profit and loss.

Capital Work-in-Progress

Capital work-in-progress comprises the cost of property, plant and equipment that are not yet ready for their intended use at the balance sheet date & expenditure during construction period pending allocation. It also includes property, plant and equipment's in transit that are not yet received for their intended use at the balance sheet date. Depreciation is not charged on capital work in progress until construction and installation are complete and asset ready for its intended use.

Capital Advances

Advances given towards acquisition of property, plant and equipment outstanding at each Balance Sheet date are disclosed as Other Non-Current Assets.

F Intan ible Assets

Intangible Assets Acquired Separately

Intangible assets including computer software and technical know how with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation. Amortization is recognised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. Computer software and technical know how is amortized on the period of 3 and 5 period of 3 an

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The cost of Intangible as at 01 April 2023, the Company's date of transstion to Ind AS, was determined with reference to its carrying value gnised as per the previous GAAP (deemed cost) as at the date of transition to Ind AS.

Intangible Assets under Development

Intangible assets under development comprises the cost of intangible assets that are not yet ready for their intended use at the balance sheet date.

Amortization is not charged on intangible assets under development.

(G) Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value measured on initial recognition of financial asset or financial liability.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid financial instruments, which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value and having original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase, to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents includes balances with banks which are unrestricted for withdrawal and usage.

Financial assets:- Initial Recognition and Measurement

All financial assets are recognized initially at fair value, plus transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset,

Financial Assets at Amortised Cost

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income

Financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI) if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest income and foreign exchange gain and losses which are recognised in profit and loss.

Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss

Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) unless it is measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income on initial recognition. The transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of assets and liabilities at fair value through profit and loss are immediately recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Trade Receivables

Trade receivables are initially recognised at transaction price as they do not contain to a significant financing component. This implies that the effective interest rate for these receivables is zero. Subsequently, the company applies lifetime expected credit loss model for measurement of trade receivables.

Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified and measured at amortised cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading, on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognised in profit or loss. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognised in profit or loss.

Other financial liabilities: These are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is a contract that evidences residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Company recognises equity instruments at proceeds received net off direct issue cost.

Reclassification of Financial Assets

The Company determines classification of financial assets and liabilities on initial recognition. After initial recognition, no reclassification is made for financial assets which are equity instruments and financial liabilities. For financial assets which are debt instruments, a reclassification is made only if there is a change in the business model for managing those assets. Changes to the business model are expected to be infrequent. The Company's senior management determines change in the business model as a result of external or internal changes which are significant to the company's operations. Such changes are evident to external parties. A change in the business model occurs when a company either begins or ceases to perform an activity that is significant to its operations. If the Company reclassifies financial assets, it applies the reclassification prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of the immediately next reporting period following the change in business model. The Company does for estate any previously recognized gains, losses (including impairment gains and losses) or interest.

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Derecognition of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

Company derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expires or it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss

Financial liabilities are derecognised when these are extinguished, that is when the obligation is discharged, cancelled or has expired.

Impairment of Financial Assets

The Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are initially measured at fair value with subsequent measurement at amortized cost.

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance for trade receivables

The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognizes impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e., all cash shortfalls).

As a practical expedient, the Company uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on portfolio of its trade receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the trade receivables and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates. At every reporting date, the historically observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analyzed.

ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognized during the period is recognized as an expense in the statement of profit and loss.

Write-off of Financial Assets

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. The management considers internal and external information up to the date of approval of financial results including probability of credit impairment and economic forecast. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities under the Company's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. Any recoveries made are recognised in statement of profit and loss.

Offsetting of Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet if there is currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

(H) Measurement of Fair Values

The Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. The Company has an established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values. The Company regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments.

Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs)

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When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

(1) Inventories

- (i) Raw materials, components, stores and spares are valued at lower of cost or net realizable value. However, raw materials and other supplies held for use in the production of finished products are not written down below cost if the finished products in which they will be incorporated are expected to be sold at or above cost. In determining the cost, moving weighted average method is used.
- (ii) Semi-finished goods and finished goods are valued lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost includes direct materials and direct labour and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on normal operating capacity.
- (iii) Moulds, block & dies are valued at lower of cost or net realizable value. Manufactured moulds, block & dies include direct material, direct labour and a proportion of manufacturing overhead based on normal operating capacity.
- (iv) Inventories of non-reusable waste say scrap for which facilities for reprocessing do not exist have been valued at net realizable value.
- (v) Cost of inventories comprises all cost of purchase, cost of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.
- (vi) Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

- (vii) Goods in transit are stated as a component of inventories if the significant risk and rewards of ownership have passed to the company and red at actual cost incurred up to the date of Balance Sheet.
- (viii) The valuation of inventories of raw material & component, traded goods and stores & spares (including packaging material) has been done on the basis of moving weighted average method basis.

(J) Revenue from Contracts with Customers

Revenue towards satisfaction of a performance obligation is measured at the amount of transaction price (net of variable consideration) allocated to that performance obligation. The transaction price of goods sold and services rendered is net of variable consideration on account of various discounts and scheme offered by the Company as part of the contract. Transaction price is the amount of consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third party. Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of goods and service tax (GST).

Sale of Goods

Revenue arising from the sale of goods (including moulds) is recognized when the customer obtains control of the promised goods, i.e. either at the delivery or dispatch of goods (based on the agreed terms of sale with the respective customers), which is the point in time when the customer has the ability to direct the use of the goods and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits of the goods. The Company has generally concluded that it is the principal in its revenue arrangements, because it typically controls the goods before transferring them to the customer.

Revenue from development of tools and sale of service

Revenue from sale of services is recognized in accordance with the terms of contract when the services are rendered and the related costs are incurred.

The Company renders the services of customised design and development of tooling for its customers and recognises its revenue over time using an input method to measure progress.

It recognises revenue from services of customised design and development of tools over time if it can reasonably measure its progress towards complete satisfaction of the performance obligation.

Where the Company cannot reasonably measure the outcome of a performance obligation, but it expects to recover the costs incurred in satisfying the performance obligation, it recognises revenue only to the extent of the costs incurred until such time that it can reasonably measure the outcome of the performance obligation.

Revenue on time-and-material and unit of work-based contracts, are recognized as the related services are performed. Revenue from fixed-price, fixed-timeframe contracts, where the performance obligations are satisfied over time is recognized using the percentage-of-completion method.

The revenue on such contracts for the period, from the date of last invoicing until the report date is recognised as unbilled revenue. Efforts or costs expended are used to determine progress towards completion as there is a direct relationship between input and productivity. Progress towards completion is measured as the ratio of costs or efforts incurred to date (representing work performed) to the estimated total costs or efforts. Estimates of transaction price and total costs or efforts are continuously monitored over the term of the contracts and are recognized in net profit in the period when these estimates change or when the estimates are revised. Revenues and the estimated total costs or efforts are subject to revision as the contract progresses. Provisions for estimated losses, if any, on uncompleted contracts are recorded in the period in which such losses become probable based on the estimated efforts or costs to complete the contract.

Warranty obligation

The Company generally provides for warranties for general repair of defects that existed at the time of sale. These warranties are assurancetype warranties under Ind AS 37 (Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets).

Contract balances

i) Contract assets

Contract assets is right to consideration in exchange for goods or services transferred to the customer and performance obligation satisfied. If the Company performs by transferring goods or services to a customer before the customer pays consideration or before payment is due, a contract asset is recognized for the earned consideration that is conditional. Upon completion of the attached condition and acceptance by the customer, the amounts recognized as contract assets is reclassified to trade receivables upon invoicing. A receivables represents the Company's right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional. Contract assets are subject to impairment assessment.

ii) Trade receivables

A receivable is recognized if an amount of consideration that is unconditional (i.e., only the passage of time is required before payment of the consideration is due). Refer to accounting policies of financial assets in section "financial instruments - initial recognition and subsequent measurement".

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iii) Contract liabilities

Intract liability is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Company has received consideration (or an amount or consideration is due) from the customer or has raised the invoice in advance. If a customer pays consideration before the Company transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognized when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liabilities are recognized as revenue when the Company performs under the contract (i.e., transfers control of the related goods or services to the customer).

Dividend and Interest Income

Dividend income from investments is recognized when the right to receive the dividend is established, which is generally when shareholders approve the dividend.

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on, time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

(K) Government Grants, Subsidies and Export Incentives

- (i) Where the grant or subsidy relates to an asset, it is recognized by deducting the grant in arriving at the carrying amount of asset. However, when the grant or subsidy relates to an expenses item, it is recognised as income. Grants and subsidies from the government are recognized when there is reasonable assurance that the grant/subsidy will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with.
- (ii) Export incentives are accounted for in the year of exports based on eligibility and when there is no uncertainty in receiving the same.

(L) Foreign Currency Transactions

Functional and Presentation Currency

The functional currency of the Company is Indian rupee (INR).

Transactions and Balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of transaction

Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities such as cash, receivables, payables, etc., are translated at year end exchange rates.

Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currency such as investments, property plant and equipment, inventories etc., are valued at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of transaction.

Exchange differences arising on settlement of transactions and translation of monetary items are recognised as income or expense in the year in which they arise.

(M) Employee Benefits

Short Term Employee Benefits:

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short term employee benefits and they are recognized in the period in which the employee renders the related service. These benefits include salaries and wages, bonus etc. The Company recognizes the undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for services rendered as a liability (accrued expense) after deducting any amount already paid.

Post Employment Benefits:

Provident Fund & Employee State Insurance

Retirement Benefits in the form of Provident Fund and ESI schemes are a defined contribution plans as the Company does not carry any further obligations, apart from the contributions made on a monthly basis and the contributions are charged to Statement of Profit & Loss of the year when the contributions to the respective funds are due.

Earned Leave

Leave encashment is applicable to all permanent and full time employees of the company and is provided for on the basis of actuarial valuation made at the end of each financial year using Projected Unit Credit Method. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using interest rates of government bonds. Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the statement of profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Past-service costs are recognised immediately in statement of profit or loss.

Gratuity

The Company provides for gratuity, a defined benefit plan (the "Gratuity Plan") covering eligible employees in accordance with the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The Gratuity Plan provides a tump sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death, incapacitation or termination of employment, of an amount based on the respective employee's salary and the tenure of employment.

The liability or asset recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit gratuity plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. The Company's liability is actuarially determined (using the Projected Unit Credit method) at the end of each year. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using interest rates of government bonds. Remeasurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are charged or credited to equity in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise. They are included in retail at earnings in the statement of changes in equity and in the balance sheet. Past-service costs are recognised immediately in statement of profit or los

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(N) Provisions. Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

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A provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past event, and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which reliable estimate can be made.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and the risk specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expenses.

Product Warranties

A provision for warranties is recognised when the underlying products or services are sold. The provision is based on historical warranty data and weighting of all possible outcomes by their associated probabilities. Provisions for warranties are adjusted regularly to take account of new circumstances and the impact of any changes recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Continuent Liabilities

Wherever there is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity or a present obligation that arises from past events but is not recognised because (a) it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; or (b) the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability. Show cause notices are not considered as Contingent Liabilities unless converted into demand.

Continuent Assets

Contingent asset is not recognised in the financial statements since this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realised. However, when the realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is not a contingent asset and is recognized.

(O) Taxation

Income Tax expense represent the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax

Current Income Tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit before tax as reported in the statement of profit and loss because of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Advance taxes and provisions for current income taxes are presented in the balance sheet after off-setting advance tax paid and income tax provision arising in the same tax jurisdiction and where the relevant tax paying unit intends to settle the asset and liability on a net basis.

Current income tax relating to items recognized outside profit or loss is recognized outside profit or loss in OCI. Current tax items are recognized in correlation to the underlying transaction in OCI.

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised using the balance sheet approach. Deferred Tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are offset when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the relevant entity intends and has ability to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Current and Deferred Tax For The Year

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to item that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

(P) Borrowing Cost

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for as intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes a charge difference and extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

(O) Impairment

Lets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

(R) Cash Flow Statement

The Cash Flow Statement is prepared by the indirect method set out in Ind AS-7 on Cash Flow Statements and presents cash flows by operating, investing and financing activities of the Company.

(S) Segment Reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Core Management Committee which includes the Managing Director who is the Chief Operating Decision Maker. The Core Management Committee examines performance both from product and a geographical perspective. The Company has identified two reportable business segments viz. Automotive (divided in two parts viz. Lamps, Signalling Equipment and Parts and Moulds, Dies etc including Design & development thereof) and Other Segment comprising Homelighting on the basis of the nature of products, the risk and return profile of individual business and the internal business reporting systems.

(T) Lease

The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. The Company applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Company recognizes lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-to-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

Right-to-use assets

The Company's lease assets primarily consist of leases for land and building. The Company assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether:

- (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset
- (ii) the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and
- (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognise a right-of-use asset ("ROU") and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases) and leases of low value assets. For these short term and leases of low value assets, the Company recognises the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

The right-of-use assets are initially recognised at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease plus any initial direct costs less any lease incentives. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Right-of-use assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and useful life of the underlying asset.

Lease liabilities

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates. The lease liability is subsequently remeasured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability, reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made.

A lease liability is remeasured upon the occurrence of certain events such as a change in the lease term or a change in an index or rate used to determine lease payments. The remeasurement normally also adjusts the leased assets.

Lease liability and ROU asset have been separately presented in the Balance Sheet and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows.

(U) Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Expenditure

CSR Expenditure incurred by the Company is charged to the statement of the profit and loss.

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(V) Earnings Per Share

The Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share ("EPS") is computed by dividing the profit after tax (loss) for the year by weighted average number of equity share outstanding during the year. For the purpose of calculating diluted earning per share, the net profit (loss) for the year attributable to equity share holder and the weighted average number of share outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effect of all dilutive potential equity share the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for events of bonus issue and share split, if any.

Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, except share data and per share data, and unless otherwise stated)

Note 2- Property, Plant and Equipment

| Particulars | Land | Buildings | Plant & Machine | Furniture & Fiztures | Vehicles | Office Equipment | Electrical Installation | Computers | Total |
|--------------------------|--------|-----------|--------------------|-------------------------|----------|---------------------|----------------------------|-----------|------------|
| Gross carrying amount | | | | | | | | | |
| As at 01 April 2023 | 969,17 | 3,282,59 | 16,039,46 | 525,48 | 773.67 | 385,38 | 605,20 | 346.36 | 22,927.30 |
| Additions | | - | 2,527.17 | 78.56 | 331.18 | 26.70 | 43.34 | 34.73 | 3,041,67 |
| Di osols/od ustments | | 11.04 | 96.33 | - | 6.52 | | | | 113.89 |
| As at 31 March 2024 | 969,17 | 3,271,55 | 18,470,30 | 60-1.0-1 | 1,998.33 | 412.08 | 648.53 | 381.08 | 25,855,08 |
| Additions | | 15 30 | 3,725 18 | 65.64 | 403.47 | 43.86 | 7.79 | 68.53 | 4,329,77 |
| Di osals/ad ustments | | | 21.60 | | 133 03 | - | | 0.03 | 154.66 |
| As at 31 March 2025 | 969.17 | 3,286.85 | 22,173,88 | 669.68 | 1, 68.78 | 455.94 | 656.33 | 449.58 | 30,03 0.19 |
| Accumulated depreciation | | | | | | | | | |
| As at 01 April 2023 | _ | 909.29 | 8,821.01 | 273.74 | 406.12 | 266.87 | 451.31 | 293,62 | 11,421.96 |
| For the year | | 104,99 | 966.52 | 36.10 | 108.38 | 38.05 | 20.25 | 25.02 | 1,299.31 |
| Di- osals/adjustments | | | 31.25 | - | 6.20 | | | | 37.45 |
| As at 31 March 2024 | | 1,014,28 | 9,756.28 | 309.84 | 508.31 | 304.92 | 471.56 | 318.64 | 12.643.82 |
| For the year | | 103.41 | 1,243.64 | 51.10 | 121.04 | 46.83 | 21,80 | 32,09 | 1,619.91 |
| Di osnis/ad ustments | | | 17,17 | | 113.72 | 9 | - 4 | 0.03 | 130.91 |
| As at 31 March 2025 | - 47 | 1,117.69 | 10,982,75 | 360.93 | 515.63 | 351.75 | 493.36 | 350.71 | 14,172.82 |
| Net care in amount | | | | | | | | | |
| As at 01 April 2023 | 969.17 | 2,373.30 | 7,218.45 | 251.74 | 367.55 | 118.51 | 153,89 | 52.74 | 11,595.34 |
| As at 31 March 2024 | 969.17 | 2.157.27 | 8,714.02 | 294.20 | 590.03 | 107.16 | 176.98 | 62.44 | 13, 171.26 |
| As at 31 March 2025 | 969,17 | 2 169,16 | 11,191,12 | 308.74 | 853.15 | 104,19 | 162.97 | 98.88 | 15.557.38 |

- (a) All property, plant and equipment has been pletiged as security by the Company with various banks for each credit facilities and term loans availed (refer note 14).

 (b) On transition to Ind AS (i.e 01 April 2023), the Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all property, plant and equipment measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as
- (d) Refer note 33 for contractual commitments pending for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment as at balance sheet date.

 (d) The Title deeds of the immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lesse agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee), as disclosed above are hald in the name of the Company.

Note II

Borrowing cost en italised

| Particulurs | For the year ended 31 March 2025 | For the year ended 31 Murch 2024 |
|--|--|--|
| Borrowing cost capitalised to qualifying assets with effective interest rate of 8.5% p.a | 9.40 | 4 08 |
| | 9.40 | 4,08 |

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|----------------|---|-----|--|
| and the second | | - 4 | |

| Particulars | For the year ended | For the year ended |
|------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| E. OL LOCATOR 1.3 | 31 March 2025 | 31 March 2024 |
| Opening balance | 100.88 | |
| Additions during the year | 344.93 | 100.88 |
| Utilizations during the lear | 100.88 | |
| Closing balance | 344.93 | 100.88 |

A n of Capital work-progress as at 31 March 2025

| Particulars | Amount in Capital work-in progress for a period of | | | | | | |
|--|--|-----------|----------|--------------------|--------|--|--|
| | <1seur | 1-2 years | 2-3 year | More than 3 ears | Total | | |
| Plant & machinery (Projects in progress) | 264,93 | | | | 264.93 | | |
| Electrical installation Projects in projects | 80.00 | | - | • | 80.00 | | |
| Total | 344.93 | | - | | 344.93 | | |

A ein of Ca Ital work in ro ress as at 31 March 2024

| Particulars | Amount in Capital work-in progress for a period of | | | | | | |
|--|---|------------|---------|------------------|--------|--|--|
| | <j enr<="" th=""><th>1-2 y euro</th><th>2-3 ear</th><th>More than 3 ears</th><th>Total</th></j> | 1-2 y euro | 2-3 ear | More than 3 ears | Total | | |
| Plant & machinery (Projects in series) | 100.88 | | | | 100,88 | | |
| Total | 100.88 | | - | | 100.88 | | |

Capital work-in-progress bulances as at the balance sheet dates are not over due/exceeding the cost compared to its original plan, hence disclosure pertaining to over due CWIP has not been provided.

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notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, except share data and per share data, and unless otherwise stated)

Note 3 - Right-of-use assets

The Company has taken various building premises under lease arrangements from landlords for carrying out business operations.

Information about leases for which the Company is a lessee is presented below.

| Particulars | Building |
|--------------------------|----------|
| Gross carrying amount | |
| As at 01 April 2023 | 545.40 |
| Additions | 455.59 |
| Disposals/adjustments | 111.38 |
| As at 31 March 2024 | 889.60 |
| Additions | 363.53 |
| Disposals/adjustments | 151.82 |
| As at 31 March 2025 | 1,101.31 |
| Accumulated depreciation | |
| As at 01 April 2023 | 234.51 |
| For the year | 209.95 |
| Disposals/adjustments | 55.83 |
| As at 31 March 2024 | 388.64 |
| For the year | 193.89 |
| Disposals/adjustments | 16.38 |
| As at 31 March 2025 | 566.15 |
| Net carrying amount | |
| As at 01 April 2023 | 310.89 |
| As at 31 March 2024 | 500.97 |
| As at 31 March 2025 | 535.16 |

Note

As at transition date (i.e 01 April 2023), the Company has applied modified retrospective approach and measured right of use (ROU) assets equal to lease liabilities. The ROU assets have been adjusted by the amount of prepaid lease rentals and the lease liabilities relating to the lease has been recognised in the balance sheet immediately before the date of transition to Ind AS.

The Company determines the lease-term considering factors such as the importance of the underlying asset to the Company's operations taking into account the location and size of the underlying building and the availability of suitable alternatives. The Company periodically assessess the lease arrangements which involves re-evaluating any options to extend or terminate the lease.

Leases with lease term less than 12 months where it applies the 'short-term lease' and 'lease of low-value assets' recognition exemptions for these leases has been excercised by the Company.

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Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, except share data and per share data, and unless otherwise stated)

Note-4 Intangible assets

| Particulars | Computer software | Technical knowhow | Total | |
|---|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--|
| Gross carrying amount | | | | |
| As at 01 April 2023 | 383.71 | 110.11 | 493.82 | |
| Additions | 0.13 | - | 0.13 | |
| Disposals/adjustments | - | - | _ | |
| As at 31 March 2024 | 383.84 | 110.11 | 493.95 | |
| Additions | 18.04 | - | 18.04 | |
| Disposals/adjustments | ės. | - | - | |
| As at 31 March 2025 | 401.88 | 110.11 | 511.99 | |
| Accumulated amortization As at 01 April 2023 For the year Disposals/adjustments | 332.72 20.57 | 76.73 18.48 | 409.45 39.05 | |
| As at 31 March 2024 | 353.29 | 95.21 | 448.50 | |
| For the year | 10.49 | 14.90 | 25.39 | |
| Disposals/adjustments | - | - | _ | |
| As at 31 March 2025 | 363.78 | 110.11 | 473.89 | |
| Net carrying amount | | | | |
| As at 01 April 2023 | 50.99 | 33.38 | 84.37 | |
| As at 31 March 2024 | 30.55 | 14.90 | 45.45 | |
| As at 31 March 2025 | 38.10 | 0.00 | 38.10 | |

Note

(a) On transition to Ind AS (i.e 01 April 2023), the Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all intangible assets measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as deemed cost of intangible assets.

(b) Intangible assets that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

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Note to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (All amounts in Rs. lacs, except share data and per share data, and unless otherwise stated)

| 5 Investments | As at 31 M | | | March 2024 | | April 2023 |
|---|-------------|---------------------------|--|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|
| Investment carried at fair value through Profit or Loss | Non-current | Current | Non-current | Current | Non-current | Current |
| Investment in mutual funds-quoted | | | | | | |
| SBI ESG Exclusionary Strategy Fund Regular Growth 213.858 units (31 March 2024: 213.858, 01 April 2023: 213.858) | - | 0.48 | 0.44 | | 0.34 | - |
| Aditya Birla Sun Life Money Manager Fund - Growth 36,749.4000 units (31 March 2024: Nil, 01 April 2023: Nil) | - | 133.43 | 8 | - | 880 | - |
| ICICI Prudential Money Market Fund - Growth 35,788.9660 units (31 March 2024: Nil, 01 April 2023: Nil) Nippon India Arbitrage Fund - Growth | • | 133.23 | 3 | des . | 625 | |
| 5,06,562.3380 units (31 March 2024: Nil, 01 April 2023: Nil) Tata Arbitrage Fund - Regular Plan - Growth | - | 132.42 | * | - | 2.53 | . = |
| 9,38,285.8560 units (31 March 2024: Nil, 01 April 2023: Nil) | - | 132.63 532.20 | 0.44 | - | 0.34 | |
| Aggregate book value of quoted investments | | 500.10 | 0.10 | | 0.10 | |
| Aggregate market value of quoted investments | | 532.20 | 0.44 | | 0.34 | |
| 5 Trade receivables (unsecured but considered good) | | As at | | As at | | As at |
| Considered good | | 31 March 2025 9,892.84 | | 31 March 2024 8,525.38 | | 01 April 2023 9,684.84 |
| Credit impaired | | 70.55 | | 144.04 | | 67.82 |
| Total | | 9,963.39 | | 8,669.41 | | 9,752.66 |
| Less:- Allowance for expected credit loss | - | (70.55) 9.892.84 | | (144.04) 8.525.38 | | 9,684.84 |
| For trade receivables ageing schedule refer to note 37. Information about the Company's exposure to credit and market risk Loans (unsecured but considered good) | | losses for trade r | | cluded in note 45. | | April 2023 |
| Particulars | Non-current | Current | Non-current | Current | Non-current | Current |
| Loan to employees | 21.59 | 63.82 | 17.59 | 70.00 | 26.70 | 500.55 |
| Local to employees | 21.59 | 63.82 | 17.59 | 70.00 | 26.70 | 500.55 |
| 8 Other financial assets (unsecured but considered good) | As at 31 N | Iarch 2025 | As at 31 | March 2024 | As at 01 | April 2023 |
| Particulars | Non-current | Current | Non-current | Current | Non-current | Current |
| Security deposit* | 174.24 | 35.68 | 146.71 | 38.93 | 160.44 | 6.80 |
| Export incentive receivables Interest accrued on deposits | - | 115.23 | | 274.75 3.20 | | 191.25 3.95 |
| Other advances | = | 9.27 | | 3.02 | | - |
| Margin money deposit with original maturity of more than one | 54.36 | | _ | - | | |
| year**. | 228.60 | 185.07 | 146.71 | 319.89 | 160.44 | 202.00 |
| Related parties | | | | | | |
| *Security deposits (refer note 41) | 11.58 | 34.80 | 8.00 | 34.80 | 39.63 | |
| **Margin money deposits with banks having carrying amount of R subject to first charge to secure the bank guarantees and buyers cred | | | March 2025 (3 | 1 March 2024: R | s Nil, 01 April | 2023: Rs Nil) are |
| 9 Other assets (unsecured but considered good) | As at 31 N | larch 2025 | As at 31 | March 2024 | As at 01 | April 2023 |
| Particulars | Non-current | Current | Non-current | Current | Non-current | Current |
| Capital advances* | 587.23 | | 970.50 | | 164.04 | |
| Advances other than capital advances** | - | 1,998.96 | - | 1,798.39 | | 1,236.31 |
| Prepaid expenses | - | 290.17 225.46 | - | 125.94 175.37 | - | 113.49 24.34 |
| GST refund receivable Balance with statutory authorities | | 1,019.26 | | 284.63 | | 195.60 |
| ZEIGHOO TILII BUGACON TURBINOTES | 587.23 | 3,533.85 | 970.50 | 2,384.32 | 164.04 | 1.569.74 |
| Related parties | | | 162.76 | | 20.21 | |
| *Capital advance (relex note 41) **Advances other than copital advances (refer note 41) | - | 0.23 | 152.76 | 852,86 | 39.71 | 694.99 |
| Machinal / | (| of a | a de la constantina della cons | Charage | | |
| J | | 1 | | Account | * | |

| As at 31 March 2025 | As at 31 March 2024 | As at 01 April 2023 |
|------------------------|---|--|
| WI WILLIEUS | 02 112H2 001 00 00 0 | |
| 2,504.94 | 1,957.11 | 1,965.77 |
| 399.90 | 352.57 | 485.39 |
| 676.71 | 438.44 | 340.58 |
| 1,583.74 | 1,135.55 | 1,364.11 |
| 142.63 | - | - |
| 297.31 | 55.85 | 59.00 |
| 27.03 | - | • |
| 250.04 | | • |
| 236.23 | 256.57 | 190.35 |
| 6.118.52 | 4,196.10 | 4.405.19 |
| As at | As at | As at |
| 31 March 2025 | 31 March 2024 | 01 April 2023 |
| 805.28 | 1,721.44 | 1,559.19 |
| 10.35 | 7.43 | 10.57 |
| 79.60 | 120.02 | 49.54 |
| 2 010.23 | 2.100.00 | 1,200.00 |
| 2 905.46 | 3,948.89 | 2.819.30 |
| | 2,504.94 399.90 676.71 1,583.74 142.63 297.31 27.03 250.04 236.23 6,118.52 As at 31 March 2025 805.28 10.35 79.60 2,010.23 | 31 March 2025 2,504.94 399.90 352.57 676.71 438.44 1,583.74 1,135.55 142.63 297.31 55.85 27.03 250.04 236.23 256.57 6,118.52 As at 31 March 2025 31 March 2024 805.28 1,721.44 10.35 79.60 120.02 2,010.23 2,100.00 |

* Margin money deposits with banks having carrying amount of Rs 79.60 lacs for the year ended 31 March 2025 (31 March 2024: Rs 120.02 lacs, 01 April 2023: Rs 49.54 lacs) are subject to first charge to secure the bank guarantees and buyers credit facilities sanctioned by the bank.

** The deposits maintained with banks comprises time deposits which can be withdrawn by the Company at any point without prior notice or penalty on the principal.

| 11a Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents | As at 31 March 2025 | As at 31 March 2024 | As at 01 April 2023 |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Margin money deposit with original maturity of more then three month but less than one year* | 6.97 | 11.05 | 0.14 |
| Fixed deposit with original maturity of more then three month but less than one year** | 903.00 | | - |
| | 909.97 | 11.05 | 0.14 |

*Margin money deposits with banks having carrying amount of Rs 6.97 lacs for the year ended 31 March 2025 (31 March 2024; Rs 11.05 lacs, 01 April 2023; Rs 0.14 lacs) are subject to first charge to secure the bank guarantees and buyers credit facilities sanctioned by the bank.

** The deposits maintained with banks comprises time deposits which can be withdrawn by the Company at any point without prior notice or penalty on the principal. The Company has fixed deposits with schedule banks amounting to Rs 903 lacs with original maturities beyond twelve months. However, the same are withdrawble on demand subject to prepayment penalty of 1% on interest. Based on the Company liquidity management policy and intended use, the said deposits have been classified as current assets under "Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents".

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to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(Air amounts in Rs. lacs, except share data and per share data, and unless otherwise stated)

| 12 Equity share capital and instruments entirely equity in nature | As at 31 March 2025 | As at 31 March 2024 | As at 01 April 2023 |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Authorized share capital | | | |
| 20,00,000 (previous year 20,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs 100/- each | 2,000.00 | 2,000.00 | 2,000.00 |
| 7,00,000 (previous year 7,00,000) Compulsory Convertible Non- | | | |
| Cumulative Preference Shares (CCPS) of Rs 100/- each | 700.00 | 700.00 | 700.00 |
| | 2,700.00 | 2,700.00 | 2,700.00 |
| Issued, subscribed & paid-up capital | | | |
| 11.79,748 (previous year 11.79,748) Equity Shares of Rs 100/- each fully paid up | 1,179.75 | 1,179.75 | 1,179.75 |
| 1,76,470 (previous year 1,76,470) Compulsory Convertible Non- | | | |
| Cumulative Preference Shares (CCPS) of ₹ 100/-each fully paid | 176.47 | 176.47 | 176.47 |
| | 1,356.22 | 1,356.22 | 1,356.22 |
| | | | |

A) Terms/rights attached to each class of shares

1. Equity Shares

- a) The company has only one class of shares referred to as equity shares having a par value of Rs 100/- each. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.
- b) In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts if any. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

2. Compulsory Convertible Non-Cumulative Preference Shares (CCPS)

- a) The Company has Compulsory Convertible Non-Cumulative Preference Shares (CCPS) having face value of Rs 100/- each.
- b) The CCPS carry a right to a preference dividend @0.1% per annum in relation to the paid-up capital.
- c) In the case of liquidation, the holder of the CCPS shall be entitled to a preferential right of return on the amount paid-up or deemed to have been paid-up. The remaining assets and funds of the company available for distribution to shareholders shall be distributed among the holders of CCPS and the balance among equity shareholders based on the number of share held by each of them.
- d) The CCPS shall be compulsory convertible into equity shares simultaneously on or after the sale of 26% shares held by ZKW Group GMBH in the Market or to Rajesh Jain & Associates or to any third party buyer.
- e) The conversion of CCPS into equity shares shall be made at price and ratio to be approved by the Board which, in any case, shall not be less than the ratio of one CCPS to one equity share.
- f) The CCPS have been classified as equity instruments as:
- There is no contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset
- The dividend obligation has been waived irrevocably
- Conversion is mandatory making the instrument legally equivalent to an equity instrument
- Number of equity shares to be issued on conversion is fixed

B) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% equity shares in the Company

| | As at 31 March 2025 | | As at 31 March 2024 | | As at 01 April 2023 | | |
|---|---------------------|--------|---------------------|--------|---------------------|--------|--|
| Name of the Shareholder | No of | | No of No of | | No of | | |
| | shares held | % held | shares held | % held | shares held | % held | |
| Rajesh Jain | 793,012 | 67.22% | 793,012 | 67.22% | 793,012 | 67.22% | |
| ZKW Group GMBH | 306,735 | 26.00% | 306,735 | 26.00% | 306,735 | 26.00% | |
| Pramod Plastic Industries Private Limited | 80,001 | 6.78% | 80,001 | 6.78% | 80,001 | 6.78% | |

The Shareholding represents the legal ownership of the shareholder

C) Details of shareholder holding more than 5% Preference shares (CCPS) in the Company

| | As at 31 March 2025 | | As at 31 March 2024 | | As at 01 April 2023 | | |
|---|---------------------|--------|---------------------|--------|---------------------|--------|--|
| Name of the Shareholder | No. of | | No. of | | No. of | | |
| • | shares held | % held | shares held | % held | shares held | % held | |
| Neokraft Global Private Limited | 65,058 | 36.87% | 65,058 | 36.87% | 65,058 | 36.87% | |
| Pramod Plastic Industries Private Limited | 111,412 | 63.13% | 111,412 | 63.13% | 111,412 | 63.13% | |

The shareholding represents the legal ownership of the shareholders.

D) There is no change in share capital of the Company during the reporting period.

E) Reconciliation of share capital

| articulars | As at 31 March 2025 | As at 31 March 2024 | As at 01 April 2023 |
|------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| articulars | Number of shares | Number of shares | Number of shares |
| pening balance | 1,179,748 | 1,179,748 | 1,179,748 |
| nares issued during the year | - | - | - |
| losing bulance | 1,179,748 | 1,179,748 | 1,179,748 |
| 1 9 | Mayness | ach | 00 |
| | 1 Man | 14. | Uss |
| | 10 | V. | |



"mulsory Convertible Non-Cumulative Preference Shares (CCPS)

| | As at 31 March 2025 | As at 31 March 2024 | As at 01 April 2023 |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Particulars | Number of shares | Number of shares | Number of shares |
| Opening balance | 176,470 | 176,470 | 176,470 |
| Shares issued during the year | - | - | * |
| Closing balance | 176,470 | 176,470 | 176,470 |

F) Equity shareholding of promoters/promoter group and changes therein.

| Particulars | As at 31 Ma | rch 2025 As at 31 March 2024 | | 4arch 2024 | % change during the sear | | |
|---|------------------|------------------------------|------------------|------------|--------------------------|----------|--|
| Promoter name | No. of shares | % beld | No. of shares | % held | change | % change | |
| Rajesh Jain | 793,012 | 67.22% | 793,012 | 67.22% | | | |
| ZKW Group GMBH | 306,735 | 26.00% | 306,735 | 26.00% | | - | |
| Pramod Plastic Industries Private Limited | 80,001 | 6.78% | 100,08 | 6.78% | - | | |

G) Compulsory Convertible Non-Cumulative Preference Shares (CCPS) shareholding of promoters/promoter group and changes therein.

| | As at 31 Ma | rch 2025 | As at 31 March 2024 | | % change during the year | |
|---|------------------|----------|---------------------|--------|--------------------------|----------|
| Particulars | No. of shares | % held | No. of shares | % held | change | % change |
| Neokraft Global Private Limited | 65,058 | 36.87% | 65,058 | 36.87% | | - |
| Pramod Plastic Industries Private Limited | 111,412 | 63.13% | 111,412 | 63.13% | 2 | - |

| 13 Other equity | As at 31 March 2025 | As at 31 March 2024 | As at 01 April 2023 |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Securities premium | | | |
| Opening & closing balance | 4,216.79 | 4,216.79 | 4 16.79 |
| | 4,216.79 | 4,216.79 | 4,216.79 |
| Surplus-Opening balance | 7.399.79 | 5,495.74 | 3,950.82 |
| Add:- Profit after tax | 5,282.41 | 1,905.43 | 1,562.37 |
| Add:- Other comprehensive (loss)/income for the year | (64.47) | (1.37) | - |
| Add:- Ind AS adjustment effect of fair valuation of investments | - | | 0.24 |
| Add:- Ind AS adjustment effect (ROU Asset and ROU Liability) | - | ¥ | (17.38) |
| Add:- Ind AS adjustment effect (financial assets) | | (-) | (0.32) |
| Surplus-Closing balance | 12,617.73 | 7,399.79 | 5.495.74 |
| Total | 16,834.51 | 11,616.57 | 9,712.52 |
| | | | |

Nature and purpose of other reserves

Securities premium

Securities premium is used to record the premium on issue of shares. This balance can be utilised in accordance with provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

Retained earnings

Retained earnings are the profits/(loss) that the Company has earned/incurred till date, less any transfers to general reserve, dividends or other distributions paid to shareholders. Retained earnings include re-measurement loss/(gain) on defined benefit plans, net of taxes that will not be reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss.

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No to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(Al. Junts in Rs. lacs, except share data and per share data, and unless otherwise stated)

· 14 Borrowings (non-current, financial liabilities)

| As at 31 Mars | As at 31 March 2025 | | rch 2024 | As at 01 A | prli 2023 |
|---------------|--|--|--|---|--|
| Non-current | Current | Non-current | Current | Non-current | Current |
| | | | | | |
| 1,121.88 | 594.02 | 815.21 | 352.21 | 1,167,42 | 281.78 |
| 1,751.84 | 1,201.54 | 2,210.25 | 1,053.65 | 1,690.55 | 674.43 |
| 416.09 | 130.52 | 237.25 | 93,63 | 105.29 | 70.51 |
| | | | | | |
| 584.11 | | 1,971.38 | 219.04 | 2,190.43 | 219.04 |
| 1,193.74 | 223.83 | | | | |
| 5,067.65 | 2,149.90 | 5,234,10 | 1,718,54 | 5,153,69 | 1,245,76 |
| | Non-current 1,121.88 1,751.84 416.09 584.11 1,193.74 | Non-current Current 1,121.88 594.02 1,751.84 1,201.54 416.09 130.52 584.11 - 1,193.74 223.83 | Non-current Current Non-current 1,121.88 594.02 815.21 1,751.84 1,201.54 2,210.25 416.09 130.52 237.25 584.11 - 1,971.38 1,193.74 223.83 | Non-current Current Non-current Current 1,121.88 594.02 815.21 352.21 1,751.84 1,201.54 2,210.25 1,053.65 416.09 130.52 237.25 93.63 584.11 - 1,971.38 219.04 1,193.74 223.83 - - | Non-current Current Non-current Current Non-current 1,121.88 594.02 815.21 352.21 1,67.42 1,751.84 1,201.54 2,210.25 1,053.65 1,690.55 416.09 130.52 237.25 93.63 105.29 584.11 - 1,971.38 219.04 2,190.43 1,193.74 223.83 |

Secured Term Loun from banks

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| Rs 1800 locs from HDFC Bank Limited for a tenure of 5 years to be repaid in 48 equal monthly instalments after a moratorium of 1 year. The loan carries an interest | on current assets of the Company both present and future (excluding receivables financed by HDFC Bank Limited). 2. Plant and machinery - First charge on movable fixed assets (MFA) of the | | 985.01 | 1,517.86 | 1,315.66 |
|--|--|--|--|---|--|
| basis. | Company both present and future, 3. Personal Guarantee- Personal Guarantee of Mr Rajesh Jain and Ms Vaishali Jain. 4. Immovable Fixed Assets- Exclusive charge by way of equitable mortgage (EM) | | | | |
| taken term loan facility of Rs 1,800 lacs from HDFC | charge on current assets of the Company both present and future (excluding receivables financed by HDFC Bank | | 1,490.31 | 981.16 | 37. |
| loan disbursed in the previous financial year was converted into foreign currency loan (USD) with balance outstanding of Rs 905.42 lace on date of conversion retaining the original repayment terms. Further, during the current year remaining amount of loan disbursed by bank amounting to Rs 829 lacs was also converted into foreign currency loan (EURO) with balance outstanding | 2. Plant and machinery - Exclusive charge on movable fixed assets (MFA) of the Company both present and future. 3. Personal Guarantee-Personal Guarantee of Mr Rajesh Jain and Ms Vaishali Jain. 4. Immovable Fixed Assets- Exclusive charge of unit-1 at Ptot no 36, Sector-4B, HSIDC Industrial Area, Bahadurgarh- | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| taken Guaranteed Emergency Credit Line (GECL) of Rs 200 lncs from HDFC Bank Limited for a tenure of 5 years to be repaid in 48 equal monthly instalments after a moratorium of 1 year. The loan carries an interest rate | existing primary and collateral securities including mortgages created in favor of the Bank and security created over the hypothecated assets of the borrower out of | | 37.50 | 87.50 | 137.50 |
| taken Guaranteed Emergency Credit Line (GECL) of Rs 977.10 lacs from HDFC Bank Limited for a tenure of 5 years to be repaid in 48 equal monthly instalments after a moratorium of 1 year. The loan carries an interest rate | existing primary and collateral securities including mortgages created in favor of the Bank and Security created over the hypothecated assets of the borrower out of | | 231.78 | 463.55 | 695.33 |
| taken Guaranteed Emergency Credit Line (GECL) of Rs 563.50 lacs from HDFC Bank Limited for a tenure of 6 years to be repaid in 48 equal monthly instalments after | existing primary and collateral securities including mortgages created in favor of the Bank. | | 493,06 | 563.50 | 563.50 |
| taken term loan facility of Rs 750 lacs from HDFC Bank Limited for a tenure of 5 years to be repaid in 60 equal monthly instalments. The loan carries an interest | on current assets of the Company both present and future (excluding receivables funaced by HDFC Bank Limited). 2. Plant and machinery - Exclusive charge on movable fixed assets (MFA) of the Company both present and future, 3. Personal Guarantee- Personal Guarantee of Mr Rajesh Jain and Ms Vaishali Jain. 4. Immovable Fixed Assets- Exclusive | | 750.00 | - | 3.67 |
| | taken foreign currency term loan (USD) (FCNR) facility in Ra 1800 loss from HDFC Bank Limited for a tenure of 5 years to be repaid in 48 equal monthly instalments after a moratorium of 1 year. The loan carries an interest rate of 5.88% p.a. The interest is payable on monthly basis. During the year ended 31 March 2023 the Company had taken term loan facility of Rs 1,800 loss from HDFC Bank Limited for a tenure of 5 years to be repaid in 60 equal monthly instalments. During the current financial year the amount of rupes loan disbursed in the previous financial year was converted into foreign currency loan (USD) with balance outstanding of Rs 905.42 lacs on date of conversion retaining the original repayment terms. Further, during the current year remaining amount of loan disbursed by bank amounting to Rs 829 lacs was also converted into foreign currency loan (EURO) with balance outstanding of Rs 829 lacs on date of conversion retaining the original repayment terms. The USD loan carries an interest rate of 6.40% p.a. and EURO loan carries an interest rate of 5.30% p.a. The interest is payable on monthly basis. During the year ended 31 March 2022 the Company had taken Guaranteed Emergency Credit Line (GECL) of Rs 200 lacs from HDFC Bank Limited for a tenure of 5 years to be repaid in 48 equal monthly instalments after a moratorium of 1 year. The loan carries an interest rate of 9.25% p.a The interest is payable on monthly basis. During the year ended 31 March 2021 the Company had taken Guaranteed Emergency Credit Line (GECL) of Rs 977.10 lacs from HDFC Bank Limited for a tenure of 5 years to be repaid in 48 equal monthly instalments after a moratorium of 1 year. The loan carries an interest rate of 9.25% p.a The interest is payable on monthly basis. During the year ended 31 March 2021 the Company had taken Guaranteed Emergency Credit Line (GECL) of Rs 97.10 lacs from HDFC Bank Limited for a tenure of 6 years to be repaid in 48 equal monthly instalments after a moratorium of 1 year. The loan carries an int | in Res 1800 lose from HDPC Bank Limited for a tenure present and future (excluding receivables of 5 years to be repaid in 48 equal monthly instalments after an moratorium of 1 year. The lose carries an interest 2. Plant and machinery - First charge on monthly movable fixed assets (MFA) of the basis. 2. Plant and machinery - First charge on monthly movable fixed assets (MFA) of the basis. 2. Plant and machinery - First charge on monthly movable fixed assets (MFA) of the basis. 3. Personal Guarantee Personal Guarantee of Mr Rajeth Jain and Ms Vaishali Jain. 4. Immovable Fixed Assets Exclusive charge by way of equitables mortgage (EM) of Land and Building Plot no 36, 48, Industrial Estate Bahadungarh. 5. Personal Guarantee Personal Guarantee of Mr Rajeth Jain and Ms Vaishali Jain. 6. Land and Building Plot no 36, 48, Industrial Estate Bahadungarh. 6. Plant Limited for a tenure of 5 years to be repaid in 60 equal monthly instalments. 8. Personal Guarantee Personal Guarantee of the Company band present and future (excluding receivables financed by HDFC Bank Limited). 8. Puring the year ended 31 march 2021 the Company had be converted into foreign currency loan (USRO) with balance containing the original repsyment terms. Further, during of the current year remaining amount of loan distunced by 4. Immovable Fixed Assets Exclusive bank amounting to Ra 829 lacs was also converted into charge of uni-1 at Plot no 36, Sector-48, Foreign currency loan (EURO) with balance containing the original repsyment terms. Further, during of Mr Rajesh Jain and Ms Vaishali Jain. 8. Puring the year ended 31 March 2022 the Company had be present and future. 8. Personal Guarantee of Simble Fixed Assets Exclusive charge to be repaid in 48 equal monthly instalments after Bank and security created over the amount of in year. The loan carries an interest rate of 5 should be a foreign and propage current season of second ranking charge over taken Guarantee d'Emergency Credit Lian (GECL) of Ra eyas to be repaid in 48 equal monthly ins | International contraction control and (USD) (FCRR) fieldity on current assets of the Company both if R 1800 lose from HDPC Bank Limited for a tensor present and fixture (excluding receivables of 5 years to be regaid in 48 equal monthly instalments instanced by HDPC Bank Limited). Alternative of 5,88% p.a. The interest is payable on monthly moveled fixed assets (MFA) of the Company both present and fixture, 3, Personal Cuarantee Personal Cuarantee of Mr Rigieth Jain and Ma Variabili Jain. 4, Immovable Fixed Assets Exclusive change by way of equiliable movaling (EM) of Land and Building Plot no 36, 4B, Industrial Estate Behadurganth. During the year anded 31 March 2023 the Company had it is a second to the Company bank Limited for a tenure of 5 years to be repaid in 69 both present and fixture (excluding equilibrium) and the converted into foreign currency lose (USD) with balance converted into foreign currency lose (USD) with balance converted into foreign currency lose (USD) with balance converted into foreign currensing amount of lose of the current term remaining amount of lose artifications of lose of the current term remaining amount of lose artifications (lose of the current term remaining amount of lose artifications). Personal Cuarantee Personal Guarantee retaining the original repayment terms. Further, during of Mr Rigieth Jain and Mr Variabil Jain. Company both present and fixture. Company both present and fixtur | place foreign currency term losen (USD) (FCNR) placificy los current assets of the Company both Text 1800 lane from IHPC Bank Limited for a tensor present and fluture (centularing receivables of 5 years to be repaid in 48 equal amouthly instalaneous financeously inforced by IMPC Bank Limited), and a financeously inforced by IMPC Bank Limited), and a financeously inforced by IMPC Bank Limited). In the company of the company of the company being received and the company being received and the company being received and financeously inforced by IMPC Bank Limited for the Vigolan film and Mary validation. In the Company being received and financeously inforced by IMPC Bank Limited for the States of the Vigolan film and Mary validation. In the company being received and financeously inforced by IMPC Bank Limited for a tenure of 5 years to be repaid in 60 place and building Fort on 36, 48, industrial Estate Bahadurgach. During the year ended 31 March 2023 the Company had of the company being the states of 5 to years to be repaid in 60 place and the states of 5 to years to be repaid in 60 place and the states of 5 to years to be repaid in 60 place and the place of the place | International contraction of the Company both February Februar |

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| 9 | | I. Stocks and Book Debts- Exclusive charge Rupee Ioan | 150,69 | |
|-----|---|---|--------|--|
| | availed term loan facility of Rs 5,550 lacs from HDFC | on current assets of the Company both | | |
| 1.1 | ank Limited for a tenure of 8 years to be repaid in 28 | present and future (excluding receivables | | |
| | equal quarterly instalments after a moratorium of I year. | financed by HDFC Bank Limited). | | |
| | The loan carries an interest rate of 8.40% p.g The | 2. Plant and machinery - Exclusive charge | | |
| | interest is payable on monthly basis. | on movable fixed assets (MFA) of the | | |
| | | Company both present and future, | | |
| | | 3. Personal Guarantee- Personal Guarantee | | |
| | | of Mr Rajesh Jain and Ms Vaishali Jain. | | |
| | | 4. Immovable Fixed Assets- Exclusive | | |
| 10 | | charge by way of equitable mortgage (EM) | | |
| | | of Land and Building Plot no 36, 4B, | | |
| 10 | | Industrial Estate Bahadurgarh. | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

Total

4,669.28 4,431,33 3.814.18

Maturity profile of secured term loans from rupee and foreign currency loans from bank)

I-2 years 2-3 years 3-4 years Hey and 4 years Maturity profile of term loans 1,353.93 692.91 590.76 236.11

Vehicle Loan from banks

| | | | | Outstanding amount | | |
|------|--|--|------------|--------------------|---------------|---------------|
| S.no | Facility details | Security | Loun type | Asat | As at | As at |
| | | | | 31 March 2025 | 31 March 2024 | 01 April 2023 |
| 1 | The Company has availed vehicle loans from HDFC | The vehicle loan are secured by way of | Rupee loan | 546.60 | 330.89 | 175.80 |
| | Bank Limited and ICICI Bank Limited. The loans carries | Hypothecation of vehicle and Personal | | | | |
| | rate of interest ranging from @ 10% to 13.5% p.s. The | Guarantee of Mr Rajesh jain in case of | | | , , | |
| | interest is phyable on monthly basis. | commercial vehicle. | | | | |

Total

546.60 330.89 175,80

Maturity profile of vehicle loans from banks

1-2 ears 127.39 2-3 years 3-4 enrs Be ond 4 eurs Maturity profile of vehicle loan 125.54 95.71 67.45

Unsecured Term Loan from bank

| S.no. | Facility details | Security | Loun type | Outstanding amount | | |
|-------|--|---|----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| | | | | As at 31 Murch 2025 | As at 31 March 2024 | As at 01 April 202 |
| 1 | During the year ended 31 March 2023 HDFC Bank Limited has taken over the said Loan Against Property (LAP) loan from HDFC Limited outstanding amount of Rs 2,576.90 lacs on the date of take over retaining the original repayment terms. | Company is concerned as no security of the Company is given to the bank. However, the loan is secured against the property of related party as mentioned below: 1. Immovable Fixed Assets- Exclusive charge on Farm no.4, 3rd Avenue, Bandh Road, Chattarpur, New Delhi-110074 owned by M/s Neo Metal and Electrical Industries Private Limited. 2. Corporate Guarantee- M/s Neo Metal and Electrical Industries Private Limited. | | 584.11 | 2,190.42 | 2,409,4 |
| | | | Foreign currenc Ioan | 1,417,57 | - | |

Total

2.001,68 2 190.42 2,409,47

Maturity profile of unsecured loan from bank

2-3 years 223.83 3-4) cars 1-2 gears Beyond 4 years Maturity profile of unsecured loan 223.83 223.83 1,106.37

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15 Leuse liabilities

Lease liability (as per Ind AS 116)

| As at 31 March 2025 | | As at 31 Ma | As at 31 March 2024 A | | pril 2023 |
|---------------------|---------|-------------|-----------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Non-current | Current | Non-current | Current | Non-current | Current |
| 274.48 | 189.70 | 369.57 | 147.81 | 169.07 | 153.79 |
| 274.48 | 189.70 | 369.57 | 14751 | 169.07 | 153.7 |

(i) Refer note 35 regarding information about leases for which the Company is a lessee.

| 16 Trade payables | As at 31 March 2025 | As at 31 March 2024 | As at 01 April 2023 |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises | 1,046.66 | 434.39 | 243 |
| Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises | 2,687.55 | 2,810.26 | 6,628.91 |
| Other payables* | 1 477.60 | 3,495.65 | (42 |
| | 5.211.80 | 6,740,30 | 6.628.91 |

For trade payables ageing schedule refer to note 38. Further, refer note 49 for disclosure under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ("MSNED Act, 2006").

*Other payable pertained to vendor bill discounting facilities obtained under TReDS scheme announced vide MCA Notification issued 21 November 2018 for MSME's. Balance outstanding towards banks is Rs 1;273.08 lacs (31 March 2024; 2,997.50 lacs, 01 April 2023; Rs Nil) and to non-banking finance companies is Rs 204.52 lacs (31 March 2024; Rs 498.15 lacs, 01 April 2023; Rs Nil). The facility carry interest ranging from 9.25% to 9.70% with tenor of 60 to 120 days.

| 17 Other financial liabilities-current | As at 31 March 2025 | As at 31 March 2024 | As at 01 April 2023 |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Interest accrued and not due on borrowings | 16.75 | 3.46 | 3.11 |
| Interest accrued and due on borrowings | 8.11 | 42.39 | 51.44 |
| Creditors for capital expenditure | 693.08 | 79.83 | 174.49 |
| Payable to employees | 304.88 | 302.38 | 265.20 |
| Other payable (includes accrued expense/liabilities) | 121.16 | 340.47 | 97.61 |
| Trade security deposits | 47.00 | 49.00 | 50.00 |
| | 1,190.97 | 817.54 | 641.85 |

| 18 Provisions | As at 31 Mars | ch 2025 | As at 31 Ma | rch 2024 | As at 01 A | pril 2023 |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|---------|-------------|----------|-------------|-----------|
| | Non-current | Current | Non-current | Current | Non-current | Current |
| Provision for retirement benefits | | | | | | |
| Leave encashment | 118.36 | 18.66 | 78.44 | 11.59 | 62.12 | 23.85 |
| Gratuity | 343,61 | 111.13 | 245.68 | 77.18 | 223.88 | 72.84 |
| Provision for warranties | | 75.85 | _ | 25.60 | | 40.39 |
| | 461,97 | 205.64 | 324.12 | 114.36 | 201,00 | 137.08 |

Provision for warranties

The company gives warranties on certain products and services, undertaking to repair and replace the items that fails to perform satisfactorily during the warranty period. Provision made as at the year end represents the amount of the expected cost of meeting such obligation of rectification or replacement. The timing of the outflow is expected to be within warranty period.

Provision for warranties

| Particulars | For the year ended 31 March 2025 | For the year ended 31 March 2024 |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Opening balance | 25.60 | 40.39 |
| Addition | 50.25 | - |
| Utilization | | 14.79 |
| Closing balance | 75.85 | 25.60 |

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| 19 Deferred tax liabilities (net) | As at 31 March 2025 | As at 31 March 2024 | As at 01 April 2023 |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Deferred tax liability | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment & intangible assets | 932.54 | 820,96 | 735.48 |
| | 932.54 | 820.96 | 735.48 |
| Deferred tax assets | | | |
| Provision for gratuity | L14.45 | 81.26 | 74.68 |
| Provision for leave encashment | 34,49 | 22,66 | 21.64 |
| Provision for bonus | 14,68 | 13.71 | 13.10 |
| Lease liabilities | 8,18 | - | |
| Others | 165.71 | 79.42 | 27.54 |
| | 337.52 | 197.04 | 136.96 |
| Net deferred tax liability | 595.02 | 623.92 | 598.53 |

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Movement in deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets

| Particulars | Anat | Recognised in Profit & | As at |
|---|---------------|------------------------|---------------|
| | 31 March 2025 | Loss | 31 March 2024 |
| Movement in deferred tax liabilities | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment & intangible assets | 932.54 | 111.57 | 820.96 |
| Total (a) | 932.54 | 111.57 | 820.96 |
| Movement in deferred tax assets | | | |
| Provision for leave encashment | 34.49 | 11.83 | 22.66 |
| Provision for gratuity | 114:45 | 33.19 | 81.26 |
| Provision for bonus | 14.68 | 0.98 | 13.71 |
| Lease liabilities | 8.18 | 8.18 | - |
| Others | 165.71 | 86.29 | 79.42 |
| Total (b) | 337.52 | 140.47 | 197.04 |
| Net deferred tax limbility (2-b) | 595.02 | (28.90) | 623.92 |
| Particulars | Asat | Recognised in Profit & | As at |
| | 31 March 2024 | Lors | 01 April 2023 |
| Movement in deferred tax liabilities | *** | | |
| Property, plant and equipment & intangible assets | 820.96 | 85.48 | 735.48 |
| Total (a) | 820.96 | 85.48 | 735.48 |
| Movement in deferred tax assets | | | |
| Provision for leave encashment | 22.66 | 1.02 | 21.64 |
| Provision for gratuity | 81.26 | 6.58 | 74.68 |
| Provision for bonus | 13.71 | 0.60 | 13.10 |
| Others | 79,42 | 51.88 | 27.54 |
| Total (b) | 197.04 | 60.08 | 136.96 |
| Net deferred tax liability (a-b) | 623.92 | 25.39 | 598.53 |

| | | 2010- | | |
|------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| As at 01 April 2023 | As at 31 March 2024 | As at 31 March 2025 | | 20 Borrowings (current, financial liabilities) |
| | | | | Secured loans |
| 3,323.62 | 2,284.29 | 2,478.27 | om banks | Working capital loans repayable on demand from ban |
| 191.21 | 727 | | ole on demand from banks | Foreign currency working capital loan repayable on de |
| 1,364.95 | 31.36 | | | Bill discounting facility availed from banks |
| 1,245.76 | 1,718.54 | 2,149.90 | efer note 14) | Current maturities of long-term borrowings (refer note |
| | | | | Unsecured loan |
| 0.29 | 0.29 | 0.29 | | Loan from related party (refer note 41) |
| 6,125,83 | 4.034.48 | 4.628.47 | | |
| | 31.36 1.718.54 0.29 | 2,149.90 | ole on demand from banks | Foreign ourrency working capital loan repayable on de Bill discounting facility availed from banks Current maturities of long-term borrowings (refer note Unsecured loan |

Working capital facilities

| | | | | O | utstandin_ amoua | ıt |
|-------|---|---|---------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| S.no. | Facility details | Security | Loan type | As at 31 March 2025 | As at 31 March 2024 | As at 01 April 202 |
| 1 | The Company has availed cash credit facility of Rs 3,700 lacs and packing credit facility of Rs 1,000 lacs carrying interest rate ranging from 8.25% to 8.5%. The interest is payable on monthly basis. | charge on current assets of the Company | | 2,478.27 | 2,284.28 | 3,323.6/ |
| | | | Forei n curren loan | | | 191.21 |

| | Total | 2,478,27 | 2,284,28 | 3,514.83 |
|-------------------------------|-------|----------|----------|----------|
| Unsecured Loun from directors | | | | |

| | | Outstandia_ amount | | | ıt | | |
|-------|-----------------|--------------------|----------|------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| S.no. | | Facility details | Security | Loan type | . As at | As at | Asat |
| | | | | | 31 March 2025 | 31 March 2024 | 01 April 2023 |
| - 1 | Mr. Hajesh Jain | | Nil | Ruper Ioan | 0.29 | 0.29 | 0.29 |

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Total 0.29 0.29

of as



0.29

Bill discounting facility availed from banks

Company has availed bill discounting facility of sales invoices issued to M/s Ashok Leyland Limited from ICICI Bank Limited outstanding as at the year end amounting to Rs Nil (31 March 2024; 31.36 lacs, 01 April 2023; Rs 150.40 lacs). The interest charged by bank is 8.10 % p.a on the said facility. The facility is secured against the trade receivable of the respective customer.

Company has availed bill discounting facility of sales invoices issued to VE Commercial Vehicles Limited from HDFC Bank Limited outstanding as at the year end amounting to Rs Nil (31 March 2024: Rs Nil, 01 April 2023 Rs 1,214.55 lacs). The interest charged by bank is 8.45 % p.a on the said facility. The facility is secured against the trade receivable of the respective customer.

| 21 Other current liabilities | As at | As nt | As at |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | 31 March 2025 | 31 March 2024 | 01 April 2023 |
| Advances received from customers Statutory dues payable | 5,095.00 | 2,733.56 | 291.06 |
| | 348.82 | 215.99 | 149.13 |
| | 5,443,82 | 1,949.55 | 440.18 |
| 22 Current tux liabilities (net) | As at | As at | As at |
| | 31 March 2025 | 31 March 2024 | 01 April 2023 |
| Provision for income tax (net of advance tax) | 294.46 | 80.92 | 30.21 |
| | 294.46 | 80.92 | 30.21 |

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Nos to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, except share data and per share data, and unless otherwise stated)

| 23 | Revenue from operations | For the year ended 31 March 2025 | For the year ended 31 March 2024 |
|----|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | Revenue from contract with customers | | |
| | Sale of product | 45,711.18 | 37,418.63 |
| | Sale of services | 4,841.09 | 2,333.54 |
| | | 50,552.27 | 39,752.17 |
| | Other operating revenue | 655.23 | 546.58 |
| | | 655.23 | 546.58 |
| | | 51,207.50 | 40.298.75 |
| | Sale of product | | |
| | - Sale of finished goods | | |
| | Automotive lamps, signalling equipment and parts | 36,649.81 | 35,466.85 |
| | Moulds, dies & fixtures | 4,153.78 | 464.20 |
| | Others | 1,114.92 | 1,009.61 |
| | - Sale of traded goods | | |
| | Automotive lamps, signalling equipment and parts * | 3,792.66 | 477.98 |
| | | 45.711.18 | 37.418.63 |
| | Sale of service | | |
| | Design and tool development charges | 4,841.09 | 2.333.54 |
| | | 4,841.09 | 2.333.54 |
| | Other operating revenue | | |
| | Scrap sales | 147.20 | 132.57 |
| | Gain on exchange fluctuation | 133.34 | 32.58 |
| | Duty drawback, merchandise export and RODTEP incentive | 306.33 | 299.01 |
| | Others | 68.36 | 82.42 |
| | | 655.23 | 546.58 |
| | * Includes Merchant Trade Transaction of Rs 3,660.88 lacs (31 March 2024; Nil) | | |
| | Revenue from operations | For the year ended | For the year ended |
| | - | 31 March 2025 | 31 March 2024 |
| | -Domestic | 26,950.54 | 25,812.07 |
| | -Exports* | 23,601.73 | 13,940.10 |
| | | 50,552.27 | 39,752.17 |

^{*} Include sales to SEZ of Rs 0.81 lacs (31 March 2024: Rs 12.31 lacs)

Disclosure required by Ind AS 115

Revenue from contracts with customers is disaggregated by major products and service lines above. Further, the revenue is disclosed in the said note is net of Rs. 347.06 lacs (31 March 2024 Rs 278.12 lacs) representing discount to customers. The following table provides further information as required by Ind AS 115.

| Reconciliation of revenue from contract with customer | For the year ended 31 March 2025 | For the year ended 31 March 2024 |
|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Contracted price | 50,899.33 | 40,030.29 |
| Less: Trade discounts, cash discount, volume rebates, etc. | 347.06 | 278.12 |
| Revenue from contract with customer | 50,552.27 | 39,752.17 |
| | As at | As at |
| Contract balances (Moulds, dies & fixtures) | 31 March 2025 | 31 March 2024 |
| Trade receivables | 1,084.04 | 1,023.82 |
| Contract assets | 271.34 | 117.16 |
| Contract liabilities | 5,025.13 | 2,029.59 |

Contract assets are initially recognised for revenue earned from development of tools and secondary equipment as receipt of consideration is conditional on successful completion and acceptance by the customer. Upon completion and acceptance by the customer, the amounts recognised as contract assets are reclassified to trade receivables. The expected credit loss on contract assets is considered to wand hence no provision for credit loss is corrected in respect of contract assets.

| - | Other income | For the year ended 31 March 2025 | For the year ended 31 March 2024 |
|----|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | Interest income on term deposits and others | 126.90 | 31.52 |
| | Provision/liability no longer required written back | 5,24 | 11.68 |
| | Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment | - | 0.74 |
| | Unwinding of interest on financial assets | 3,54 | 5.04 |
| | Gain on derecognition of right of use assets and lease liabilities on account | 5.54 | 2.07 |
| | | 4.07 | 9.80 |
| | of termination and modification of leases | 4.07 | 7.00 |
| | Net gain on fair valuation of investments carried at fair value through profit | 21.75 | 0.10 |
| | & loss | 31.75 | 0.10 |
| | | 171.51 | 58.88 |
| 25 | Control and antique and appropriate description | For the year ended | For the year ended |
| 25 | Cost of raw materials and components consumed | 31 March 2025 | 31 March 2024 |
| | Inventories at the beginning of the year | 1,957.11 | 1,965.77 |
| | Add:- Purchases | 24,275.71 | 21,382.50 |
| | Less:- Inventories at the end of the year | 2,504.94 | 1,957.11 |
| | | 23,727.88 | 21,391.15 |
| | | For the year ended | For the year ended |
| 26 | Purchase of stock in trade | 31 March 2025 | 31 March 2024 |
| | Purchase of traded goods | 3,692.56 | 429.99 |
| | | 3,692.56 | 429.99 |
| | -Purchase of traded goods | | |
| | ·Automotive lamps, signalling equipment and parts * | 3,692.56 | 429.99 |
| | | 3,692.56 | 429.99 |
| | * Includes Merchant Trade Transaction of Rs 3,578.06 lacs (31 March 2024: Nil) | | |
| 27 | Change in inventory of finished goods, work in progress and stock in | For the year ended | For the year ended |
| 21 | trade | 31 March 2025 | 31 March 2024 |
| | Inventories at the end of the year | | |
| | a) Work in progress | 399.90 | 352.57 |
| | b) Work in progress- dies & moulds* | 676.71 | 438.44 |
| | c) Finished goods | 1,881.05 | 1,191.40 |
| | d) Finished Goods-dies & moulds | 169.66 | |
| | e) Stock-in-trade (in respect of goods acquired for trading) | 250.04 | |
| | o, store in the Control of the Contr | 3,377.35 | 1,982.42 |
| | Inventories at the beginning of the year | 545.7155 | -10-412 |
| | a) Work in progress | 352.57 | 485.39 |
| | b) Work in progress- dies & moulds** | 438.44 | 340.58 |
| | c) Finished goods | 1,191.40 | 1,423.11 |
| | e) i misnor Boors | 1,982.42 | 2,249.07 |
| | | | |
| | | (1,394.93) | 266.65 |

^{*} Closing stock include service stock of design and tool development charges of Rs 239.68 lacs (31 March 2024: Rs Nil)

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^{**} Opening stock include service stock of design and tool development charges of Rs Nil (01 April 2023: Rs 306.26 lacs)

| | | _ | |
|-----|---|--|---|
| 2,9 | Employee benefits expenses | For the year ended 31 March 2025 | For the year ended 31 March 2024 |
| - | | | |
| | Salaries, wages and bonus | 6,855.08 | 5,785.78 |
| | Contributions to provident fund and other funds | 142.38 | 152.02 |
| | Gratuity expenses Leave encashment | 73.59 | 56.94 |
| | | 78.73 | 15.97 |
| | Staff welfare | 134.91 | 95.52 |
| | | 7,284.69 | 6 106.22 |
| 29 | Finance cost | For the year ended | For the year ended |
| | , manre cost | 31 March 2025 | 31 March 2024 |
| | Interest expense on borrowings | 503.07 | 637.59 |
| | Interest others | 2.71 | 2.89 |
| | Interest expense on lease liabilities | 42.87 | 37.24 |
| | Other borrowing costs | 202.88 | 249.35 |
| | | 751.53 | 927.07 |
| | | For the year ended | For the year ended |
| 30 | Depreciation and amortization expenses | 31 March 2025 | 31 March 2024 |
| | | or march avad | 51 March 2024 |
| | Depreciation on property, plant and equipment (refer note 2) | 1,619.91 | 1,299.31 |
| | Depreciation on right of use assets (refer note 3) | 193.89 | 209.95 |
| | Amortization of intangible assets (refer note 4) | 25.39 | 39.05 |
| | | 1,839.19 | 1,548.30 |
| | | | |
| 31 | Other eveness | For the year ended | For the year ended |
| 31 | Other expenses | For the year ended 31 March 2025 | For the year ended 31 March 2024 |
| 31 | | 31 March 2025 | 31 March 2024 |
| 31 | Consumption of stores and spare parts | 31 March 2025 398.51 | 31 March 2024 321.48 |
| 31 | Consumption of stores and spare parts Packing material consumed | 31 March 2025 398.51 1,137.31 | 31 March 2024 321.48 964.26 |
| 31 | Consumption of stores and spare parts | 31 March 2025 398.51 | 31 March 2024 321.48 |
| 31 | Consumption of stores and spare parts Packing material consumed Job work charges Repairs & maintenance | 31 March 2025 398.51 1,137.31 108.27 | 31 March 2024 321.48 964.26 86.62 |
| 31 | Consumption of stores and spare parts Packing material consumed Job work charges Repairs & maintenance Repair & maintenance-plant & machinery | 31 March 2025 398.51 1,137.31 108.27 | 31 March 2024 321.48 964.26 86.62 107.87 |
| 31 | Consumption of stores and spare parts Packing material consumed Job work charges Repairs & maintenance Repair & maintenance- plant & machinery Repair & maintenance- factory building | 31 March 2025 398.51 1,137.31 108.27 165.61 39.34 | 31 March 2024 321.48 964.26 86.62 107.87 47.03 |
| 31 | Consumption of stores and spare parts Packing material consumed Job work charges Repairs & maintenance Repair & maintenance-plant & machinery | 31 March 2025 398.51 1,137.31 108.27 165.61 39.34 33.81 | 31 March 2024 321.48 964.26 86.62 107.87 47.03 29.63 |
| 31 | Consumption of stores and spare parts Packing material consumed Job work charges Repairs & maintenance Repair & maintenance- plant & machinery Repair & maintenance- factory building Repair and maintenance - others | 31 March 2025 398.51 1,137.31 108.27 165.61 39.34 33.81 787.47 | 31 March 2024 321.48 964.26 86.62 107.87 47.03 29.63 693.77 |
| 31 | Consumption of stores and spare parts Packing material consumed Job work charges Repairs & maintenance Repair & maintenance- plant & machinery Repair & maintenance- factory building Repair and maintenance - others Power and fuel | 31 March 2025 398.51 1,137.31 108.27 165.61 39.34 33.81 | 31 March 2024 321.48 964.26 86.62 107.87 47.03 29.63 693.77 72.72 |
| 31 | Consumption of stores and spare parts Packing material consumed Job work charges Repairs & maintenance Repair & maintenance- plant & machinery Repair & maintenance- factory building Repair and maintenance - others Power and fuel Freight, cartage & octroi Design and tool development charges | 31 March 2025 398.51 1,137.31 108.27 165.61 39.34 33.81 787.47 92.98 2,298.50 | 31 March 2024 321.48 964.26 86.62 107.87 47.03 29.63 693.77 72.72 1,445.52 |
| 31 | Consumption of stores and spare parts Packing material consumed Job work charges Repairs & maintenance Repair & maintenance- plant & machinery Repair & maintenance- factory building Repair and maintenance - others Power and fuel Freight, cartage & octroi | 31 March 2025 398.51 1,137.31 108.27 165.61 39.34 33.81 787.47 92.98 2,298.50 191.89 | 31 March 2024 321.48 964.26 86.62 107.87 47.03 29.63 693.77 72.72 1,445.52 359.08 |
| 31 | Consumption of stores and spare parts Packing material consumed Job work charges Repairs & maintenance Repair & maintenance- plant & machinery Repair & maintenance- factory building Repair and maintenance - others Power and fuel Freight, cartage & octroi Design and tool development charges Testing charges | 31 March 2025 398.51 1,137.31 108.27 165.61 39.34 33.81 787.47 92.98 2,298.50 191.89 14.75 | 31 March 2024 321.48 964.26 86.62 107.87 47.03 29.63 693.77 72.72 1,445.52 359.08 14.75 |
| 31 | Consumption of stores and spare parts Packing material consumed Job work charges Repairs & maintenance Repair & maintenance- plant & machinery Repair & maintenance- factory building Repair and maintenance - others Power and fuel Freight, cartage & octroi Design and tool development charges Testing charges Payment to auditors* | 31 March 2025 398.51 1,137.31 108.27 165.61 39.34 33.81 787.47 92.98 2,298.50 191.89 14.75 15.05 | 31 March 2024 321.48 964.26 86.62 107.87 47.03 29.63 693.77 72.72 1,445.52 359.08 14.75 21.83 |
| 31 | Consumption of stores and spare parts Packing material consumed Job work charges Repairs & maintenance Repair & maintenance- plant & machinery Repair & maintenance- factory building Repair and maintenance - others Power and fuel Freight, cartage & octroi Design and tool development charges Testing charges Payment to auditors* Rates, taxes and fees | 31 March 2025 398.51 1,137.31 108.27 165.61 39.34 33.81 787.47 92.98 2,298.50 191.89 14.75 15.05 79.38 | 31 March 2024 321.48 964.26 86.62 107.87 47.03 29.63 693.77 72.72 1,445.52 359.08 14.75 21.83 66.58 |
| 31 | Consumption of stores and spare parts Packing material consumed Job work charges Repairs & maintenance Repair & maintenance- plant & machinery Repair & maintenance- factory building Repair and maintenance - others Power and fuel Freight, cartage & octroi Design and tool development charges Testing charges Payment to auditors* Rates, taxes and fees Insurance | 31 March 2025 398.51 1,137.31 108.27 165.61 39.34 33.81 787.47 92.98 2,298.50 191.89 14.75 15.05 79.38 204.45 | 31 March 2024 321.48 964.26 86.62 107.87 47.03 29.63 693.77 72.72 1,445.52 359.08 14.75 21.83 66.58 19.84 |
| 31 | Consumption of stores and spare parts Packing material consumed Job work charges Repairs & maintenance Repair & maintenance- plant & machinery Repair & maintenance- factory building Repair and maintenance - others Power and fuel Freight, cartage & octroi Design and tool development charges Testing charges Payment to auditors* Rates, taxes and fees Insurance Rent** | 31 March 2025 398.51 1,137.31 108.27 165.61 39.34 33.81 787.47 92.98 2,298.50 191.89 14.75 15.05 79.38 204.45 852.47 | 31 March 2024 321.48 964.26 86.62 107.87 47.03 29.63 693.77 72.72 1,445.52 359.08 14.75 21.83 66.58 19.84 901.39 |
| 31 | Consumption of stores and spare parts Packing material consumed Job work charges Repairs & maintenance Repair & maintenance- plant & machinery Repair & maintenance- factory building Repair and maintenance - others Power and fuel Freight, cartage & octroi Design and tool development charges Testing charges Payment to auditors* Rates, taxes and fees Insurance Rent** Selling and distribution expenses | 31 March 2025 398.51 1,137.31 108.27 165.61 39.34 33.81 787.47 92.98 2,298.50 191.89 14.75 15.05 79.38 204.45 852.47 565.20 | 31 March 2024 321.48 964.26 86.62 107.87 47.03 29.63 693.77 72.72 1,445.52 359.08 14.75 21.83 66.58 19.84 901.39 475.95 |
| 31 | Consumption of stores and spare parts Packing material consumed Job work charges Repairs & maintenance Repair & maintenance- plant & machinery Repair & maintenance- factory building Repair and maintenance - others Power and fuel Freight, cartage & octroi Design and tool development charges Testing charges Payment to auditors* Rates, taxes and fees Insurance Rent** Selling and distribution expenses Travelling and conveyance Contribution towards CSR*** | 31 March 2025 398.51 1,137.31 108.27 165.61 39.34 33.81 787.47 92.98 2,298.50 191.89 14.75 15.05 79.38 204.45 852.47 565.20 50.20 | 31 March 2024 321.48 964.26 86.62 107.87 47.03 29.63 693.77 72.72 1,445.52 359.08 14.75 21.83 66.58 19.84 901.39 |
| 31 | Consumption of stores and spare parts Packing material consumed Job work charges Repairs & maintenance Repair & maintenance- plant & machinery Repair & maintenance- factory building Repair and maintenance - others Power and fuel Freight, cartage & octroi Design and tool development charges Testing charges Payment to auditors* Rates, taxes and fees Insurance Rent** Selling and distribution expenses Travelling and conveyance | 31 March 2025 398.51 1,137.31 108.27 165.61 39.34 33.81 787.47 92.98 2,298.50 191.89 14.75 15.05 79.38 204.45 852.47 565.20 50.20 2.51 | 31 March 2024 321.48 964.26 86.62 107.87 47.03 29.63 693.77 72.72 1,445.52 359.08 14.75 21.83 66.58 19.84 901.39 475.95 57.48 |
| 31 | Consumption of stores and spare parts Packing material consumed Job work charges Repairs & maintenance Repair & maintenance- plant & machinery Repair & maintenance- factory building Repair and maintenance - others Power and fuel Freight, cartage & octroi Design and tool development charges Testing charges Payment to auditors* Rates, taxes and fees Insurance Rent** Selling and distribution expenses Travelling and conveyance Contribution towards CSR*** Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment | 31 March 2025 398.51 1,137.31 108.27 165.61 39.34 33.81 787.47 92.98 2,298.50 191.89 14.75 15.05 79.38 204.45 852.47 565.20 50.20 2.51 40.53 | 31 March 2024 321.48 964.26 86.62 107.87 47.03 29.63 693.77 72.72 1,445.52 359.08 14.75 21.83 66.58 19.84 901.39 475.95 57.48 - 83.35 |
| 31 | Consumption of stores and spare parts Packing material consumed Job work charges Repairs & maintenance Repair & maintenance- plant & machinery Repair & maintenance- factory building Repair and maintenance - others Power and fuel Freight, cartage & octroi Design and tool development charges Testing charges Payment to auditors* Rates, taxes and fees Insurance Rent** Selling and distribution expenses Travelling and conveyance Contribution towards CSR*** Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment Provision for bad and doubtful debts | 31 March 2025 398.51 1,137.31 108.27 165.61 39.34 33.81 787.47 92.98 2,298.50 191.89 14.75 15.05 79.38 204.45 852.47 565.20 50.20 2.51 | 31 March 2024 321.48 964.26 86.62 107.87 47.03 29.63 693.77 72.72 1,445.52 359.08 14.75 21.83 66.58 19.84 901.39 475.95 57.48 |

^{*} Auditors remuneration-refer note 36

Jamale

64

8,251.42

7,056.78



^{**} Represents lease rentals for short-term leases and leases of low value assets.

^{***} Contribution towards CSR- refer note 46

Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (All amounts in Rs. Incs. except there dots and per share date, and unloss otherwise stoted)

32 Continuent Liubilities

Claim against the Company not acknowledged as debt

| Particulary | As at 31 March 3025 | As at 31 March 2024 | Av at 01 Aura 2023 |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| Outstanding bank gummatees* | 281,43 | 233.33 | 235.44 |
| Liability in respect of vendor discounting scheme from bank | 42.54 | 29.84 | 207.19 |
| Outstanding Tax deducted at Source (TDS) Demand** | 14,51 | 14.41 | 10.9% |
| Claim against the Company by instrated by terminated employees** | 26.97 | 24.93 | 20.85 |

- a The Company has provided bank guarantees as at 31 March 2025, 31 Morch 2024 and as at 01 April 2023 for the amounts mentioned above, in the ordinary course of business. These bank guarantees are contingent in acture and will be encasted only in the event of default.
- ** In the opinion of the management the outstanding TDS demand is not popable pending reconciliations of credit for certain challans not been given by the department and other procedural matters. The
- --- an one opinion or not management the outmanding TLIS demand is not poyable pending reconciliations of credit for certain challans not been given by the department and other procedural mainters. The Company is in the process of getting the some reculred.

 *** During the earlier years the Company had received notices from two employee for re-instantement with full back wages with effect from respective date of termination alongwith continuity of service and other consequential benefits. The clean has been damassed by the Industrial Tribunal-Cont-Labour Court, Gurugnan. However, the said orders have been challenged by the workman in the Homourable Panjab and Harysean High Court. The proceedings are continuity, in the opinion of the management the Company has a good case is respect of the claim by the employees. Hence, no provision is considered necessary against the same.
- (B) The Company was allotted Plot no 30, Sec-48, i.e. Bahadargarh by HSIIDC on 42 June 2009 on which the company had constructed its factory. The Company has received a notice dated 31 May 2019 from HSIIDC for payment of enhanced cost amounting to Rs 1,872.92 lines for Plot no 36, Sec-48, i.e. Bahadargarh. This amount was payable in lump sum within 60 days of issuance of demand notice without any interest. Alternatively, this amount could also be paid in 10 equal half yearly instalments with interest vi, 12% p.a. which will increase the total amount to Rs 2,398.04 locs. The Company in association with other members of the industrial area is litigating the matter. The Honourable Punjab and Haryana High Court has gained a may in the matter and the proceedings are continuing. In the opinion of the management the amount is totally unascertainable and in subject to the outcome of proceedings.
- (C) The Hon'ble Supremo Court of India, through a ruling in February 2019, provided interpretation on the components of Salary on which the Company and its employees are to contribute towards Provident Fund under the Employee's Provident Fund Act. There are numerous interpretative assess relating to the Supremo Court (SC) judgement. Based on the current evaluation, the Company believes it is not probable that certain components of Salary pand by the Company will be subject to contribution towards Provident Fund pursuant to the Supreme Court order. The Company will continue to mention and evaluate its position based on future ovents and developments.

33 Capital and other commitments

| Control commitments | As at 31 March 3025 | April 31 March 2024 | At at 01 A rd 2023 |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided, act of advances | 1,308.13 | 538.71 | 269,69 |
| *Capital contracts primarily comprise commitments for building and plant & equipment. | | | |
| Other committee in | Ax at 31 March 2025 | As at 31 March 3834 | An at 01 April 2023 |
| Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on purchase contracts not provided, (not of advances)** | 2,403,14 | 139.09 | 44.0. |
| Data count organizat import of posital goods under EBCG scheme (auriset as not obligation) (see note below) 000 | 948.35 | 666.31 | 851.2 |

**Purchase contracts presently comprise commitments for moulds & dies for customers.

***The expert obligation for duty saved against import of capital goods under EPCG scheme has been fulfilled. However, the necessary formalities for obtaining clearance from the statutory multiorities are

CW De

| (a) Tax expense | Fur the year ended 31 March 2025 | For the year ended 51 March 2024 |
|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Current tux | | |
| Current tax on profit for the year | 1,972,69 | 701.11 |
| Similar excellent tax of riods | 0.48 | 0,47 |
| Total current tax expense | 1,973,17 | 700,63 |
| Deferred tax | | |
| (Increses)/decresse in deferred tax assets | (140,47) | 80,08) |
| Increase the see in deferred tox habilities | 10.57 | 85.48 |
| Tutui deferred tax expresse the serlit | (29,70) | 25.39 |
| Tax () properties (current tax plus deferred to) | 1.941.27 | 726.A3 |
| (b) Incume tax recognised in other comprehensive incomof(luss) | For the year ended 31 March 2028 | For the year ended 31 March 2024 |
| t - rent ins | | |
| Remeasurement of defined benefit plans | (87.16) | (1.87 |
| Tax e case benefit) | 22.69 | 0.50 |
| Remeasurement of defined benefit plans not of (a) | 64.47 | (1.37 |
| (c) Reconciliation of effective tax rate | For the year ended | For the year ended |
| | 31 March 2025 | Ji March 2024 |
| it he ore tax | 7.226,68 | 2,631,45 |
| Enected tax rate in Ludio | 25.17% | 25.179 |
| Expected tax expenses | 1,318.96 | 662.34 |
| Differences due to - | | |
| i) Deferred tax liability ((assets) | (24,90) | 25.39 |
| ii) Tax related to prior periods | 0.48 | (0.47 |
| iii Others | 153.73 | 3x,77 |
| Income tax exprese | 1,944.27 | 726.03 |
| Effective tax rate | 26,90% | 27,59% |

35 Operating lease transactions

A. Leure as lessee
The company has taken commercial premises under carecilable operating lease. Minimum lease payments in respect of assets taken on operating lease are as follows:

| Total of future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable aperating lease for fulls a lag periods: | Fur the year ended 31 March 2025 | For the year ended 31 March 2024 |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Not later than one year Later than one year Later than five years Later than five years Tutal | : | |

mation about leases for which the Company is a leasee

| Lenno tlubititien | Au ml 31 March 2025 | At at Ji March 2024 | As at UJ Aprili 2023 |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| Bulance as at the beginning of the year | 517.3N | 322.85 | 336.83 |
| Add: Additions during the year | 259.81 | 444.36 | 129.82 |
| Less: Deletion during the year | 138.92 | 60.38 | |
| Add: Finance cost | 42,87 | 37.24 | 31.03 |
| Lasa: Re yment includin finance cost) | 216,96 | 226,70 | 174.83 |
| Balance as at the end of the lear | 464,18 | 517.38 | 322.85 |

| Legue liabilities included in statement of facuncial position as at reporting dutes | As at 31 March 2025 | As at 31 March 2024 | An at 01 April 2023 |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | 189,70 | 147,81 | 153.7 |
| Current | 274.48 | 309.57 | 169.0 |
| Non-current | | | |
| | For the year ended | For the year ended | |
| Amounts recognised in Statement of Profit and Lass | 31 March 2025 | 31 March 2024 | |
| Interest on Jone Liabilities | 42.87 | 37.24 | |
| Depresention expense (includes depreciation expense on ROU asset created on security deposit as per IND AS 116) | 193,89 | 209.95 | |
| Ex relati to short-term leases and leases of low-value assets | 204.45 | 19.84 | |
| Tujul | 441,30 | 267.03 | |
| | | | |
| | flut the year ended | For the year ended | |
| Amount recognised in statement of cash flows | 31 March 2025 | 31 March 2024 | |
| The total cash outflow for leases - interest | 42.87 | 37.24 | |
| The total cash outlies for leases - the ind | 174.09 | 189.46 | |
| Tital | 216.96 | 226.70 | |
| 36 Autlibut's remaneration | | | |
| | For the year ended | For the year ended | |
| Particulars | 31 March 2025 | 31 March 2024 | |
| (a) For statutory multi fee | 12.50 | 12.50 | |
| For Statutory audit | 0.50 | 0.50 | |
| For Tax audit | 0.50 | 0.50 | |
| For Certifications and other multions | 13.50 | 13.50 | |
| South Association of the Associa | 1,25 | 1.25 | |
| For cord and it fees Total 1 + | 14.75 | 14.75 | |
| | | | |

Ageing Schedule As at 31 March 2025 Outstanding for following a riods from due date of parametel 6 months 1 - ur 1-2 rent 1,983.37 79.39 2-3 mars 485.38 Particulars Unbilled Ivables 271.34 Not tipe 1 within 6 month 7,441.60 1,583.37 58.52

Total 9,892,84 70,55 9,963,39 Undisputed trade receivables-considered good
Diplimate receivables credit implied
Total
Less:- Alten unce for experied credit test
Hitrade receivable
As ut 31 March 2024 12.03 93172,84

| AJ III 31 MINICII 2024 | | | Outstand | for following riods | from due date of the me | nt | | |
|--|-----------------------|----------|------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|----------------|------------------|--------------------|
| Particulare | I oblited receivables | Net due | Legithan 6 month | 6 months-1 car | 1-2 ; early | 2-5 mm | More than I year | Total |
| Undisputed trade receivables-considered good | 117.16 | 6,757 (6 | 859.30 | 221.72 | 486,14 11,64 | 83.96 83.35 | 49.04 | 8,525.38 [44,04 |
| D uted trade receivables credit im ired | | | | | 11,07 | 40.07 | | Blanch LL |
| Total | | | | | | | | 1144,04 |
| Less:- Allowance for ever cted credit loss | | | | | | | | 8,525.38 |
| Net trade receivable | | | | | | | | 40,40,00 |

Maumaier Ah as



| The state of the s | Our standle for following persons from the date of pur ment | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|----------|-----------------|----------------|-----------|----------|-----------------|----------|--|--|
| Particulars | Unbilled manufacture Not due | | Los man 6 musth | 6 months-1 eur | I-2 years | 2-3 : am | Muse than 3 car | Tulal | | |
| Undisputed trade receivables-considered good | 308,54 | 7,926 66 | 971,53 | 310.77 | 167,33 | | | 9,684,84 | | |
| Undisputed trade receivables which have significant | 337 | 55 | 1.67 | 10.67 | | | | 10.67 | | |
| increase in credit risk | | | | | | | | | | |
| D' trade receivables credit im ired | 3.4 | | - | | 1.0 | 0.30 | 56.85 | 57.14 | | |
| Tutal | | | | | | | | 752.66 | | |
| Leure- Allumance for expected credit long | | | | | | | | (67.02) | | |
| Net trade receivable | | | | | | | | 2,001.01 | | |

38 Trado payables spring

| As at 31 March 2025 Particulars | Outstanding for following priods from due date of partners. | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|-------------------|----------|----------|--------------|----------|--|--|--|--|
| | Not due | Leve Burn Private | 1-2 cars | 2-3 cars | Niure than 3 | Tutul | | | | |
| Does of micro and small enterprises | 705,90 | 340,76 | | 7.1 | | 1,046,66 | | | | |
| Others | 3,441,10 | 555.09 | 41.63 | 39.18 | 68,14 | 4 165.14 | | | | |
| Total trade a rables | -{.1 i= 99 | 845.05 | 41.63 | 39.18 | 88.1-1 | 5,710,96 | | | | |

| As at 31 h | Out | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------|-----------------|----------|----------|------------|-------|----------|--|
| Particulars | Not then | Less than 1 car | 1-2 ears | 2-3 care | No. than 3 | EM | Total | |
| Dues of micro and small enterprises | 434.39 | | | | | | 434.39 | |
| Othera | 6,002,90 | 220,07 | 2.93 | 68.29 | | (1.72 | 4.341.91 | |
| Total transparables | 6.1.7.28 | 7300 | 2.93 | 18.25 | | 11.72 | 4,745.00 | |

| An at Ut A 10 2023 | Outstanding for fullowing periods from the date of payment. | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|-----------------|------------|----------|-------------|----------|--|--|--|--|
| Particulars | Not the | Lew than I lear | 1-2 ears | 2-3 cars | More than 3 | Total | | | | |
| Dues of micro and small enterprises | | | | | | | | | | |
| Others | 5,200 47 | 1,294 34 | 109,40 | 221 | 22.50 | 6,628.91 | | | | |
| Total trade peralder | 5.3m.47 | 1,273,38 | 109,40 | 2.2 | 22.50 | 6/24/4 | | | | |

39 Enrnings per share

| For the year ended | For the year ended 31 March 2024 | | | |
|--------------------|---|--|--|--|
| | 1,905.43 | | | |
| -, | 1,179,748 | | | |
| | | | | |
| | 176,470 | | | |
| | 1,356,218 | | | |
| 447,76 | 161.51 | | | |
| 329,50 | 140,50 | | | |
| 100 | 100 | | | |
| | 31 March 2025 5,282.41 1,179,748 176,470 1,354.218 447,6 389,50 | | | |

* The Computarry Convertible Non-Cumulative Preference Shares convertible into equity shares in 1:1 ratio.

40 Government gram

| Particulars | For the year ended 31 March 2025 | For the year ended 31 March 2024 |
|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| District drawback, merchanduse experience and RODTEP incentive | 306.33 | 299.01 |
| M b | 106.11 | 299.43 |

Marriale

Ph

130



Related party transaction

Name of related parties, transactions and balances at reporting data are as follows

Name of related parties
(i) Directors and Key Managerial persons (KMP)

| Aujent Jain | Mana in Di |
|---|---|
| Withelm Franz Xaver Steger | Nominee Director of ZKW Group Graph (W.e.f. 8th August 2022) |
| Oliver Schubert - | Nominee Director of ZKW Group Qrabh (up to 7th August 2022) |
| Veishali Jain | Director |
| Arus Kumar Jain* | Company Secretary (till 16 September 2025); Appointed as Chief Financial Officer from 16 September 2025 |
| Marican Kumar Tiwas | Applinted as Com Secret from 16 Se tember 2025 |
| tajash Soni | Chi. f La utive Officer |
| * refer note 57 | |
| (iii) Eates maybe algoris ant influence | |
| ZKW Group Gmbh | Enti-havi 26% voti ri in the |
| (iii) Entity controlled by party having significant influence | |
| ZKW Licht steme Gmbh | Emi controlled having iffcant influence |
| (v) Relative (v) management is counsel | |
| Late Sunder Devi Jain | Relative of Man, in Director, Mr. Jain |
| virtualisten periles ontrolled to be a manufacturent je rassned | |
| Nockruft Global Private Limited | Buti Controlled ke may ment roomel |
| Neolite Industries | Entir Controlled by Lo mana ment recornel |
| Neomotal Electrical and Industries Private Limited | Entity Controlled in the manus ment a range |
| Ashik Autom | Entiry Controlled to relative of the management |
| Raja's Rauce Infinites Private Limited (Formerly known as | |
| Rance Pol mem Private Limited) | Entity Comrolled - relative of - management and |
| B.K. Industries | Entit Controlled to relative of the ment ment monnel |
| Alliania Eggs | Entit Controlled by relative of mana ment reconcil |
| MAN The inecrin Court of the | Euri Controlled relative of key mana ment reonnel |
| Other school party | |
| lastic Industrial Alovees and Antaly Trust | Post-em ment benefit Ian of the Com |
| | |

(This space his been intentionally bit blank)

Munally

| Trumsactions | during | the | year |
|--------------|--------|-----|------|
|--------------|--------|-----|------|

| Particulars | Nature of related party | 31 March 2025 | 31 March 3024 |
|--|---|---------------|---------------|
| (A) Remuneration puld | | | |
| Rajouh Jaio | Managing director | 216,00 | 180.00 |
| Rajesh Soni | Chief executive officer | 1,504.02 | 997.10 |
| Arun Kumar Jain | Company Secretary | 38.27 | 35.66 |
| | Total | 1,750.29 | 1,212.76 |
| (B) Rent puld | | | |
| Vaishall Jain | Director | 20,27 | 13,80 |
| Raicsh Join | Managing Director | 50,00 | 32,20 |
| Neolita Industries | Entity controlled by KMP | 143.15 | 65.07 |
| Sunder Davi Jain | Rolativo of KMP | | 9.20 |
| pandar arv i rami | TOP | 213.42 | 120.27 |
| (C) Design and tool development charges paid | | 210742 | |
| Neokraft Global Private Limited | Eatity controlled by KMP | 2,033.10 | 1,033.42 |
| Advance Engineering Corporation | Entity controlled by relative of KMP | 208.01 | 1,000,112 |
| variance Englised and Corporation | Total | 2.241.11 | 1,633,42 |
| (D) Sale of product | 1 O(M) | 0,071 cl 1 | 1 (1004.10) |
| Neokraft Global Private Limited | Eatrly controlled by KMP | U.55 | 8.75 |
| record Choose Private Limits | Total | 0.55 | 0.75 |
| 195 Europhysic of action and adjust and authorized | E OFAI | Uard | Wa Fall |
| (E) Furchase of property, plant and equipment B.K. Industries | Entity controlled by relative of KMP | 71.50 | 157.87 |
| B.K. Industrios | Earthy controlled by party having significant | 71.50 | 137.07 |
| ZKW Lichtsysteme Cmbh | influence | 81.57 | |
| | Total | 153.07 | 157,87 |
| (F) Sale of property, plant and equipment | I Ucin | 130.07 | Later |
| Nookraft Global Private Limited | Entry controlled by KMP | | 54.65 |
| Address Choos Leading Thinks | Tutal | | 51.65 |
| (G) Purchase of goods | E UEIR | | 34,63 |
| Ashak Automats | Entity controlled by relative of KAIP | 3.24 | 21.43 |
| | Entity controlled by KMP | 934.93 | 29.36 |
| Nookraft Global Private Limited | | | |
| Raja's Rance Infinital Private Limited (Fornerly Litown of Rance Polymers Private Limited) | Entity controlled by relative of KMP | | 0.25 |
| | Tetni | 938.16 | 51.04 |
| (ii) Advance for property, plant and equipment | Waste and waste and the same | | |
| ZKW Lighter steme Gmbh | Entity controlled by party having significant influence | | 81.57 |
| • | | | |
| 41. 17 | Tetul | - | 81,57 |
| (I) Unaccured loan given | MI - 0 | | 444.48 |
| Rajesh Soni | Chief oxocutive officer | 1,309.74 | 468.43 |
| | Tutal | 1,309.74 | 468.43 |
| (J) Unnecured from recuvered (include interest on long received) | | | |
| Rajesk Soni | Chief executive officer | 1,349.73 | 906.94 |
| | Total | 1,349.73 | 906.94 |
| (K) Interest on unsecured loan | | | |
| Rajest Soni | Chief executive officer | 29.66 | 13.03 |
| | Total | 29.66 | 13.03 |
| (L) Exhibition expenses | | | |
| Alliance Expo | Entity controlled by relative of KMP | L19,40 | 43.50 |
| <i>f</i> \ | Tetal | 119.40 | 43.50 |



Minadi

| Balances outstanding at | the and of the year |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| THE PROCESS OF TAXABLE STATES | THE COULT INC YEAR. |

| Particulars | Nature of related party | As at 31 March 2025 | As at 31 March 2024 | As at 01 April 2023 |
|---|--|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Payable to employees (Other financial lightifiles-current) | | | | |
| Rajesh Jain | Managing Director | 0.09 | 1.91 | 3.77 |
| Rajesh Soni | Chief executive officer | 3.39 | 47.89 | 2.62 |
| Area Kurear Joue | Company Secretary | 2.16 | 1.93 | 2.18 |
| Parin Kuluu Jula | Total | 5.61 | 51.73 | BL55 |
| Trude payables | | | | |
| Raja's Rance Infinites Frivate Limited (Formerly known as Rasses Polymers Private Limited) | Entry controlled by relative of KMP | - | | 135.35 |
| | Total | - | • | 135.35 |
| Umerured Joan (Borrowlogs (corrent, Ganacial Habilities)) | | | | |
| Rajeah Jam | Managing Director | 0.29 | 0,29 | 0.29 |
| | Total | 0.29 | 0,29 | 0.25 |
| Security deposit (Other financial amets-non current) | | | | |
| Rojouh Jain | Managing Director | 8,69 | 6.00 | 3.70 |
| Voishali Jain | Durector | 2.90 | 2.00 | 1,85 |
| Neolite Industries | Entity controlled by KMP | >: | | 32.22 |
| Lata Sundor Davi Jain | Relative of KMP | 55 | | 1.85 |
| • | Tutal | (1.50 | 6700 | 39.63 |
| Security depuil (Other Ununcial assets-current) | W | 34.80 | 34.80 | |
| Noolito Industries | Entity controlled by KMP | 34.80 | 34.80 | |
| | Tutal | 34.80 | 34,899 | • |
| Advances other than capital advances (Other current assets) | Contract of the PAIR | | \$49.40 | 670,09 |
| Nookraft Global Private Lamited | Entity controlled by KMP Entity controlled by relative of KMP | 0.23 | 3.47 | 24.90 |
| Aghok Automats | Total | u.23 | 852.86 | 694.99 |
| and the first of the control of the | TOTAL | -,20 | D.Valieto | ma-uja a |
| Capital advance (Other non-current soreis) | Entity controlled by relative of KMP | | 71.19 | 39.71 |
| B.K. Industrian | Entity having significant juffuence | | N1.57 | |
| ZKW Lichtsystome Gmbh | Total | | 152.76 | 39.71 |
| Loan to employees (Loans-current) | d redding | | | |
| Raiesh Sozi | Chief executive officer | 21.14 | 31.46 | 456,94 |
| valein dan | Tujel | 21.14 | 31,46 | 456,94 |
| Personal guarantee | | | | |
| Mr. Raigh Jain (Key management personnel) and Mrs. Voishali Join (Key management personnel) have | Managing director/director | | | |
| given personal guarantee on behalf of the Company in favour of the HDFC Bank Limited for the borrowings | | | | |
| obtained by the Company. | | | | |
| Property given as recurity and corporate guarantee | | | | |
| Noometa) Electrical and Industries Private Limited has pledged its property (Farm to 4, 3rd Avenue, Bandh | Entity Controlled by KMP | | | |
| Road, Chattarpur, New Delhi-110074) with HDPC Book Limited for the unrecured loan obtained by the | | | | |
| Company. Further, Neometal Electrical and Industries Private Limited has given a corporate guarantee on | | | | |
| behalf of the Company in favour of the HDFC Bank Limited for the unaccured loan obtained by the | | | | |
| Corapeny. | | | | |
| | | | | |

Note:- The related party transactions are in the ordinary course of business on arm's length basis.

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Chaptered Accountants

NEOLITE ZKW LIGHTINGS PRIVATE LIMITED (CIN No. U74899DL1992PTC050702) Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 Alarch 2025 (All amounts in Rs. locs, except share data and per share data, and unless otherwise stated)

42 Other negment reporting

(a) Edentification of Segmenta:

(a) Identification of Segments:

Primary-Business segments:

Primary-Business segments:

The Company has identified two exponiable business segments viz. Automative and Others segment comprising householding on the bank of the nature of products, the risk and return profile of individual business and the internal business reporting systems. The products included in each of the reported business segments are as follows:

(i) Automative comprising of uncomotive lighting & signaliting equipment, please modded parts, mandet, does, feature (calculating destiga & development charges) and sheet unital components for four wheeter applications and others parts for automative. Further, attendantly acceptance as each of the two sub-segments manually "Lamps, Signaliting Equipment and Parts" and Moulds, Dee, Futures (archarge Dosegn & development) on the base of risk, return and nature of product.

(ii) Others Segment comprising of houseligibility viz. undoor and outsider lighting.

(iii) Revenue and expenses have been identified to a segment on the basis of relatiouship to operating activities of the segment. Revenue and expenses which relates to enterprise as a hole and not allocable to a segment on reasonable basis for elatiouship to operating activities of the segment. Revenue and expenses which relates to enterprise as a hole and not allocable to a segment on reasonable basis for elatiouship to expense and segment inholates represent and segment and segment and segment and segment on reasonable basis have been disclosed as "Unallocated".

| Primura annual repents | | For the year ended | 31 March 2025 | | Fo | r the pare ended 3 | March 2024 | |
|---|---|--|-------------------|-----------|--|--|-------------------|---------------|
| | AUTOMOT | IVE SEGMENT | | | AUTOMOTIVE SEGMENT | | | |
| | Lumps, Signating Equipment and Paris | Moulds, Dies, Fixtures (Including Design & development) | others segment | Tetal | Lamps, Signalling Equipment and Parts | Moulds, Dies, Flaturet (including Design & development) | OTHERS SEGMENT | Total |
| manight Revenue | | | | | 4441144 | 2,797,73 | 1.009.61 | 39,752.17 |
| External sales | 40,442.48 | 8,994.87 | 1.114.92 | 50,552 27 | 35,944 83 | | 3.65 | 546.58 |
| Other one it knoome | 631,36 | 15.73 | R,14 | 655.23 | 526.01 | 16.92 | | 3-60,36 |
| Inter-eq of revenue | | | | | | | 1=13.26 | Ja 1 1 1 75 |
| Tuial | 41,073.83 | 9 10,60 | 1 123,06 | 51,207.50 | 36,470.84 | 2 14,66 | 1 13.26 | 46,3111,72 |
| Remita | | | | | 4 455 41 | 332.08 | 217.83 | 7,382 95 |
| m results Euros before unterest & lax) | N = 7.53 | 3,534 65 | 234 45 | (2,196 63 | 6,833 04 | 3,72,08 | 217.03 | (3,883.31 |
| Unaloguied and the experience | | | | 4,389.93 | | | | 58.84 |
| U Bocated Income | | | | 171,51 | | | | 2.41a.53 |
| Operation rufft | | | | 7,974.21 | | | | 927,07 |
| Firance cost | | | | 751.53 | _ | | | 2 1.4 |
| Profit before tax | | | | 7,226,68 | | | | 726.03 |
| Tipx ex. c = 1 | | | | 1,944,27 | | | | 120.0 |
| Profit after tax | | | | 3,252,41 | | | | 1.37 |
| Other comprehensive income (first) act of tax- | | | | 161.47 | | | _ | 1.90-1.00 |
| Tall complete income | | | | 5.117,94 | | | | F 3-01-07-115 |
| De reclation & amortisation | 1,359,01 | 11,96 | 5.43 | 1,365.00 | 1,012.33 | (3.49 | 511 | 1/138,9. |
| Depreciation & amortisation (unaffected of commun | | | | 473.79 | | | | 517.3 |

(The speed has been intentermedly high blanks

Jamasi

| | | An at 31 Ma | reh 2025 | | As at 31 Murch 2024 | | | | As at 01 4 mil 2023 | | | |
|---|--|---|--------------|-----------|--|--|-------------------|-----------|--|---|-------------------|------------|
| | AUTOMOTI | IVE SEGMENT | | | AUTOMOTI | VE SEGMENT | | | AUTOMOTI | VE SEGMENT | - | |
| | Lumps, Signalling Equipment and Parts | Moulds, Dies, Fixtures (lochsting Design & stevelopment) | OTHERS Total | Tetal | Lamps, Signalling Equipment and Parts | Moulds, Dies, Flatures (including Doulga & development) | OTHERS SEGMENT | | Lamps, Signalling Equipment and Parts | Mouth, Dies, Fixtures (including Design & design ment | OTHERS SEGMENT | Total |
| Segun at Awets | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| m Assets | 316.86 | 3 702 97 | 683,66 | 30,703.49 | 21,572.14 | 2,543.87 | 604.83 | 24,720.84 | 18,356.00 | 2,442.62 | 679.60 | 21 76.2 |
| Unallocated municipates | | | | 11,051.22 | | | | 9 (14.61) | | | | 9 955,6 |
| Yotal Assuts | | | | 41,754.72 | | | | 34,615,44 | | | | 31,4333.00 |
| Squaret Liabilities | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Segment liabilities | H9.09 | . 403 72 | 80.35 | 12 133.17 | 8.212.05 | 2 4 37 | 97,93 | 10.766,35 | 7,050,10 | 641.95 | 250.42 | 7,950.40 |
| Untillocated consumer liabilities | | | | 11,430,81 | | | | 10,670 30 | | | | 12 4 14.6 |
| Total Liabilities | | | | 315-191 | | | | 21,436.65 | | | | 20,345.1 |
| (Liabilities) | | | | 18,190.73 | | | | 12,412,79 | | | | 11,000,76 |
| Capital and the daries the part of CWIF | 4,599.22 | | | 4,599.22 | 3 142.69 | - X | - 2 | 3.142.69 | 2,369,63 | 199 | - | 2,34+10 |

(it) Secondary-Geographical Segments:

The analysis of geographical segments is based on geographical location of the customers.

The following is the distribution of Company's revenue by geographical market, regardless of where the goods were produced.

CIS Countries:- Commonwealth of Independent States via Russia, Uabelistan etc.

| (a) Revenue fram External Customers | | For the year ended 31 March 2025 | For the year coded 31 March 2024 |
|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| India | • | 27,472,40 | 26,318,18 |
| China* | | 14,57 | 83,78 |
| CIS (Comm | nonworkth of Independent States) countries | 21,811.18 | 11,324.12 |
| Other coun | dries | 1,909.35 | 2,572,69 |
| Total | | 51.197.50 | 40, hrs. 75 |

* The export of the goods were delivered directly to the end user altunted in Uzbekannan (Commonwealth of Independent States country) on the direction of the customer

| nt Trade Receivables | 31 March 2025 | Ac at 31 March 2024 | AV at 01 April 2023 |
|--|---------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| India | 6,014.81 | 4,085,08 | 5,629.50 |
| China | 564.63 | \$50.07 | 466 29 |
| CIS (Commonwealth of ladependent States) countries | 2,651.99 | 2,497.76 | 2,822.82 |
| Other countries | 661.41 | 792.46 | 766,22 |
| Total | 92.84 | 8, 25,38 | 9,683,34 |

1. The Company has common assets for producing goods for dominist market and eventors market. Hence, separate figures for fixed assets have not be farmathed.

(C) Playfor customers
Revenue from operations includes Rs 17,406.95 lices (31 March 2024: Rs 18,996.98 lacs) arrang from product supplied/ services provided to two outstoner (31 March 2024 libre customer) exceeding 10% from each customer.

Harmady John By



Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, except share data and per share data, and unless otherwise stated)

43 Post employment benefits

Defind contribution plans

Contribution to defined contribution recurried as 'Em 1 Benefits Ex unses' for the durare as under: For the year ended For the year ended 31 March 2025 31 March 2024 121.25 122.35 Employer's contribution to provident fund 14.72 14.68 Employer's contribution to ESI fund 3.90 Employer's contribution to employees welfare fund 4.04 11.09 Employer's contribution to national person fund 2.37 142.38 152.02 Total

The Company has defined benefit gratuity plan for its employees, which requires contributions to be made to a separately administered fund. It is governed by the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Under the Act, employee who has completed five years of service is entitled to specific benefit. The level of benefits provided depends on the member's length of service and salary at retirement age. The scheme is funded with HDFC Life Insurance Company Limited in the form of qualifying insurance policy. The funding ratio as at year ended 31 March 2025 is 9.40% (31 March 2024: 11.80% and 31 March 2023: 11.70%).

(b) Earned leave

The Present value obligation of Leave Encashment is determined based on actuarial valuation using projected unit credit method.

Disclosure requirement as per Indian Accounting Standard on Employee Benefits-Ind AS (19)-As per actuarial valuation as on 31 March 2025 are as follows:

i) Expenses are mised in the Statement of Profit and Loss under the bead employed benefits as pense

| | Gra | Leave encashment | | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Particulurs | For the year ended 31 March 2025 | For the year ended 31 March 2024 | For the year ended 31 March 2025 | For the year ended 31 March 2024 | |
| Current service cost | 51.32 | 35.94 | 42.09 | 29,01 | |
| Interest cost | 22.27 | 21.00 | 5.35 | 5.99 | |
| Actuarial unin/loss | | | 31.29 | 19.03 | |
| Ex inses recomined in Statement of Profit & Loss | 73.59 | 56,94 | 78,73 | 15,97 | |

Amount to be recomised in the Bulance Sheet

| Williagur in ha taca mind in the hammer ourse. | Gratuit | | | Leave encashment | | | |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Particulors | As ut 31 March 2025 | Au at 31 March 2024 | As at 01 April 2023 | As at 31 March 2025 | As at 31 March 2024 | As at 01 April 2023 | |
| Liability at the end of the year | 501.80 | 366.22 | 335.93 | 137.02 | 90.02 | 85.97 | |
| Fair value of man assets at the end of the | 47.06 | 43.36 | 39.21 | | | - | |
| Amount to be recognised in Balance Sheet | 454.74 | 322.86 | 296.72 | 137.02 | 90.02 | 85.97 | |
| Current | 111.13 | 77.18 | 72,84 | 18,66 | 11.59 | 23.85 | |
| Non-current | 343.61 | 245.68 | 223,88 | 118.36 | 78.44 | 62.12 | |

Reconciliation of benefit obligation

| | Gra | Leave encushment | | |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Particulars | For the year ended |
| | 31 March 2025 | 31 March 2024 | 31 March 2025 | 31 Murch 2024 |
| Liability at the beginning of the year | 366 | 335,93 | 90,02 | 85.97 |
| Interest cost | 25,40 | 23.94 | 5.35 | 5.99 |
| Current service cost | 51.32 | 35.94 | 42.09 | 29.01 |
| Benefits paid | (28.87) | (32.67) | (31.73) | (11.92) |
| Remeasurement (min) / loss | 87.74 | 3.08 | 31.29 | 19.03 |
| Linbility at the end of the enr | 501.80 | 366.22 | 137.02 | 90.02 |

| | Gra | tuity | Leave en | cushment |
|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Particulars | For the year ended 31 March 2025 | For the year ended 31 March 2024 | For the year ended 31 March 2025 | For the year ender 31 March 2024 |
| Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year | 43.36 | 39.21 | | |
| Interest income | 3.13 | 2.94 | - | - |
| Employers contribution | - | | | |
| Benefits paid | m | - | - | - |
| Return on plan assets-gain /(loss) | 0.58 | 1.21 | | |
| Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year | 47,06 | 43,36 | | |

Amount recognised in statement of other comprehensive income (OCI)

| | Сла | Leave encushment | | |
|--|--|------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Particulars | For the year ended For the year ended 31 Murch 2025 31 Murch 202 | | For the year ended 31 March 2025 | For the year ended 31 March 2024 |
| Opening amount recognised in UCI | 47.68 | 45.81 | • | • |
| Remeasurement for the year - Obligation(gain)/ loss | 87.74 | 3.08 | - | |
| Remeasurement for the year - plan assets(gain)/ loss | (0.58) | (1.21) | - | - |
| Net increased in OCI | 87.16 | 1.87 | - | - |
| Total psurements could credit for the year recognised in OCI | 134.84 | 47.68 | - | |
| Closed mount recognised in OCI | 134.84 | 47.68 | | |

Municipal



Principal actuarial payum ions

| | Gra | Leuve encashment | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Particulars | For the year ended |
| | 31 March 2025 | 31 March 2024 | 31 March 2025 | 31 March 2024 |
| Discount rate | 6.74% | 7.22% | 6,74% | 7.22% |
| Expected return on assets | 7.22% | 7,49% | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| Salary esculation | 6.00% | 3.00% | 6.00% | 3.00% |
| Attrition rate | 10.00% | 6.00% | 10.00% | 6.00% |
| Retirement aue | 60.00 | 60.00 | 60.00 | 60.00 |

- (a) The discount rate is based on the prevailing market yields of Indian Government securities as at the balance sheet date for the estimated terms of the obligations (b) Salary escalation rate: The estimates of future salary increases (Excluding Directors) considered in actuarial valuation, take into the account the inflation, seniority. promotion and other relevant factors.
- (c) Expected return on assets is expected return on plan assets over the accounting period, based on an assumed rate of return.
- (d) Attrition rate is employes turnover rate based on the Company's past and expected employee turnover.
 (e) Disclosure related to indication of effect of the defined benefit plan on the entity's future cash flows:

Expected benefit no ments discounted values/ resent value.

| | Gra | Leave encashment | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Five year payouts | For the year ended 31 March 2025 | For the year ended 31 March 2024 | For the year ended 31 Murch 2025 | For the year ended 31 March 2024 |
| Year (I) | 47.27 | 23.67 | 12.67 | 6.00 |
| Year (II) | 43.38 | 32.73 | 10.38 | 7.75 |
| Year (III) | 29.86 | 29.59 | 8,79 | 6.07 |
| Year (IV) | 38.21 | 24,59 | 9.82 | 4.88 |
| Year (V) | 22.54 | 26.89 | 6,80 | 6.13 |
| Next five year payouts (6-10 years) | 154.50 | 112.20 | 47.19 | 24.82 |

(f) Weighted average duration of defined benefit obligation for gratuity and earned leave: 9.84 years (31 March 2024: 10.38 years, 01 April 2023: 10.43 years)

(g) Sensitivity Analysis

Sensitivity analysis indicates the influence of a reasonable change in principal assumptions, while keeping other things constant, on the outcome of the present value of Defined Benefit Obligation. In reality, the plan is subject to multiple external experience items which may move the Defined Benefit Obligation in similar or opposite directions, while the Plan's sensitivity to such changes can vary over time.

A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption is as shown below:

| | | | Gratu | ity | | |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | 1% Increase | 1% Increase | 1% Increase | 1% Decrease | 1% Decrease | 1% Decreus |
| A, Effect of 1% Change in the assumed discount rate | Asat | Arat | As at | As at | Asat | As at |
| <u>-</u> | 31 March 2025 | 31 March 2024 | 01 A rll 2023 | 31 March 2025 | 31 March 2024 | 01 A ril 2023 |
| Defined benefit obligation | 468,30 | 341.52 | 313.36 | 539.63 | 394,08 | 361.44 |
| The second secon | 1% Increase | 1% Increase | 1% Increase | 1% Decreuse | 1% Decrease | 1% Decrease |
| B. Effect of 1% Change in the assumed salary escalation | As at | Arat | As at | As at | As at | As at |
| rate | 31 March 2025 | 31 March 2024 | 01 April 2023 | 31 March 2025 | 31 March 2024 | 01 April 2023 |
| Defined banefit obligation | 535.65 | 392.73 | 360.33 | 471.23 | 342.27 | 313.61 |
| | 1% Increase | 1% Increase | 1% Increme | 1% Decrease | 1% Decrease | 1% Decrease |
| C. Effect of 1% Change in the assumed Attrition rate | As ut | As at | Anat | As ut | As at | As at |
| Effect of 1% Change in the assumed Attrition rat | 31 March 2025 | 31 March 2024 | 01 April 2023 | 31 March 2025 | 31 March 2024 | 01 April 2023 |
| Defined benefit obligation | 501.59 | 372.81 | 342.56 | 502.03 | 358.94 | 328.60 |
| | 10% Increase | 10% lacrease | 10% Increase | | | |
| D. Effect of 10% increase in the mortality rate | Augt | As at | As at | | | |
| · · | 31 March 2025 | 31 March 2024 | 01 April 2023 | | | |
| Defined benefit obligation | 501.BI | 366.50 | 336.21 | | | |

| Mortali - Indian Amurea i | THACK WIGHTHE | ZU1Z-14 UITIMATE | |
|---------------------------|---------------|------------------|-------|
| A | | Mortality | rate |
| 2 | 0 | 0.00 | 0924 |
| 3 | 0 | . 0.00 | 00977 |
| 3 | 5 | 0.00 | 1202 |

| | | | Leave enci | whment | | |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| | 1% Increase | 1% Increase | 1% Increase | 1% Decrease | 1% Decrease | 1% Decrease |
| A. Effect of 1% Change in the assumed discount rate | As at | Anat | As at | As at | As at | As at |
| | 31 March 2025 | 31 March 2024 | 01 April 2023 | 31 March 2025 | 31 March 2024 | 01 April 2023 |
| Defined benefit obligation | 126.41 | 83.09 | 80.28 | 149.18 | 97,97 | 92.52 |
| n ner a data di contrato de co | 1% Increase | 1% Increase | 1% Increase | 1% Decreuse | 1% Decrease | 1% Decrease |
| B. Effect of 1% Change in the assumed salary escalution | Asat | Annt | As at | As at | Arat | As at |
| rute | 31 March 2025 | 31 March 2024 | 01 April 2023 | 31 March 2025 | As at 5 31 March 2024 | 01 April 2023 |
| Defined benefit obligation | 148,59 | 97.89 | 92.46 | 126.75 | 83.07 | 80.26 |
| | 1% Increase | 1% Increase | 1% Increase | 1% Decrease | 1% Decrease | 1% Decrease |
| C. Effect of 1% Change in the assumed Attrition rate | As at | As at | Arut | As at | As at | As at |
| | 31 March 2025 | 31 March 2024 | 01 April 2023 | 31 March 2025 | 025 31 March 2024 | 01 April 2023 |
| Defined benefit obligation | 137.05 | 92.35 | 88.14 | 136.94 | 87,44 | 83.57 |

| | 10% Increase | 10% Increase | 10% Increase | |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|--|
| D. Effect of 10 of acrease in the mortality rate | As at | As at | Aunt | |
| 1 | 31 March 2025 | 31 March 2024 | 01 April 2023 | |
| D-FIIII direction | 127.03 | 00.13 | 96.07 | |

Manage



44 Fair value measurements

Fair value blerarchy

Financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value in the financial statements and are grouped into three levels of a fair value hierarchy. The three levels are defined based on the observability of significant inputs to the measurements, as follows:

Level 1: Quoted price (unadjusted) in active markets for financial instruments.

Level 2: Directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices) observable market inputs, other than Level 1 inputs; and

Level 3: Inputs which are not based on observable market data (unabsorvable inputs). The apputs factors considered are Estimated cash flows and other assumptions.

Set out below is the comparison by class of the carrying amounts and fair value of the Company's financial instruments

Fair value of instruments measured at amortised cost for which fair value is disclosed is as follows, these fair values are calculated using Level 3 in luts:

| | | Carry ing amount | | Fair value* | | | |
|---|---------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--|
| Particulars | As at | Asat | Anat | As at | As at | As at | |
| | 31 March 2025 | 31 March 2024 | 01 April 2023 | 31 March 2025 | 31 March 2024 | 01 April 2023 | |
| Financial assets | | | | | | | |
| Security deposits | 209.92 | 185.64 | 167.25 | 209.92 | 185.64 | 167.25 | |
| Loan to employees | 85.41 | 87.59 | 527.25 | 85.41 | 87.59 | 527.25 | |
| Trade receivables | 9,892,84 | 8,525.38 | 9,684.84 | 9,892.84 | 8,525.38 | 9,684.84 | |
| Interest income accrued on deposits | 24.89 | 3.20 | 3.95 | 24.89 | 3.20 | 3,95 | |
| Export incentive receivables | 115.23 | 274,75 | 191.25 | 115.23 | 274.75 | 191.25 | |
| Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents | 909.97 | 11.05 | 0.14 | 909.97 | 11,05 | 0.14 | |
| Other advances | 9.27 | 3.02 | - | 9.27 | 3.02 | - | |
| Margin money deposit with original maturity of more than one year | 54.36 | 12 | - | 54.36 | - | - | |
| Cash and eash uivolents | 2,905,46 | 3 948.89 | 2,819,30 | 2,905.46 | 3 948.89 | = 819.30 | |
| Total financial assets | 14,107.35 | 13,4,19,51 | 13 93,98 | 14.107.35 | 13,019.51 | 11.193,98 | |
| Financial liabilities | | | | | | | |
| Trade security deposits | 47.00 | 49.00 | 50.00 | 47.00 | 49.00 | | |
| Lease habilities | 464.18 | 517.38 | 322.85 | 464.18 | 517.38 | | |
| Interest accrue and not due on borrowings | 16.75 | 3.46 | 3.11 | 16.75 | 3.46 | | |
| Interest accrue and due on borrowings | 8.11 | 42.39 | 51.44 | 8.11 | 42.39 | | |
| Borrowings | 9,696.12 | 9,268.58 | 11,279.52 | 9,696.12 | 9,268.58 | | |
| Creditors for capital expenditures | 693.08 | 79.83 | 174.49 | 693.08 | 79.83 | 174.49 | |
| Trade payables | 5,211.80 | 6,740.30 | 6,628.91 | 5,211.80 | 6,740.30 | 6,628.91 | |
| Payable to employees | 304 88 | 302.38 | 265.20 | 304.88 | 302.38 | 265.20 | |
| Liabilities for expuses | 121 16 | 340.47 | 97 61 | 121 16 | 340.47 | 97.61 | |
| Total financial liabilities | 16,563.07 | 17,343,79 | 18,073,14 | 16,565,07 | 17.143.79 | 14,473.1- | |

The carrying value of current financial assets and current financial liabilities (cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, trade receivables, trade payables and other ourrent financial assets and liabilities) are recognised to be at fair value due to their short term nature.

Figuncial assets and liabilities measured at fair value-recurring fair value measurements

| | | Cary ing amount | | Fair value | | | |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Particulars | As at 31 March 2025 | Au at 31 Murch 2024 | As at 01 April 2023 | As at 31 March 2025 | As at 31 March 2024 | As at 01 April 2023 | |
| Non-current investment (quoted mutual funds) | | 0.44 | 0.34 | - | 0.44 | 0.34 | |
| Current investment Huoted mutual funds) | 532.20 | | | 532.20 | | - | |
| Total | 532,20 | 0,44 | 0,34 | 532,20 | 0.44 | 0.34 | |

| | | As at 31 March 202 | 25 | |
|--|---------|--------------------|---------|---|
| Particulara | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | |
| Current investment (quoted mutual funds) | 532.20 | - | | - |
| | | As at 31 March 202 | 24 | |
| Particulars | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | |
| Non-current investment (quoted mutual funds) | 0.44 | - | | - |
| | | As at 01 April 202 | 3 | |
| Particulars | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | |
| Non-current investment (quoted mutual funds) | 0.34 | - | | - |

The management assessed that the fair values of short term furancial assets and habilities significantly approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments. The fair value of the furancial assets and liabilities is included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction among willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale

The Company maintains policies and procedures to value financial assets or financial liabilities using the best and most relevant data available. In addition, the Company internally reviews valuation, including independent price validation for certain instruments.

Fair value of financial assets and liabilities is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate fair value:

(a) Fair value of short term funancial assets and habilities significantly approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments.

(b) Fair value of quoted mutual funds is based on the net assets value at the reporting date.

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NEOLITE ZKW LIGHTINGS PRIVATE LIMITED (CIN No. U74899DL1992PTC050702) Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (All emousts in Rs. loca, except share data and per share data, and unless otherwise stated)

45 Financial instruments and risk review Pinancial risk management framework

The Company's financial labilities comprise mainly of trade payables and other payable. The Company's financial assets comprise mainly of uncatments, cash and cash equivalents, other balances with banks, loans, trade receivables and other receivables.

The Company is exposed to Market risk, Credit risk and Liquidity risk. The Company oversees the management of these financial risks. The Company's approach to address uncertainties in its auditance to achieve its stated and implicit objectives. It prescribes the coles and responsibilities of the Company's management, the structure for managing risks and the framework for risk management. The framework needs to identify, assess and mitigate financial performance.

The framework for risk management. The framework needs to identify, assess and mitigate financial performance.

i) Capital management risk

The Company's capital management objectives are: The Company is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain inventor, creditor and market confidence and to maintain future dovelopment of the business.

The Company manages contel risk by maintaining sound/optimal capital structure through monitoring of financial ratios, such as debt-to-equity ratio and act borrowings-to-equity ratio on a monthly boss and implements capital structure improvement plan when necessary. The Company uses debt ratio as a capital management index and calculates the ratio as not dobt divided by total equity. Not debt and total equity are based on the amounts stated in the fluorical statements.

| Made allabate except | it! ratio and net capital | Alexander | Lance College on |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|------------------|
| ACT REDLIN 6: | all , union and ust calidal | rin rai | IN MAI ROBBON AV |

| Particulars | Asut | As pt | As at |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| z di tribeto | 31 March 2025 | JJ March 2024 | BI A cil 2023 |
| Non current borrowing | 5,067,65 | 5.234.10 | 5,153.69 |
| Current maturities of non-current borrowings | 2,149,90 | 1,718.54 | 1,245.70 |
| Current borrowings | 2,478,56 | 2,315.94 | 4,880.07 |
| Interest accrued and due on non-current borrowings | 8.11 | 42.39 | 51.44 |
| Interest accreed and not due on non-current borrowings | 16.75 | 3.46 | 3.11 |
| Total debt (A) | 9,720.97 | 9,314.43 | 11.334.07 |
| Chab and cash equivalents | (2,905.46) | (3,948,89) | (2,819,30 |
| Not debt (B) | 6,815.52 | 5,365.54 | 8,514,76 |
| Challe 15, 1 | 18.190.73 | 12,972.79 | 11,068.74 |
| Net debt to eq. it - ratio B/C | 0,37 | 0.41 | 0.77 |
| Set sig-tal georia; ratio (RC) | 37.47% | 41.36% | 76.93% |

ii) Credit risk

Tredit risk refers to risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations counting in financial loss to the Company. Credit risk arises primarily from financial assets such as trade receivables, other behances with banks, ionus and other receivables.

La resensing, recoverability of receivables, the management has considered the used type, past due status and other relevant factors considering the age of receivables. The provision for expected credit losses (ECL) are revised at each reporting date by the use of practical expedients via provision matrix.

The carrying amount of financial amount represents the manusum or region as opening manus.

The carrying amount of financial amount represents the manusum or region opposite. The manusum represents the manusum or region of the carrying amount of balances with tende receivables. An amount of Ra. 39.73 lacs (31 March 2024: R. 9.684.84 locs) (act of write-off/provisions) respectively, being the total of the carrying amount of balances with tende receivables. An amount of Ra. 39.73 lacs (31 March 2024: R. 9.06 lacs) has been written-off during the year after re-assessing long outstandings and obtaining objective evidences on the impairment of the trade receivables.

Ind AS requires expected credit iosses to be measured through a loss allowance. The Company assesses at each date of financial statement whether a financial asset or a group of financial asset is impaired. The Company recognises lifetime expected losses for all contract assets and for all trade receivables that do not constitute a financial financial asset is impaired. The Company recognises lifetime expected losses for all contract assets and for all trade receivables that do not constitute a financial financial asset in impaired. The Company recognises lifetime expected credit losses or at an amount equal to the lafetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly successful.

The Company's primary customers are major automobile manufacturers (OEMs) with good credit ratings. Company's exposure to customers is diversified and some customers contribute more than 4% of ostalanding accounts receivable which forms 61% of total receivables (31 March 2024; 57% of total receivables, 01 April 2023; 59% of total receivables), however there was no default on account of those customers in the past.

The Company performs credit assessment for customers on an annual basis and recognises credit risk, on the basis lifetime expected losses and where receivables are due for more than six months.

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iii) Liquidity risk
a) Liquidity risk management
Liquidity risk management
Liquidity risk management is to maintain sufficient
Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Company will not be able to sattle or meet its obligations on time. The objective of liquidity risk management is to maintain sufficient
liquidity and ensure that funds are available for use as per requirements. The Company's principal sources of liquidity are cash and cash cash and the cash flow that is
gamerated from operations. The Company believes that the worksing capital is sufficient to sent its curve requirements. As at 31 March 2023, the Company believes that the worksing capital is sufficient to sent its curve requirements. As at 31 March 2023, the Company had a working capital is sufficient to sent its curve requirements. As at 31 March 2023, the Company had a working capital is sufficient to sent its curve requirements. As at 31 March 2023, the Company had a working capital sufficient
Rs. 6,976,87 lncs including cash and cash equivalents of Rs 2,981,89 lncs, 01 April 2023;
Rs 4,023,92 lncs including cash and cash equivalents of Rs 2,819,30 lncs).

The following tables detail the Company's remaining contraction maturity for its financial liabilities with agreed repayment periods. The amount disclosed in the tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted each flows of financial liabilities based on the artiset date on which the Company can be required to pay. The tables include both interest and principal each flows.

| Particulara | An ot 31 Ma | rch 2025 | Ar at 31 Mar | ch 2024 | Arat 91 A | rli 2023 |
|---|-----------------|----------|------------------|-----------|--------------------|------------|
| a de mérmini à | Lem than t rear | 1-5 cura | Less than 1 Hear | 1-6 cents | Less than 1 juille | 1-5 : tars |
| Financial ligblidge | | | | | | |
| Trado security deposits | 47.00 | | 49,00 | - | 50.00 | |
| Losso Habilities | 189.70 | 274.48 | 147.81 | 369.57 | 153.79 | 169.07 |
| Воггоміндя (поп-сштень) | 2,149.90 | 5,967,65 | 1.718.54 | 5,234.10 | 1,245.76 | 5,153.69 |
| Interest accrue and not due on borrowings | 16.75 | | 3,46 | | 3.11 | |
| Interest accrue and due on borrowings | 8.13 | | 42,39 | - | 51.44 | |
| Borrowings (current) | 2,478.56 | | 2,315.94 | - | 4,880.07 | - |
| Creditors for capital expendatures | 693.08 | - | 79.63 | | . 174.49 | - |
| Trado payables | 5,211.80 | - | 6,740.30 | - | 6.52X.91 | - |
| Payable to employees | 304,88 | - | 302.3N | | 265,20 | |
| Liabilities for express | 121.16 | | 340 47 | | 97,61 | - |
| Total | 11,724,93 | 5,342,14 | 11,740,12 | 4.80167 | 19.594.38 | 5, 22,70 |

c) Muturities of financial assets
The following table details the Company's expected maturity for financial assets. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted contractual statustrees of the financial assets including material that will be carried on such assets.

| Particulare | An at 31 Ma | reb 2025 | Aust 31 Mar | ch 2024 | Au at #1 Ali ril 2023 | | |
|--|-----------------|-----------|-----------------|----------|-----------------------|-----------|--|
| I M IA MAIN | Less than I gar | 1-5 rears | Less than I war | 1-6 cars | Less than I seem | 1-5 years | |
| Financial assets (measured at amortised cost) | | | | | 7000 | | |
| Security deposits | 35.68 | 174,24 | 38.93 | 146.71 | 6.80 | 160,44 | |
| Long to employees | 63,82 | 21.59 | 70.00 | 17,59 | 500,53 | 26.70 | |
| Trade reseivables | 9,892.84 | - | 8,525.38 | 100 | 9,684,84 | | |
| Income accrued on deposits | 24,89 | - | 3.20 | - 1 | 3.95 | 23 | |
| Export incentive receivables | 115.23 | | 274.75 | 2.1 | 191.25 | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 2,905.46 | - | 3.948.89 | | 2,819.30 | - | |
| Book bullgees other than cash and cash aquivalents | 909.97 | - | 11.05 | | 0.14 | | |
| Other advinces | 9.27 | - | 3.02 | 4.7 | | | |
| Margin money deposit with original maturity of more than | | 41.74 | | | | | |
| OMC CAL | | 54.36 | - | | | - | |
| Total | 13/257.16 | 250.19 | 12,075,21 | 164,30 | 5,296,314 | 187,14 | |

iv) Market risk
Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cosh flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Such changes in the values of financial instruments may result from changes in the foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates, credit. Ilquidity and other market changes. The Company's exposure to market risk is primarily on account of foreign currency exchange rate risk.

n) Foreiga Currency exchange rate risk

The fluctuation in foreign currency exchange rates may have potential impact on the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive Lucome and equity, where any transaction references more than one currency or where assets / lashities are denominated as a currency other than the functional currency of the respective entities. Considering the countries had economic environment in which the Company operations are subject to risks straining from fluctuations in exchange rates in those countries. The risks primarily relate to fluctuations in USD, EURO, CNY, RUB and GBP against the respective functional currences of the Company, evaluates the impact of foreign exchange rate fluctuations by assessing its exposure to exchange rate risks. The information on foreign currency exposures are as follows:

Muniali

| Particulars | Fareign currency | Amount in Ra | Amount in foreign curre | Exchange rate | Amount in Rx | Amount in fureign | Exchange rule | Amount in Ra | Amount in force currence | Exchange rate |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------|---------------|----------------------------|----------------|---------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------------------|---------------|
| | a or either contained. | Anat | | Anat | As at | Arat | Atal | Anni | At at | Anat |
| | | 31 March 2025 | 31 March 2925 | 31 81 m h 2025 | 31 March 2024 | 31 March 2024 | 31 March 2024 | 91 Worll 2023 | 91.4mm(200) | 01 April 2023 |
| | USD | 202.31 | 2.36 | 65.5B | 116.51 | 1,40 | 63.37 | 379,29 | 4.61 | 82.22 |
| Trade payables | RUB | | | | 29.22 | 32.28 | 0.91 | | | |
| | EURO | 81.49 | 0.88 | 92.32 | 72.48 | 0.80 | 90,22 | 84.51 | 0.94 | 89.61 |
| Foreign currency loan (term loan) | USD | 3,669.55 | 42.88 | 85.58 | 3,263.90 | 39.15 | 83,37 | 2.364.98 | 28.77 | 82.22 |
| 1.044 N. P. L. 1193 | EURO | 701.39 | 7.60 | 92,32 | | | | | | - |
| Poroi current loss PC | USD | | | | | | | 191.21 | 2,33 | 82.22 |
| Total (ar | | 1,651,74 | | | 3.m2.12 | | | 3,021000 | | - |
| | USD | 2,005.25 | 23.43 | 85,58 | 2,430.59 | 29.15 | k3.37 | 3,432.72 | 41.75 | 82.22 |
| Trade receivables | CNY | 730,99 | 62.06 | 11.76 | 1,376,35 | 118.25 | 11.64 | 342.51 | 28.63 | 11.96 |
| a proper proper amples | EURO | 37,07 | 0.40 | 92.32 | (3.6) | 0.15 | 90,22 | 54.22 | 0.61 | 89.61 |
| | GBP | 3.49 | 0.03 | 110.73 | | | | | | |
| Total (b) | | 2,776.81 | | | 20.55 | | | 3,929.45 | | |
| | USD | 1,866.61 | 21.61 | 85,58 | 949,82 | 11.39 | 83.37 | (497.24) | (6.05) | 82.22 |
| | EURO | 745.81 | N,UN | 92.32 | 58.88 | 0.65 | 90.22 | 311.30 | 0.34 | 89.61 |
| | CNY | (730.99) | (62.06) | 11.78 | (1,376) | (118.25) | 11,64 | (342.51) | (28,63) | 11.96 |
| | RUB | | Q-2.000 | | 29.22 | 32.28 | 0.91 | (342.31) | (20,03) | 71.50 |
| | GBP | (3)(0) | 0.03) | 110.73 | | 02.20 | 11,71 | | | |
| Total (a) (b) | | 1 77.93 | | | (A)= 43) | | | garri 45) | | |

Porsign currency sensitivity

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonable possible change in USD. EURO, CNY, RUB and GBP exchange zates, with all other variables held constant, the impact on the Company's profit before tax due to changes in the flair value of anomalogy assets and liabilities. The Company's exposure to foreign currency changes for all other currencies in not insterial. The sensitivity analysis is propored on the net unhedged exposure of the Company as at the reporting date. 10% represents company's assessment of reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rate.

| | | As at 31 March 202 | 5 | | As at 31 Murch 2024 | | | As at 01 April 2023 | 3 |
|------------------------|----------|--------------------|-------------------|----------|---------------------|-------------------|----------|---------------------|----------------|
| Particulars | Currency | Change in rate | Effect on pre-tax | Currency | Change in rate | Effect on pre-tax | Currency | Change in rate | Effect on pro- |
| | USD | 10% | 2.18 | USD | 10% | | USD | 10% | (0.60 |
| | USD | -10% | (2.18) | USD | -(0% | | USD | -10% | 0.60 |
| | EURO | 10% | 0.61 | EURO | 10% | | EURO | 10% | 0,03 |
| | EURO | -10% | (0.81) | EURO | -10% | (0.07) | EURO | -10% | (0,0) |
| Sensitity ity Agalysis | CNY | 10% | (6.21) | CNY | 10% | | CNY | 10% | (2.8) |
| Annual Lay 2 company | CNY | -10% | 6.21 | CNY | -10% | 11.83 | CNY | -10% | 2.86 |
| | RUB | 10% | | RUB | 10% | 3.23 | RUB | 10% | |
| | RUB | -10% | - | RUB | -10% | (3.23) | RUB | -10% | |
| | GBP | 10% | (0.00) | GBP | 10% | 4, | GBP | 10% | |
| | GRP | -10% | 0.00 | CIRD | -109/ | | CIDD | tobi | |

In management's opinion, the sensity ity analysis is unrepresentative of the unberest foreign exchange rish because the exposure at the end of the reporting period does not reflect the

b) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instruntout will fluctuate because of change in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's cash credit/working capital loans and term Jonas.

| Particulara | A) at 31 March 2025 | As of 31 March 2024 | As at 0t April 2023 |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| (i) Cash credit limit | 2,478,27 | 2,315,65 | 4,879.78 |
| ii Lon loons includes current maturities | 7,217.56 | 6,952 64 | 6,399,45 |
| Teal | 9,695,83 | 0.168.29 | 11.179,22 |

Normale

Interest rate sensitivity

The sensitivity analysis below have been determined based on exposure to interest rate. For floating rate liabilities, analysis is prepared assuming the amount of liability outstanding at the and of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year. With all other variables held constant, the Company's profit before tax is affected through the impact on floating rate becrowings, as follows:

| Particulare | As at 31 March 2025 | As at 31 March 2024 | An at ULA _{III} II 2023 |
|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Increase by 1.00 % | 96,96 | 92.68 | 112.79 |
| Decrease by 1.00 % | (96,96) | (92.68) | (112.79) |

e) Commodity price risk

Movement in commodity price in market affects directly or indirectly the price of raw material and components used by the Company. The Company soils its products mainly to sust ankars (Original Equipment Manufacturer) whereby there is a regular negotiation/adjustment of prices on the basis of changes in commodity prices.

(The space has been minutumally left blank)

Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts in Rs. lacs, except share data and per share data, and unless otherwise stated)

46 Corporate social responsibility (CSR) expenditure

As required by section 135 of the companies Act, 2013, The company has made the provision for an amount to be spent on CSR activities. The company has no outstanding commitment as on 31 March 2025 towards corporate social responsibility projects. The break-up of expenditure/contribution towards under corporate social responsibility as under:

| Particulars | For the year ended 31 March 2025 | For the year ended 31 March 2024 |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Gross amount required to be spent during the year | 50.20 | 57.48 |
| Less:- Amount s ent during the gear | 50.20 | 57.48 |
| Short/excess amount a ent | | |

List of nature of CSR activity

The contribution is made to organisation working towards health care and medical support for Birds and Animals, child education, naturopathy your and meditation ргодтапіте.

47 Additional regulatory disclosures as per schedule III of Companies Act, 2013

- (i) The Title deeds of the immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lesse agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) are held in the name of the Company.
- (ii) The Company does not have any investment property.
- (iii) As per the Company's accounting policy, Property, Plant and Equipment and intangible assets are carried at historical cost (less accumulated depreciation & impairment, if any), hence the revaluation related disclosures required as per Additional Regulatory Information of Schedule III (revised) to the Companies Act, is not
- (iv) The Company has not granted Loans or Advances in the nature of loan to any promoters, Directors, KMPs and the related parties (As per Companies Act, 2013), which are repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayments.
- (v) No proceedings have been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and the rules made thereunder.
- (vi) The Company has sanctioned facilities from banks on the basis of security of current assets. The periodic returns filed by the Company with such banks are in agreement with the books of accounts of the Company except in the following cases:

| For the quarter ended | Nature of the current asset | As per books of accounts | Amount as per quarterly return | Variance* |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------|
| Jun-24 | Trade mables | 6,553.52 | 6 585.67 | 32,15 |
| Jun-24 | Inventories | 4 676.06 | 4 676.06 | |
| Jun-24 | Trade receivables | 8,120.41 | 8,102.42 | (17.99) |
| Se -24 | Trade payables | 6,325.49 | 6 339.68 | 14,19 |
| Se>-24 | Inventories | 6,194.31 | 6 194.74 | 0.43 |
| Sep-24 | Trade receivables | 8,201,38 | 8,184.37 | (17.01) |
| Dec-24 | Trade payables | 6,425.88 | 6.478.25 | 52.37 |
| Dec-24 | Inventories | 6.303.51 | 6.305.27 | 1.76 |
| Dec-24 | Trade receivables | 7,832.78 | 7,847.76 | 14.98 |
| Mar-25 | Trade a ables | 5,211,80 | 5.884.95 | 673.15 |
| Mar-25 | Inventories | 6 118,52 | 5.880.18 | (238.34) |
| Mar-25 | Trade receivables | 9,892.84 | 9,727.17 | (165.67) |

^{*}these differences are mainly due to prior reporting to banks before quarterly closure of books.

- (vii) The Company has adhered to debt repayment and interest service obligations on time. Wilful defaulter related disclosures required as per Additional Regulatory Information of Schedule III (revised) to the Companies Act, is not applicable.
- (viii) There are no transactions with the Companies whose name are struck off under Section 248 of The Companies Act, 2013 or Section 560 of the Companies Act, 1956 during the year ended 31 March 2025.
- (ix) All applicable cases where registration of charges or satisfaction is required to be filed with Registrar of Companies have been filed. No registration or satisfaction is pending at the year ended 31 March 2025,
- (x) The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of Section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Restriction on number of Lavers) Rules, 2017.
- (xi) No scheme of arrangement has been approved by the competent authority in terms of Section 230 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (xii) The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
- (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (ultimate beneficiaries)
- (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiary
- (xiii) The Company have not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
- (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (ultimate beneficiaries)
- (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- (xiv) The Company has not operated in any crypto currency or Virtual Currency transactions
- (xv) During the year the Company has not disclosed or surrendered, any income other than the income recognised in the books of accounts in the tax assessments under Income Tax wit, 1961. Musicoli

48 Kes Financials Ratios

| Particulars | Numerator | Denominator | | For the year ended 31 March 2025 | For the year ended 31 March 2024 | Variance |
|--|---|---|---------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------|
| 1) Current ratio | Current assets | Current liabilities | Tintes | 1.41 | 1.31 | 7.60% |
| 2) Deht opsity satis | · Total debt | Equity | Times | 0.53 | 0.72 | 25.57%) |
| | Earning for debt service = Net profit after taxes + Non cash | | | | | |
| 3) Debt service coverage ratio | operating expenses like depreciation and other amortizations + Interest + other adjustments like loss on sale of property, plant & equipment etc. | Debt service = Interest + Principal Repayments | Times | 3.07 | 1.86 | 65.36% |
| 4) Return on equity | Net profits after taxes – preference dividend (if any) | Average shareholder's equity | % | 33.90% | 15.85% | 113.87% |
| 5) Inventory turnover ratio | Net sales including other o erating income | Average inventory | Times | 9.93 | 9.37 | 5.96% |
| 6) Trade receivable turnover ratio | Net sales including other grating income | Average trade receivables | Times | 5.56 | 4.43 | 25.63% |
| 7) Trade payable turnover ratio | Total purchases | Average trade payables | · Times | 4,68 | 3.26 | 43,42% |
| 8) Net working capital turnover ratio | Net sales including other operating income | Working capital (current assets less current liabilities) | Times | 8.87 | 8.40 | 5.58% |
| 9) Net profit ratio | Net profit | Net sales including other operating income | % | 10.32% | 4.73% | 118.17% |
| 10) Return on capital employed | Earning before interest and tax (EBIT) | (Tangible net worth + Total debt + Deferred tax liabilit | % | 31.12% | 15.54% | 100.29% |
| 11 Return on investment* | Income unerated from invested | A craige Investment | % | 11.92% | 26.79% | 55.50%) |

Debt equity ratio:- The ratio has decline due to increase in equity on account of better earnings during the year.

Debt service coverage ratio:- The ratio has increased due to increase in net profit earned during the year.

Return on equity:- The ratio has increased due to increase in net profit earned during the year.

Trade receivable turnover ratio:- The variance is on account of increase in revenue from operations in the current year.

Frade payable turnover ratio:- The variance is a result of increase in purchases made during the year and decline in average trade payables.

Net profit ratio:- The ratio has increased due to increase in net profit earned during the year.

Return on capital employed:- Increase is due to increase in earnings before interest and tax during the year.

Return on investment:- The decline in ratio is as a result of increase in average investment value.

*For the purposes of calcuation of the return on investment ratio, the investment in fixed deposits with banks and interest earned on the same has not been considered as the fixed deposits have been made for utilisation in the proposed business expansion.

49 Dues to Micro Small and Medium Enterprises

The Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises has issued an office memorandum dated August 26, 2008 which recommends that the Micro and Small Enterprises should mention in their correspondence with its customers the Entrepreneurs Memorandum Number as allocated after filing of the Memorandum in accordance with the 'Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006' ('the Act'). Accordingly, the disclosure in respect of the amounts payable to such enterprises as at 31 March 2025, as at 31 March 2024 and as at 01 April 2023 has been made in the financial statements based on information received and available with the Company. The Company has not received any claim for interest from any supplier as at the balance sheet date.

| As at | As at | As at |
|---------------|---|--|
| 31 March 2025 | 31 March 2024 | 01 April 2023 |
| | | |
| 1,037.65 | 429,24 | |
| 9.01 | 5.14 | |
| | | |
| | | |
| - | - | - |
| | | |
| 3.87 | 5.14 | |
| 9.01 | 5.14 | - |
| 3.87 | 5.14 | • |
| | 31 March 2025 1,037.65 9.01 - - 3.87 9.01 | 31 March 2025 31 March 2024 1,037.65 429.24 9.01 5.14 |

50 The Directors do not recommend any dividend during the year in view of the requirement of funds for future growth of the the Company.

51 The Code on Social Security, 2020 ('Code') relating to employee benefits during employment and post-employment benefits received Presidential assent in September, 2020. The Code has been published in the Gazette of India. However, the date on which the Code will come in to the effect has not been notified. The Company will assess the impact of the Code when it comes into effect and will record any related impact in the period the Code becomes effective.

52 The Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software, except that audit trait feature is not enabled at the database level insofar as it relates to accounting on ware and the audit trail feature is also not enabled for certain changes made using priviledge/administrative access right to the applications. Houseall

53 First time adoption of Ind AS

These are the Company's first financial statements prepared in accordance with Ind AS. For the year ended upto and including 31 March 2024, the Company had prepared its financial statements in accordance with Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006, notified under Section 133 of the Act and other relevant provisions of the Act (Previous GAAP). The accounting policies set out in Note 1 have been applied in preparing these financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 including the comparative information for the year ended 31 March 2024 and the opening Ind AS balance sheet on the date of transition i.e. 01 April 2023 (Transition date').

In preparing its Ind AS balance sheet as at 01 April 2023, and in presenting the comparative information for the year ended 31 March 2024, the Company has adjusted amounts reported previously in financial statements prepared in accordance with Previous GAAP as detailed hereunder and accordingly the impact of such transition on the Company's financial position and financial performance is listed hereunder:

In preparing these financial statements, the Company has applied the below mentioned exceptions:

(A) Ind AS optional exemptions

(i) Deemed cost for property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

Ind AS 101 permits a first-time adopter to elect to continue with the carrying value for all of its property, plant and equipment as recognized in the financial statements as at the date of transition to Ind AS, measured as per the Previous GAAP and use that as its deemed cost as at the date of transition. This exemption can also be used for intangible assets covered by Ind AS 38 Intangible Assets. Accordingly, the Company has elected to measure all of its property, plant and equipment (including capital work in progress) and intangible asset (including intangible assets under development) at their Previous GAAP carrying value.

(B) Ind AS mandatory exemptions

(i) Estimates

An entity's estimates in accordance with Ind ASs at the date of transition to Ind AS shall be consistent with estimates made for the same date in accordance with previous GAAP (after adjustments to reflect any difference in accounting policies), unless there is objective evidence that those estimates were in error. Ind AS estimates as at I April 2023 are consistent with the estimates as at the same date made in conformity with previous GAAP.

(il) Classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities

Classification of financial asset is required to be made on the basis of the facts and circumstances that exist at the date of transition to Ind AS. Further, if it is impracticable for the Company to apply retrospectively the effective interest method in Ind AS 109, the fair value of the financial asset or the financial liability at the date of transition to Ind AS shall be the new gross carrying amount of that financial asset or the new amortised cost of that financial liability at the date of transition to Ind AS shall be the new gross carrying amount of that financial asset or the new amortised cost of that financial liability at the date of transition to

(iii) Impairment of financial assets

At the date of transition to Ind AS, determining whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since the initial recognition of a financial asset would require undue cost or effort, the Company has recognised a loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses at each reporting date until that financial instrument is de-recognised.

(C) Notes to first time adoption

(i) Figurcial assets and liabilities at amortised cost

Under previous GAAP, financial assets (including security deposits) were recognized at transaction price. Under Ind AS, such financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently carried at amortised cost determined using the Effective Interest rate. Any difference between transaction price and fair value affects profit and loss unless it quantiles for recognition as some other type of asset.

Ind AS 109 requires transaction costs incurred towards origination of borrowings to be deducted from the earrying amount of borrowings on initial recognition. These costs are recognized in the statement of profit and loss over the tenure of the borrowing as part of the finance cost by applying the effective interest method. Under previous GAAP, these transaction costs were charged to statement of profit and loss on straight line basis over the period of loan.

(ii) Impact of depreciation on right on use assets and laterest on lease liabilities

Under previous GAAP, lessees used to classify lease contracts as a finance lease or an operating lease at the inception of contract. Under operating lease, rent payments were recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease-term. Under Ind AS, the Company measures the lease liability at the present value of the outstanding lease payments from lease commencement date, discounted using the Company's incremental borrowing rate. Subsequent to initial measurement, the liability is reduced for payments made and increased for interest expense. Further, the Company recognises right-of-use asset which is made up of the initial measurement of the lease liability, including any initial direct costs incurred by the Company.

'Subsequently to initial measurement, the Company depreciates the right-of-use assets on a straight-line basis from the lease commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right of-use asset or the end of the lease term.

(ili) Revenue from contract with customers

Under Previous GAAP, revenue was recognized net of trade discounts, rebates, sales taxes and excise duties. Under IND AS, revenue is recognized at the fair value of the consideration received or received or received or received or received on behalf of the government such as goods and service tax.

(iv) Impact of expected credit losses

Under previous GAAP, provision for financial asset is recognised on specific identification method based on management assessment of recoverability of loans. Under Ind AS 109, the Company is required to apply expected credit loss model for recognising the allowance for loans.

(v) Impact of fair valuation of the financial instruments

Under previous GAAP, investments in equity/mutual funds instrument were carried at cost and tested for other than temporary diminution. Under Ind AS, such investments are carried at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) or fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOC).

(vi) Tax impact on adjustments

Retained earnings and statement of profit and loss has been adjusted consequent to the Ind AS transition adjustments with corresponding impact to deferred tax, wherever applicable.

(vii) Other comprehensive income

Under Ind AS, all items of income and expense recognized in a period should be included in profit and loss for the period, unless a standard requires or permits otherwise. Item of income and expense that are not recognised profit and loss but are shown in the statement of profit and loss as "other comprehensive income" includes re-n a urements of defined benefit plans and their corresponding income tax effects. The concept of other comprehensive income did not exist under previous GA/P.

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(. mounts in Rs. lacs, except share data and per share data, and unless otherwise stated)

(D) Reconciliation of the assets and liabilities presented in the balance sheet of the audited financial statements prepared as per previous GAAP and as per the Ind AS financial statements is as follows:

| Particulars | Note | Audited as at 31 March 2024* | Effect of Transition to IND AS | As per Ind AS as at 31 March 2024 | Audited as at 31 March 2023* | Effect of Transition to IND AS | As per Ind A ### ### ########################### |
|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| Assets | | | IND AS | 31 March 2024 | | IND AS | VI April 202 |
| Non-current assets | | | | | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | | 13,171.26 | _ | 13,171.26 | 11,505.34 | _ | 11,505.3 |
| Capital work-in-progress | | 100.88 | - | 100.88 | = | - | |
| Right-of-use assets | 1, 3(a) & 3(b) | - | 500.97 | 500.97 | | 310.89 | 310.8 |
| Intangible assets | | 45.45 | | 45.45 | 84.37 | | 84.3 |
| Financial Assets | | 100 | | | | | |
| Investments | 2 | 0.10 | 0.34 | 0.44 | 0.10 | 0.24 | 0, |
| Loans | 3 (a) | 265 | 17.59 | 17.59 | - | 26.70 | 26. |
| Other financial assets | 3 (a) | | 146.71 | 146.71 | _ | 160.44 | 160. |
| Other non-current assets | 3 (a) | 1,141.14 | (170.65) | 970.50 | 356.80 | 192.76 | 164. |
| Total non-current assets | J (a) | 14.458.84 | 494.97 | 14,953.81 | 11.946.60 | 305.51 | 12.252. |
| | | | | | | | |
| Current assets | | | | | | | |
| Inventories | | 4,196.10 | - | 4,196.10 | 4,405.19 | • | 4,405. |
| Financial assets | | | | | | | |
| Trade receivables | 3 (c) & (d) | 8,376.86 | 148.52 | 8,525.38 | 8,319.89 | 1,364.95 | 9,684. |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 3 (e) | 3,959.94 | (11.05) | 3,948.89 | 2,819.44 | (0.14) | 2,819. |
| Bank balances other than eash and cash equivalents | 3 (e) | - | 11.05 | 11.05 | - | 0.14 | 0. |
| Loans | 3 (b) | 2,645.68 | (2,575.68) | 70.00 | 2,154.97 | (1,654.41) | 500. |
| Other financial assets | 3 (b) & (c) | | 319.89 | 319.89 | | 202.00 | 202. |
| Other current assets | 3 (b) & (c) | 246.29 | 2.138.03 | 2.384.32 | 117.45 | 1.452.30 | 1.569. |
| Total current assets | (1) | 19,424.87 | 30.77 | 19 455.63 | 17.816.93 | 1,364.84 | 19 181 |
| Total assets | | 33.883.71 | 525.73 | 34 409.44 | 29.763.54 | 1,670.35 | 31,433. |
| Equities and liabilities Equity Equity share capital Other equity | 1 & 2 | 1,356.22 | 23.00) | 1,356.22 11,616.57 | 1,356.22 9,729.98 | (17.46) | 1,356. 9.712. |
| Total equity | 1002 | 12,995,79 | (23.00) | 12 972.79 | 11,086.20 | (17,46) | 11 068. |
| 1 otal equity | | 12,995.79 | (23.00) | 12,972.79 | 11,080.20 | (17,40) | 11,000, |
| Liabilities Non-current Liabilities Financial liabilities | | 5.234.10 | | 6 224 10 | E 152 40 | | 6 152 |
| Borrowings | | 5,234.10 | 240.67 | 5,234.10 | 5,153.69 | 140.07 | 5,153. |
| Lease liabilities | 1 | 224.12 | 369.57 | 369.57 | 307.00 | 169.07 | 169. |
| Provisions | | 324.12 | 0.00 | 324.12 | 286.00 | - | 286. |
| Deferred tax liabilities (net) | 1 | 623.92 | 0.00 | 623.92 | 598.53 | - | 598. |
| Total non-current liabilities | | 6,182.14 | 369.57 | 6,551.71 | 6,038.22 | 169.07 | 6,207. |
| Current liabilities Financial liabilities | | | | 1 | | | |
| Borrowings | 4 (a) | 4,003.12 | 31.36 | 4,034.48 | 4,760.88 | 1,364.95 | 6,125. |
| Lease liabilities | i | (9) | 147.81 | 147.81 | - | 153.79 | 153. |
| Trade payables | | 6,740.30 | _ | 6,740.30 | 6,628.91 | _ | 6,628. |
| Other financial liabilities | 4 (b) | · . | 817.54 | 817.54 | | 641.85 | 641. |
| Provisions | 4 (c) | 195.28 | (80.92) | 114.36 | 167.29 | (30.21) | 137. |
| Other current liabilities | 4 (b) | 3,767.08 | (817.54) | 2,949.55 | 1,082.04 | (641.85) | 440. |
| Current tax liabilities (net) | 4 (c) | 2,,0,,0 | 80.92 | 80.92 | -, | 30.21 | 30.: |
| Total current liabilities | . (6) | 14,705.78 | 179.17 | 14.884.95 | 12 639.12 | 1.518.74 | 14.157. |
| Total liabilities | | 20,887.92 | 548.74 | 21.436.65 | 18 677.34 | 1.487.80 | 20,165. |
| Total aguity and liabilities | | 22 992 71 | #2# 72 | 21 100 11 | 20 762 61 | 1 670 28 | 21 .122 |
| Total equity and liabilities | | 33 883.71 | 525.73 | 34,409,44 | 29 763.54 | 1,670.35 | 31 433. |

^{*} The audited financial 1 tements figures have been reclassified to conform to Ind AS presentation requirements for the purposes of this note Note:- There have been no restaurant adjustment in the financial year ended 31 M with 2025

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(B)

Il amounts in Rs. lacs, except share data and per share data, and unless otherwise stated)

(D) Reconciliation of the income and expenses presented in the statement of profit and loss of the audited financial statements prepared as per previous GAAP and as per the Ind AS financial statements is as follows:

| | | For the | or the year ended 31 March 2024 | | |
|---|-------------|---|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| Particulars | Note | Audited for the year ended 31 March 2024* | Effect of Transition to IND AS | As per Ind As for the year ended 31 March 2024 | |
| INCOME | | | | | |
| Revenue from Operations | 5 | 40,343.09 | (44.34) | 40,298.75 | |
| Other income | 1, 2, 5 & 8 | 138.88 | (80.00) | 58.88 | |
| TOTAL INCOME | | 40,481.98 | (124.35) | 40,357.63 | |
| Cost of raw materials and components consumed | 8 | 21,453.53 | (62.37) | 21,391.15 | |
| Purchase of stock in trade | | 429.99 | - | 429.99 | |
| Change in inventory of Finished goods, Work in Progress and Stock in Trade | | 266.65 | - | 266.65 | |
| Employee benefits expense | 6 | 6,108.10 | (1.87) | 6,106.22 | |
| Finance costs | 1&7 | 824.33 | 102.75 | 927.07 | |
| Depreciation and amotization expenses | 1 | 1,338.35 | 209.95 | 1,548.30 | |
| Other expenses | 1,5 & 7 | 7,425.91 | (369.13) | 7,056.78 | |
| TOTAL EXPENSES | | 37,846.85 | (120.67) | 37,726.18 | |
| Profit before tax | | 2,635.13 | (3.67) | 2,631.45 | |
| Tax expenses | | | , , | - | |
| Current tax | 6 | 700.61 | 0.50 | 701.11 | |
| Deferred tax liability/ (assets) | 1 | 25.39 | _ | 25.39 | |
| Short tax provision for earlier years | | (0.47) | | (0.47 | |
| Profit after tax | | 1,909.60 | (4.17) | 1,905,43 | |
| Other comprehensive income/(loss): | | | | | |
| Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to statement of profit and loss: | | | | | |
| Defined benefit plan remeasurements | 6 | - | (1.87) | (1.87 | |
| Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss | 6 | | 0.50 | 0.50 | |
| | | | (1.37) | 11.37 | |
| Items that will be reclassified subsequently to the statement of profit and loss | | _ | _ | | |
| Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax | | | (1.37) | (1.37 | |
| Total comprehensive income for the year, net of tax | | 1,909.60 | (5.55) | 1,904.05 | |

^{*} The audited financial statements figures have been reclassified to conform to Ind AS presentation requirements for the purposes of this note.

Note:- There have been no restatement adjustment in the financial year ended 31 March 2025

(This space has been intentionally left blank)

Il amounts in Rs. lacs, except share data and per share data, and unless otherwise stated)

(D) Effect of Ind AS adoption on the Financial Statements - Explanatory Notes

1 Right-of-use assets

The company has adopted IND AS 116 effective 01 April 2023, using the modified retrospective method. The company has applied the standard to its leases with cumulative effect recognised on the date of initial application (01 April 2023). This has resulted in recognising a right of use asset of Rs 494.03 lacs as at 31 March 2024 and Rs 305.16 lacs as at 01 April 2023 along with a corresponding lease liability of Rs 517.38 lacs as at 31 March 2024 and Rs 322.85 lacs as at 01 April 2023.

The difference of Rs 23.34 lacs and Rs 17.70 lacs in ROU asset and ROU liability created as at 31 March 2024 and 01 April 2023 is as explained. An amount of Rs 17.70 lacs has been taken to retained earnings as at 01 April 2023 for the effect of ROU asset and ROU liability created and remaining difference is detailed below:-

| Effect of IND AS 116 | As at 31 March 2024 | As at 01 April 2023 |
|--|------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Right-of-use assets | 494.03 | 305.16 |
| Lease liabilities (current) | 147.81 | 153.79 |
| Lease liabilities (non-current) | 369.57 | 169.07 |
| Difference of Right-of-use assets and Lease liabilities recognised in retained earnings | 23.35 | 17.70 |
| | 3 | For the year ended 31 March 2024 |
| Other expenses Rent (decrease) | | (223.40) |
| Selling and distribution expenses (decrease) | | (3.30) |
| Total (u) | | (226.70) |
| Finance cost Interest expense on lease liabilities (increase) | | 37.24 |
| | | |
| Depreciation and amortization expenses Amortization on right of use assets (increase) | | 209,95 |
| Total (b) | | 247,19 |
| Difference (c) = ((b)-(a)) | | 20,49 |
| Other income | | |
| Gain on derecognition of right of use assets and lease liabilities on account of termination and modification of leases (increase) | | 9.80 |
| Unwinding of interest on financial assets (increase) | | 5.04 |
| Total (d) | | 14.84 |
| Difference $(e) = ((d)-(e))$ | | (5.65) |

2 Fair value of investments

The investment previously measured at lower of cost or fair value under previous GAAP amounting to Rs 0.10 lacs has been measured at fair value through Profit and Loss account (FVTPL) as per IND AS 109. The fair value of the investment as on 31 March 2024 is Rs 0.44 lacs, and the cumulative resulting gain of Rs 0.34 lacs out of this Rs 0.24 lacs has been recognised in retained earnings of financial year 2022-23. The current year increase in investment value amounting to Rs 0.10 lacs recognised in Profit and Loss account.

The fair value of the investment as on 01 April 2023 is Rs 0.34 lacs, and the cumulative resulting gain of Rs 0.24 lacs has been recognised in retained earning.

| | As at |
|--|---------------|
| | 01 April 2023 |
| Value of investment as per previous GAAP as at 01 April 2023 | 0.10 |
| Value of investment as per Ind AS as at 01 April 2023 | 0,34 |
| Difference of above recognised in retained earnings | 0.24 |
| | |

| Other | income |
|-------|--------|

Net gain on fair valuation of investments carried at fair value through profit & loss (increase)

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For the year ended 31 March 2024





- 3 Previously, the financial statements were prepared on the basis of Indian GAAP. With the adoption of IND AS in the current year, we have reclassified following exets. The presentation has been updated as follows
- (a) Under the previous GAAP 'Other non-current assets' includes staff advance and security deposits which have been reclassified to 'Loans (non-current)', 'Right-of-use assets' and 'Other financial assets (non-current)' respectively as per the requirement of IND AS.

| Other non-current assets | As at 31 March 2024 | As at 01 April 2023 |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|
| Previous GAAP | | |
| Other non-current assets (decrease) | 170.65) | (192.76) |
| | (170.65) | (192.76) |
| IND AS presentation | | |
| Right-of-use assets (increase) (net of amortisation) | 6.34 | 5.62 |
| Loans non-current (increase) | 17.59 | 26.70 |
| Other financial assets non-current (increase) | 146.71 | 160.44 |
| | 170.65 | 192.76 |

(b) Under the previous GAAP 'Short-term loans & advances' includes Advances other than capital advances and Balance with statutory authorities. Export incentive receivable included in Balance with statutory authorities to the tune of Rs 274.75 lacs (previous year Rs 191.25 lacs) and security deposit of Rs 39.52 lacs (Rs 6.91 lacs) have been reclassified to 'Other financial assets (current)' and 'Right-of-use assets' as per the requirement of IND AS. Further, Advances other than capital advances and remaining balance with statutory authorities reclassified to 'Other current assets'.

| Short-term loans & advances | As at 31 March 2024 | As at 01 April 2023 |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|
| Previous GAAP | | |
| Short term loans and advances (decrease) | (2,575.68) | (1,654.41) |
| | (2,575,68) | 1,654,41) |
| IND AS presentation | | |
| Right-of-use assets (increase) (net of amortisation) | 0.59 | 0.11 |
| Other financial assets current (increase) | 316.70 | 198.05 |
| Other current assets (increase) | 2.258.39 | 1,456.25 |
| | 2,575.68 | 1,654,41 |
| | | |

(c) Under the previous GAAP 'Other current assets' includes Interest accrued on Margin money deposit which have been reclassified to 'Other financial assets (current)' respectively as per the requirement of IND AS. Further, there has been a reclassification of unbilled receivable amounting to 117.16 lacs which was included under other current assets in the previous GAAP which is now reclassified to trade receivables.

| As at March 2024 | As at 01 April 2023 |
|---------------------|------------------------|
| | |
| (120.36) | (3.95) |
| (120,36) | 3,95 |
| | |
| 3.20 | 3.95 |
| 117.16 | |
| 120,36 | 3.95 |
| | 117.16 |

(d) Under the previous GAAP, sales bill discounting facility obtained from banks amounting to Rs 31.36 lacs (previous year Rs 1,364.95 lacs) has been disclosed as contingent liability which has now been recognised as borrowings (current, financial liabilities) in IND AS financial statements. Correspondingly, amount of trade receivables which were derecognised in previous GAAP financials amounting to Rs 31.36 lacs has been restated with the said amount.

IND AS presentation

Trade receivables (increase) 31.36 1,364.95

(e) Under the previous GAAP 'Cash and cash equivalents' includes deposits with original maturity of more than 3 months but less than one year which have been reclassified to 'Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents' respectively as per the requirement of IND AS.

| Cash and cash equivalents | 31 March 2024 | 01 April 2023 |
|---|--------------------|------------------|
| Previous GAAP | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents (Decrease) | (11.05) (11.05) | (0.14) (0.14) |
| IND AS pre-Cutation | | |
| Bank balances, ther than cash and cash equivalents (increase) | 11.05 | 0.14 |
| | 11,05 | 0,14 |

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- 4 Previously, the financial statements were prepared on the basis of Indian GAAP. With the adoption of IND AS in the current year, we have reclassified following billities. The presentation has been updated as follows
- (a) Under the previous GAAP 'Short-term borrowings' includes current maturities of long-term debt which have been reclassified to 'Other financial liabilities (current)' as per the requirement of IND AS. Further, bill discounting facility obtained from banks amounting to Rs 31.36 lacs (Rs 1,364.96 lacs) has been disclosed as contingent liability in previous GAAP financials which has now been recognised as borrowings (current, financial liabilities) in IND AS financial statements.

| Borrowings | As at 31 March 2024 | As at 01 April 2023 |
|--|---------------------|------------------------|
| Previous GAAP Short-term borrowings increase | 31.36 | 1,164.95 |
| - | 31.36 | 1,364.95 |
| IND AS presentation Borrowings (current, financial liabilities) (increase) | 31.36 | 1,364.95 |
| Total (b) | 31.36 | 1,364.95 |

(b) Under the previous GAAP 'Other current liabilities' includes Interest accrued and due on borrowings, Interest accrued and not due on borrowings, Creditors for capital expenditure, Payable to employees, Liabilities for accrued expenses and Trade security deposits which have been reclassified to 'Other financial liabilities (current)' as per the requirement of IND AS.

| Other current linbilities | As at 31 March 2024 | As at 01 April 2023 |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|
| Previous GAAP | | |
| Other current liabilities (decrease) | (817.54) | (641.85) |
| | (817.54) | (641.85) |
| IND AS presentation | | |
| Other financial liabilities (increase) | 817.54 | 641.85 |
| | 817,54 | 641.85 |

(c) Under the previous GAAP 'Short-term provisions' includes Income tax provisions which have been reclassified to 'Current tax liabilities (net)' as per the requirement of IND AS.

| Provisions | As at 31 March 2024 | As at 01 April 2023 |
|--|---------------------|------------------------|
| Previous GAAP Provisions (decrease) | 80.921 | (30.21) |
| | (80,92) | (30.21) |
| IND AS presentation | | |
| Current tax liabilities (net) (increase) | 80.92 | 30.21 |
| , | 80.92 | 30.21 |
| | | |

5 Revenue from operations

Under Previous GAAP, revenue was recognized net of trade discounts, rebates, sales taxes and excise duties. Under IND AS, revenue is recognized at the fair value of the consideration received or received or received, after deduction of any trade discounts, cash discounts, volume rebates and any taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government such as sales tax and value added tax except excise duty. Discounts given include rebates, price reductions and incentives given to customers, promotional couponing and trade communication costs which have been reclassified from 'other expenses' under Previous GAAP and netted from revenue under IND AS. Accordingly, cash discount amounting to Rs 76.92 lacs and Rs 51.54 lacs for the year ended 31 March 2024 and 01 April 2023 respectively, was reclassified from Other expense head and netted of

| | For the year ended 31 March 2024 |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| Revenue from operations Net sales (decrease) | (44.34) |
| | (44.34) |
| Other income Gain on exchange fluctuation (decrease) | (32.58) |
| Other expenses Administrative and selling expenses (decrease) | (76.92) |
| Λ | (44.34) |

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6 Remeasurement of defined benefit Plans

In the financial statements prepared under previous GAAP, measurement benefit of defined plans, arising primarily due to change in actuarial assumptions was recognized employee benefits expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Under IND AS, such measurement benefits relating to defined benefit plans is recognized in Other Comprehensive Income as per the requirements of Ind AS 19- Employee benefits. Consequently, the related tax effect of the same has also been recognized in Other Comprehensive Income.

| For the year ended 31 March 2024 |
|-------------------------------------|
| 1,87 |
| (1.87) |
| 0.50 |
| (1.37) |
| |

7 Finance cost

Under previous GAAP, upfront interest cost incurred on discounting of sale bills from banks was recognised under cash discount grouped under the head 'other expenses' which as per IND AS has been reclassified to 'finance cost'.

| | For the year ended 31 March 2024 |
|--|----------------------------------|
| Finance cost Other borrowing costs (increase) | 65.51 65.51 |
| Other expenses | 07.51 |
| Administrative and selling expenses (decrease) | (65.51) |
| | 65,51 |

8 Other income

Under previous GAAP, Rebate & Discount received from vendors were shown under 'other income' which has now been reclassified and netted off with 'purchase of raw material' under Ind AS.

| | For the year ended 31 March 2024 |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| Other income Rebate & Discount (Decrease) | (2.25 |
| vanues or extraordit from Armal. | (62.37) |
| | (62.37) |
| Purchase of raw materials | |
| Purchase of raw materials (decrease) | (62.37) |
| | (62.37) |

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Nins to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(A...amounts in Rs. lacs, except share data and per share data, and unless otherwise stated)

54 As at 31 March 2025, the Company has foreign currency payables of Rs 197.98 lacs (31 March 2024: Rs 79.90 lacs, 01 April 2023; Rs 54.23 lacs) to various vendors. The payable is outstanding for more than six months, from the date they were due. Further, the payable also include Rs 88.14 lacs (31 March 2024: Rs 8.67 lacs, 01 April 2023: Rs 19.48 lacs) which is outstanding for more than 3 years. The Company is in the process of filing the application with the authorised dealer for obtaining the approval for extension of timelines for an amount of Rs 109.84 lacs for payment. The management is of the opinion that the required approval at the time of payment will be obtained and there would be no legal implication on these balances being outstanding beyond the timelines stipulated in FED Master Direction No. 17/2016-17 on Import of Goods and Services, as amended, under the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 ('FEMA'). Further, in respect of the balance amount of Rs 88.14 lacs the Company is in the process of filing an application for obtaining approval for writing it back as per the prevailing guidelines of RBI.

55 As at 31 March 2025 the Company has foreign currency receivables amounting to Rs. 629.66 lacs (31 March 2024: Rs 731.88 lacs 01 April 2023: Rs 186.65 lacs) which are outstanding beyond the timelines stipulated in Notification No. FEMA 23(R)/2015-RB of Foreign Exchange Management (Export of Goods & Services) Regulations, 2015, as amended, and FED Master Direction No. 17/2016-17 on Import of Goods and Services, as amended, under Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 ('FEMA'). The management is in the process to recover such balances. The management is of the opinion that the required approval will be obtained and that there would be no legal implication on these balances being outstanding beyond the timelines stipulated in FED Master Direction No. 17/2016-17 on Import of Goods and Services, as amended, under the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 ('FEMA').

56 The Company did not appoint an internal auditor as required by Section 138 of the Companies Act, 2013, and the rules framed thereunder, for the financial year ended 31 March 2024. Consequently, the auditor has issued a qualified opinion in the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (CARO) report for the year ended 31 March 2024 regarding this matter.

57 Events after reporting date

Subsequent to the reporting date, the board of directors at its meeting held on 16 September 2025, Mr. Arun Kumar Jain resigned as Company Secretary and was appointed as Chief Financial Officer of the Company with effect from that date.

In his place, Mr. Brajesh Kumar Tiwary was appointed as the Company Secretary of the Company with effect from 16 September 2025.

These changes occurred after the balance sheet date and do not have any impact on the financial position of the Company as at 31 March 2025.

58 Previous year's figures have been regrouped/reclassified wherever necessary to comply with amendments in Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013.

Details of regroupings/reclassification

Particulars Current head Previous head Other payable (includes accrued expense/liabilities) Trade payables Other financial liabilities⁴ Gain on exchange fluctuation Other operating income Other income

As per our report for even date for V Sachdeva & Associates

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration: 00441

Chartered Accountant V.Sach

Proprieto Membership Nu. 083-38

UDIN- 25083435BMJAKI6129

Place: New Delhi Date: 29 September 2025 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Consumer

eishali Jain

DIN: 01481308

Director

Raich Jain lanaging Director

DIN: 01481291

Armi Kumar Jaio

Brajesh Kumar Tiwary Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary

^{*} Other financial liabilities in the earlier year were reflected under other current liabilities.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

To, The Members,

Your Directors are pleased to present the 33rd Annual Report of Neolite ZKW Lightings Private Limited ("the Company") together with the audited standalone financial statements for the financial year ended 31st March, 2025, along with the Auditors' Report thereon, pursuant to Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013.

1. FINANCIAL RESULTS

The financial highlights of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2025 are as under:

(All amounts are in INR Million, unless otherwise stated)

| PARTICULARS | YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025 | YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024 |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS | . 5,120.75 | 4,026.62 |
| OTHER INCOME | 17.15 | 9.15 |
| TOTAL INCOME | 5,137.90 | 4,035.77 |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURE | 4,415.23 | 3,772.62 |
| PROFIT BEFORE TAX (PBT) | 722.67 | 263.15 |
| TAX EXPENSE | 194.43 | 72.60 |
| PROFIT FOR THE YEAR | 528.24 | 190.55 |
| OTHER COMPREHENSIVE IN- COME | (6.45) | (0.14) |

| PART I CULARS | YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025 | YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024 |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE IN- COME | 521.79 | 190.41 |
| BASIC EPS (FACE VALUE ₹100 EACH) | 447.76 | 161.51 |
| DILUTED EPS | 389.50 | 140.50 |

During FY 2024–25, the Company earned a net profit of ₹722.67 million as compared to ₹263.15 million in the previous financial year, reflecting robust operational and financial performance.

2. ANNUAL RETURN

Pursuant to Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Annual Return of the Company has been placed on its website and can be accessed at:

Annual Return Form MGT-7-2023-24.pdf

3. STATE OF COMPANY'S AFFAIRS AND REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

During the financial year 2024-25, the Company continued to strengthen its position as a leading manufacturer of automotive lighting systems, serving both domestic OEMs and international customers. The operations remained robust across all business segments, with particular growth recorded in export sales and premium LED product lines.

Key business developments during the year included execution of long-term supply agreements with marquee automobile manufacturers, investment in new production lines at the Company's Bahadurgarh plant, and roll-out of automation and digitalization initiatives to enhance operational efficiency. The Company has maintained its financial year ending March 31. Capital expenditure during the year was primarily directed towards expansion of LED module production capacity and modernization of testing laboratories to meet evolving regulatory and customer requirements.

Further, the Company pursued expansion and diversification initiatives, including evaluation of new product segments in adaptive lighting and advanced driver-assistance system (ADAS) compatible lighting solutions. Significant steps were also taken for development, registration, and protection of Intellectual Property Rights, with several new design registrations and patent applications filed to strengthen the Company's technology portfolio. Apart from the above, no other material events occurred that have adversely impacted the affairs of the Company.

Change in the Nature of Business

There was no change in the nature of business of the Company during the year. The Company continues to be engaged in the design, development, manufacturing and supply of automotive lighting systems.

During the year under review, the Company earned:

Net Revenue from Sale of Products: ₹4,571.12 million

Revenue from Sale of Services: ₹484.11 million

Other Operating Revenue: ₹65.52 million

Other Income: ₹17.15 million (interest income, write-back of provisions, lease adjustments, and fair value gains on investments).

Accordingly, the Total Comprehensive Income for FY 2024–25 stood at ₹521.79 million, as against ₹190.41 million in the previous year, underscoring the Company's strong growth momentum.

Material Changes and Commitments Affecting the Financial Position of the Company

There have been no material changes and commitments, affecting the financial position of the Company, which have occurred between the end of the financial year March 31, 2025 and the date of this Report. The Company continues to operate in a stable environment, and there have been no significant external or internal events, including technical, legal or financial matters, strikes, lockouts or breakdowns, which may have a bearing on the business or operations of the Company. Accordingly, no remedial measures were required to be undertaken by the Board.

Revision of Financial Statements or the Report

The Company has not revised its financial statements or the Report in respect of any of the three preceding financial years, either voluntarily or pursuant to an order of any judicial authority.

4. DIVIDEND

In accordance with Section 134(3)(k) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Board reports that no dividend has been declared for the year under review.

5. TRANSFER TO RESERVES

During the year under review, the Board has not transferred any amount to reserves pursuant to Section 134(3)(j) of the Act.

6. CAPITAL AND DEBT STRUCTURE

During the financial year ended March 31, 2025, there has been no change in the authorised, issued, subscribed and paid-up share capital of the Company. The Company has not undertaken any reclassification or sub-division of authorised share capital, reduction of share capital, buy-back of shares, or restructuring of its capital structure, nor has there been any change in the voting rights of shareholders.

The Company has not issued any equity shares, preference shares, or other convertible securities during the year. No equity shares with differential rights, sweat equity shares, employee stock options, or shares held in trust for the benefit of employees were issued or outstanding during the year under review.

Further, the Company has not issued any debentures, bonds, non-convertible securities, or warrants, and has not raised any funds by way of preferential allotment, private placement, or public issue during the financial year. Accordingly, there are no disclosures required in respect of issue price, conversion terms, coupon rate, maturity dates, or any other related conditions.

Loans and Borrowings: The details of loans and borrowings of the Company may be referred to in Schedule 14 and Schedule 20 of the Financial Statements.

7. CREDIT RATING OF SECURITIES

During the financial year ended March 31, 2025, the Company has not obtained any credit rating in respect of its securities, as no rated instruments were issued during the year.

8. INVESTOR EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND (IEPF)

During the financial year ended March 31, 2025, the Company was not required to transfer any amount or shares to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF). As on the date of this Report, there is no unclaimed/unpaid dividend, matured deposits, matured debentures, redemption amount of preference shares, application money due for refund, or sale proceeds of fractional shares lying with the Company that are liable to be transferred to the IEPF. No donations or other amounts were transferred to the IEPF during the year.

9. DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

As on March 31, 2025, the Board of Directors of the Company comprised:

Mr. Rajesh Jain - Managing Director

Ms. Vaishali Jain - Director

Mr. Wilhelm Franz Xaver Steger - Nominee Director (ZKW Group GmbH)

The Key Managerial Personnel of the Company are:

Mr. Arun Kumar Jain - Company Secretary

There were no changes in the composition of the Board of Directors or Key Managerial Personnel during the financial year under review except the following

Changes in Directors and Key Managerial Personnel

After the close of the financial year, the following changes took place in the composition of the Board of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company:

Mr. Rajesh Jain was appointed as the Managing Director of the Company with effect from 16th September 2025. Mr. Arun Kumar Jain resigned from the office of Company Secretary with effect from the close of business hours on 16th September 2025 and was designated as Chief Financial Officer of the Company with effect from 17th September 2025. Mr. Brajesh Kumar Tiwary was appointed as the Company Secretary of the Company with effect from 17th September 2025. Further, Mr. Won Yong Hwang was appointed as an Additional Director with effect from 19th September 2025, while Mr. Wilhelm Franz Xaver Steger resigned from the office of Director with effect from 19th September 2025.

Independent Directors

The requirement relating to appointment of Independent Directors under Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, related disclosures are not required.

Declaration of Independence and Code of Conduct

Since the provisions relating to Independent Directors are not applicable to the Company, this disclosure is not required.

Meetings of the Board

During FY 2024–25, the Board met four times i.e., on 29-05-2024, 24-09-2024, 13-12-2024 and 14-01-2025. The maximum interval between any two meetings did not exceed the statutory limit prescribed under Section 173 of the Act.

Attendance of Directors:

| NAME OF DIRECTOR | MEETINGS HELD | MEETINGS ATTENDED |
|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| MR. RAJESH JAIN | 4 | 4 |
| MS. VAISHALI JAIN | 4 | 1 |

| NAME OF DIRECTOR | MEETINGS HELD | MEETINGS ATTENDED |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| MR. WILHELM FRANZ XAVER STEGER | 4 | 4 |

Committees of the Board

The Company has constituted Committees of the Board in compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, as set out below:

(a) Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee

Pursuant to Section 135 of the Act, the Company has constituted a CSR Committee comprising:

Mr. Rajesh Jain - Chairperson

Ms. Vaishali Jain - Member

The Committee met during the year and monitored the implementation of the Company's CSR Policy. The annual report on CSR activities undertaken during FY 2024–25 forms part of this Report as Annexure B

(b) Vigil Mechanism/Whistle Blower Policy

In terms of Section 177(9) of the Act, the Company has established a Vigil Mechanism for Directors and employees to report genuine concerns. The Vigil Mechanism/Whistle Blower Policy provides adequate safeguards against victimisation and is available on the website of the Company at Whistle Blower Policy.

(c) Other Committees

The provisions relating to constitution of an Audit Committee, Nomination & Remuneration Committee, and Stakeholders' Relationship Committee under the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, related disclosures are not required.

Audit Committee Recommendations

Since the requirement of constituting an Audit Committee is not applicable to the Company, this disclosure is not required.

Policy on Appointment and Remuneration of Directors

The requirement of formulating and disclosing a policy on Directors' appointment and remuneration under Section 178 of the Act is not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, related disclosures are not required.

Board Evaluation

The provisions of formal evaluation of the Board, its Committees and individual Directors under Section 134(3)(p) of the Act are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, no such evaluation has been carried out.

Remuneration of Directors and Employees

The disclosures relating to remuneration of Directors and employees under Section 197 of the Act and Rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, related disclosures are not required.

10. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR)

The Company's CSR initiatives and activities are aligned to the requirements of Section 135 of the Act. A brief outline of the CSR policy and the initiatives undertaken by the Company on CSR activities during the year under review are set out in Annexure B of this report in the format prescribed in the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014. This Policy is available on the Company's website at Microsoft Word - CSR Policy_Neolite.docx

11. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

All related party transactions entered into by the Company during FY 2024–25 were in the ordinary course of business and on an arm's length basis. No material related party transactions requiring approval under Section 188 of the Act were entered into during the year. The particulars of related party transactions, in the prescribed Form AOC–2, are annexed as Annexure A.

12. DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, your Directors hereby confirm that:

- a) in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- (b) the directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the financial year and of the profit and loss of the company for that period;
- (c) the directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- (d) the directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis; and
- (e) the directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

13. INTERNAL AUDIT AND INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

Pursuant to Section 138 of the Act, the Company has appointed M/sPramod Harish and Associates, Chartered Accountants, as the Internal Auditor. The Internal Auditor reports directly to the Board. The Board confirms that adequate internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements were in place and operating effectively during FY 2024–25.

14. FRAUDS REPORTED BY THE AUDITORS

During the year under review, there were no instances of fraud reported by the Statutory Auditor, or Cost Auditor of the Company under Section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 to the Board of Directors or to the Central Government.

15. DISCLOSURES RELATING TO SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES

The Company does not have any subsidiary, associate or joint venture company as on March 31, 2025, nor has any company become or ceased to be a subsidiary, associate or joint venture during the year under review and till the date of this Report.

16. DETAILS OF DEPOSITS

During the year under review, the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public or its members within the meaning of Sections 73 and 76 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder. Accordingly, there were no deposits remaining unpaid or unclaimed as at March 31, 2025, nor has there been any default in repayment of deposits or payment of interest thereon during the year. Company has also not accepted any deposits in contravention of the provisions of the Act and no orders have been passed by NCLT/NCLAT relating to deposits.

17 PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES AND INVESTMENTS

During the year under review, the Company has not given any loans, provided any guarantees, or made any investments falling within the purview of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.

18. RISK MANAGEMENT

In accordance with Section 134(3)(n) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company has developed and implemented a Risk Management Policy which provides for identification, assessment, mitigation and monitoring of various business risks, including financial, operational, compliance and strategic risks. The Policy also identifies elements of risk, if any, which, in the opinion of the Board, may threaten the existence of the Company.

19. WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY / VIGIL MECHANISM

The Board has adopted a Whistle Blower Policy to strengthen corporate governance. The policy provides a mechanism for reporting genuine concerns relating to unethical behaviour or violation of Company's policies, No complaints were received under this mechanism during FY 2024–25.

20. DISCLOSURE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013

The Company has complied with the provisions relating to the constitution of Internal Complaints Committee under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013. During the year under review, the number of complaints of sexual harassment received was NIL; the number of complaints disposed of during the year was NIL; and the number of cases pending for more than ninety days was NIL

21. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE

Pursuant to Rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the particulars in respect of conservation of energy, technology absorption, research & development and foreign exchange earnings and outgo form part of this Report as Annexure C.

22. COST RECORDS

The Company has maintained cost records as specified under Section 148(1) of the Act and such accounts and records are duly maintained.

23. AUDITORS

Statutory Auditors

M/s. V Sachdeva & Associates, Chartered Accountants, were appointed as the Statutory Auditors of the Company at the 30th Annual General Meeting ("AGM") for a term of five consecutive years, to hold office until the conclusion of the 35th AGM. They have conducted the statutory audit of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025. The Auditors' Report is annexed to the financial statements and forms part of this Annual Report. The report does not contain any qualification, reservation, or adverse remark. Further, during FY 2024–25, the Statutory Auditors have not reported any incident of fraud under Section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013.

Internal Auditors

The Company has appointed M/s. Pramod Harish and Associates, Chartered Accountants, as Internal Auditors for FY 2024–25. The Internal Auditors periodically report their findings on the adequacy and effectiveness of internal controls to the management, and their observations have been placed before the Board.

Cost Auditors.

In accordance with Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company has maintained cost records and appointed M/s. V.K. Gupta & Co., Cost Accountants, as the Cost Auditors of the Company for FY 2024–25. The Cost Audit Report will be filed with the Central Government within the prescribed timelines.

Secretarial Auditor

Pursuant to Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013, secretarial Audit is not applicable to the Company.

24. EXPLANATIONS IN RESPONSE TO AUDITOR'S QUALIFICATION

The Statutory Auditor, in their report for the financial year ended 31st March, 2025, has not made any qualification.

Qualification: NIL

Board's Response: Not required

Further, there were no qualifications, reservations or adverse remarks made by the Cost Auditor or the Internal Auditor in their respective reports for FY 2024–25.

25. FAILURE TO IMPLEMENT ANY CORPORATE ACTION

During the year under review, the Company has not failed to complete or implement any corporate action within the prescribed time limits. No instances relating to buy-back of securities, payment of dividend, mergers, de-mergers, delisting, split or issue of any securities remained pending or unimplemented during the year.

26. MATERIAL ORDERS OF JUDICIAL BODIES / REGULATORS

During the year under review and up to the date of this Report, no significant or material orders have been passed by any Regulator, Court, Tribunal, Statutory or quasi-judicial authority which impact the going concern status of the Company or its future operations.

27. INSOLVENCY AND BANKRUPTCY CODE / ONE-TIME SETTLEMENT

No application was made or proceeding initiated against the Company under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016, nor was any one-time settlement entered into with banks or financial institutions during the year.

28. SECRETARIAL STANDARDS

The Board confirms compliance with the applicable provisions of Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

29 ONE-TIME SETTLEMENT AND VALUATION

The details of the difference between the amount of valuation done at the time of one-time settlement and the valuation done while taking loan from Banks or Financial Institutions, along with the reasons thereof, are NIL as no such valuation has taken place

30 DISCLOSURE MATERNITY BENEFITS ACT, 1961

The Company hereby states that it has complied with the provisions relating to the Maternity Benefits Act, 1961, during the year under review.

31. OTHER DISCLOSURES

- (a) The Company is not required to prepare Consolidated Financial Statements since it does not have any subsidiary, associate or joint venture. Accordingly, only the Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2025 are being presented.
- (b) During the year, the Company continued to focus on stakeholder engagement, customer relationship management, and sustainability. Key initiatives included strengthening long-term customer partnerships, enhancing product quality, ensuring compliance with environment and safety standards, and undertaking Corporate Social

Responsibility (CSR) projects in education, healthcare, and environmental sustainability. The Company also implemented measures to promote occupational health and workplace safety across all its facilities.

- (c) There has been no delay in holding the Annual General Meeting of the Company for the financial year 2024-25.
- (d) Pursuant to Section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Central Government has prescribed the maintenance of cost records for certain products of the Company. Accordingly, the Company has duly maintained such cost records and accounts for the year ended March 31, 2025.

32. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Your Directors place on record their appreciation for the continued support and cooperation received from shareholders, customers, suppliers, bankers, financial institutions, employees and all other stakeholders during the year.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Neolite ZKW Lightings Private Limited

Rajesh Jain Managing Director

DIN: 01481291

Vai≴hali jain Director

DIN: 01481308

Place:

Date:

Annexure A

FORM ADC-2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the Company with related parties are referred to in the Financial Statements - Note 39 | All the transactions were in the ordinary course of business and on an arm's length basis. No material transactions requiring approval of the shareholders were entered into during the year.

Annexure B

Annual Report on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Activities

[Pursuant to Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 8 of the Companies (CSR Policy) Rules, 2014]

Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company:

The Company has a CSR Policy in place, duly approved by the Board of Directors, in line with the provisions of Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013. The Policy lays down the guiding principles for selection, implementation and monitoring of CSR activities, with focus on education, healthcare, environmental sustainability, rural development and other activities specified in Schedule VII. The CSR Policy is available on the Company's website at: Microsoft Word - CSR Policy_Neolite.docx

Composition of CSR Committee:

| S NO. | NAME OF DIRECT- ,OR | DESIGNATION | MEETINGS HELD | MEETINGS ATTEN- DED |
|-------|------------------------|-------------|---------------|------------------------|
| 1 | Mr. Rajesh Jain | Chairman | 2 | 2 |
| 2 | Ms. Vaishali Jain | Member | 2 | 2 |

The web-link(s) where Composition of CSR Committee, CSR Policy and CSR Projects approved by the board are disclosed on the website of the company: neolitezkw.pdf

- **4.** Provide the executive summary along with web-link(s) of Impact Assessment of CSR Projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rale 8, if applicable.: NA
- (a) Average net profit of the company as per sub-section (5) of section 135.: Rs. 251millions

Two percent of average net profit of the company as per sub-section (5) of section 135.: Rs. 5.02millions

Surplus arising out of the CSR Projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years.: NA

Amount required to be set-off for the financial year, if any.: NA

Total CSR obligation for the financial year [(b)+(c)-(d): Rs. 5.02millions

6.(a) Amount spent on CSR Projects (both Ongoing Project and other than Ongoing Project).: Rs. 5.02millions

(b) Amount spent in Administrative Overheads.NIL

(c.) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable.: NA

Total amount spent for the Financial Year [(a)+(b)+(e)]. Rs. 5.02millions

CSR amount spent or unspent for the Financial Year:Rs. 5.02millions, unspent NIL

| TOTAL AMOUNT SPENT FOR THE FINAN- CIAL YEAR. (IN RS.) | AMOUNT. | DATE OF TRANSFER. | NAME OF THE FUND | AMOUNT. | DATE OF TRANSFER. |
|---|---------|----------------------|---------------------|---------|----------------------|
| NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |

(f) Excess amount for set-off, if any;

| ŞL. NO. | PARTICULAR | AMOUNT (IN RS.) MILLION |
|---------|---|-------------------------|
| (1). | (2) | (3) |
| | Two percent of average net profit of the company as per sub-section (5) of section 135 | 5.02 |
| | Total amount spent for the Financial Year | 5.02 |
| | Excess amount spent for the Financial Year (iii)- i)) | NA |
| | Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous Financial Years, if any | NA |
| | Amount available for set off in succeeding Financial Years [(iii)-(iv)] | NA |

7. Details of Unspent Corporate Social Responsibility amount for the preceding three Financial Years:

| SL. NO. | PRECED- ING FIN- ANCIAL YEAR(S) | AMOUNT TRANS- FERRED TO UN- SPENT CSR AC- COUNT UNDER SUB- SECTION (6) OF SECTION 135 (IN RS.) | BALANCE AMOUNT IN UN- SPENT CSR AC- COUNT UNDER SUB- SECTION (6) OF SECTION 135 (IN RS.) | AMOUNT SPENT IN THE FIN- ANCIAL YEAR (IN RS) | FERRED T AS SPEC DER SCH AS PER PROVISO SECTION | IT TRANS- FO A FUND IFIED UN- IEDULE VII SECOND D TO SUB- (5) OF SEC- 5, IF ANY | AMOUNT REMAIN- ING TO BE SPENT IN SUC- CEEDING FINAN- CIAL YEARS (IN RS) | DELICIE NCY. IF ANY |
|---------------|--|---|--|---|--|--|---|---------------------------|
| in the second | | | | | Amount (in Rs) | Date of Transfer | | |
| FY-) | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| FY-2 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| FY - 3 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |

8. Whether any capital assets have been created or acquired through Corporate Social Responsibility amount sent in the Financial Year:

No

If Yes, enter the number of Capital assets created/ acquired: NA

Furnish the details relating to such asset(s) so created or acquired through Corporate Social Responsibility amount spent in the Financial Year:

| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | | (6) | |
|---------|--|---|---------------------|-------------------------------------|--|------|----------------------------|
| SL. NO. | SHORT PARTICU- LARS OF THE PROP- ERTY OR ASSET(S). [INCLUD- ING COM- PLETE ADDRESS AND LOC- ATION OF THE PROP- ERTY] | PINCODE OF THE PROPERTY OR AS- SET(S) | DATE OF CREATION | AMOUNT OF CSR AMOUNT SPENT | CSR REGIS- TRATION NUMBER. IF APPLIC- ABLE | NAME | RE- GISTERED ADDRESS |
| NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |

(All the fields should be captured as appearing in the revenue record, flat no, house no, Municipal Office/Municipal Corporation/ Gram panchayat are to be specified and also the area of the immovable property as well as boundaries)

9. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per subsection (5) of section 135.: NA

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Rajesh Jain Managing Director DIN: 01481291

Director DIN: 01481308

Annexure C

Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption and Foreign Exchange Earnings & Outgo

[Pursuant to Rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014]

A. Conservation of Energy

The Company continues to adopt energy efficient practices across its manufacturing facilities and offices. Steps taken include use of LED lighting, energy-efficient machinery, and regular energy audits to identify saving opportunities.

| PARTICULARS | DETAILS |
|---|---|
| STEPS TAKEN FOR ENERGY CONSERVATION | Use of energy-efficient equipment, automation, and LED lighting |
| STEPS TAKEN FOR UTILIZING ALTERNATE SOURCES OF ENERGY | Solar panels installed at plant, procurement of green energy where feasible |

B. Technology Absorption

Efforts made towards technology absorption, adaptation and innovation include:

| PARTICULARS | DETAILS |
|------------------------------------|---|
| EFFORTS MADE | Inhouse |
| BENEFITS DERIVED | Improved product quality, reduced defects, enhanced customer satisfaction |
| IMPÓRTED TECHNOLOGY (LAST 3 YEARS) | NIL |

C. Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo

| PARTICULARS | FY 2024-25 (₹ IN MILLIONS) | FY 2023-24 (₹ IN MILLIONS) |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS | NIL | NIL |
| FOREIGN EXCHANGE OUTGO | NJL | NIL |